

M-8485Se Standard OEM Print Engine



Service Manual

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The information supplied in this manual was current at time of publication. If you come across procedures that need clarification or find errors or have suggestions contact us at qc@satoamerica.com

Warning: This equipment complies with the requirements in Part 15 of FCC rules for a Class B computing device. Operation of this equipment in a residential area may cause unacceptable interference to radio and TV reception requiring the operator to take whatever steps are necessary to correct the interference.

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1

Overview and Specifications

1.1 Overview

The SATO M-8485Se Service Manual provides information for installing and maintaining M-8485Se Thermal Transfer Print Engines. Step-by-step maintenance instructions are included in this manual with typical problems and solutions. It is recommended that you become familiar with each section in this manual before installing and maintaining the printer.

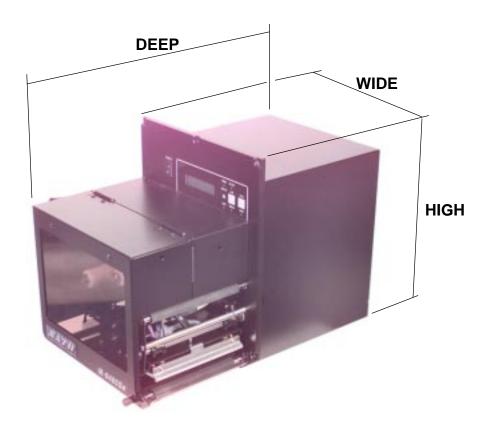
The SATO M-8485Se Print Engines are designed to be integrated into high performance on-site labeling systems. All printer parameters are user programmable, using front panel controls and DIP switches. All popular bar codes and 14 human-readable fonts, including a vector font, are resident in memory providing literally thousands of type styles and sizes.

The M-8485Se with its 203 dpi head provides an economical labeling solution for most applications. It will print on labels from 1 inch wide x .25 inches long to 5.25 inches wide x 14 inches long using internal memory. Labels up to 5.25 inches wide x 49.2 inches long can be printed by installing a PCMCIA memory card option. The maximum print width is 5.0 inches.

The sections in this manual cover the following:

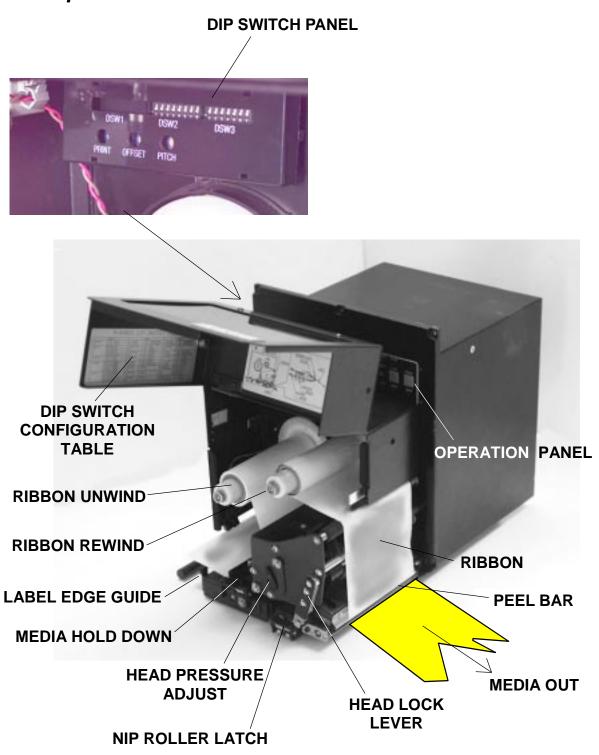
- Section 1. Overview and Specifications
- Section 2. Configuration
- Section 3. Interface Specifications
- Section 4. Electrical Checks and Adjustments
- Section 5. Mechanical Adjustments
- Section 6. Replacement Procedures
- Section 7. Factory Resets
- Section 8. Troubleshooting
- Section 9. Optional Accessories
- Section 10. Parts list

1.2 Dimensions and Power Requirements

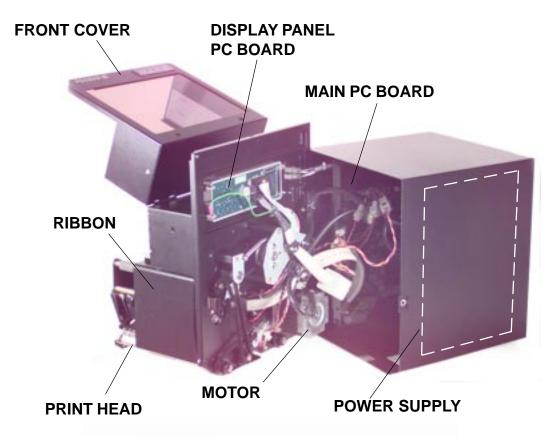


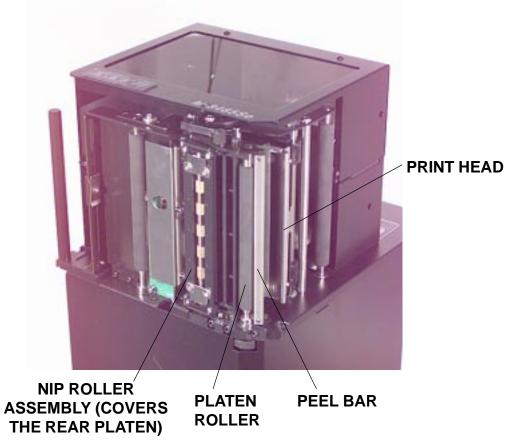
SPECIFICATION	M-8485Se	
DIMENSIONS		
Wide	10.4 in. (264 mm)	
Deep	16.1 in. (410 mm)	
High	11.8 in. (300 mm)	
Weight	25.0 lbs (11.34 Kg)	
POWER REQUIREMENTS		
Voltage	115 - 220 V (+/- 10%) 50/60 Hz (+/- 1%)	
Power Consumption	50W Idle 700W Operating	

1.3 Components



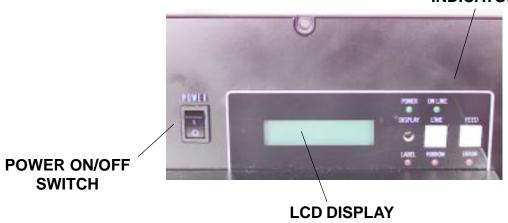
Components





1.4 Operation Panel

CONTROL KEYS & INDICATORS



OPERATION PANEL

LCD Display	2 Line x 16 Character display
LABEL LED	Illuminated when label is out
RIBBON LED	Illuminated when ribbon is out

ERROR LED Illuminated when errors have occurred ON-LINE LED Illuminated when printer is On-Line

LINE KEY Switches the printer On-Line or Off-Line. Can also be used

as a Pause function key to stop label during the printing

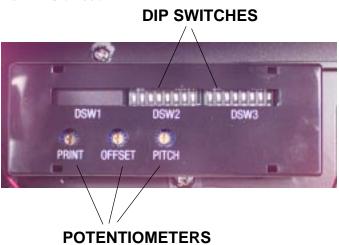
process.

FEED KEY Feeds one blank label

1.5 Dip Switch Panel

The DIP Switch panel is located under the front lid and contains two 8-position DIP switches and three adjustment potentiometers. Adjustment procedures for these are listed in Section 2, Configuration.

DSW1 is located on RS232C I/O Card if installed.



1.6 Input/Output Connections (Rear Panel)

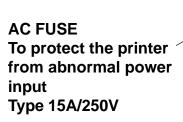


EXT CONNECTOR
An external signal connector for interfacing with the label applicator system. Use the cable provided.

COVERS OPTIONAL
MEMORY PCB BOARD
For PCMCIA Memory Card

INTERFACE SLOT For Plug-In Interface Modules

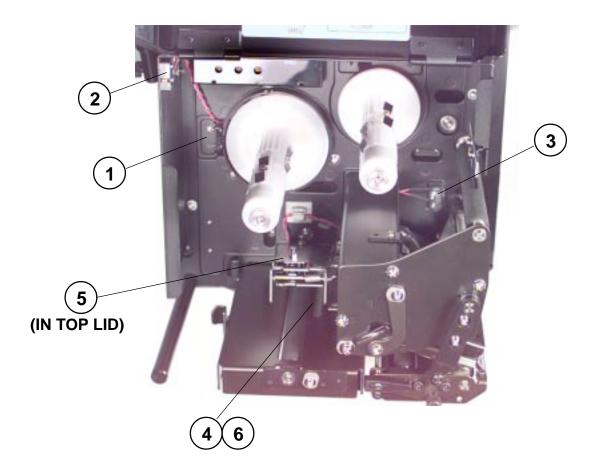
SERVICE BOARD For electrical checks and adjustments





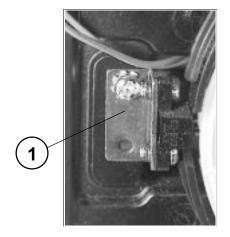
AC POWER CONNECTOR
To AC Line - Use the
power cable provided

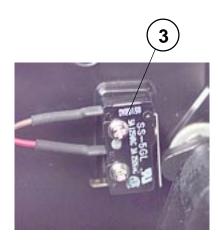
1.7 Switches and Sensors

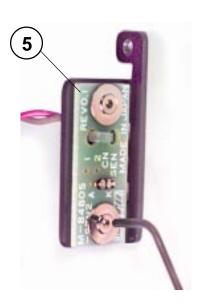


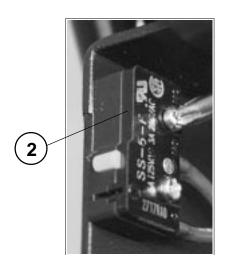
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	REFER SECTION
1	Ribbon Motion Sensor	Section 6-11
2	Cover Open Switch	Section 6-12
3	Head Open Switch	Section 6-13
4	Label Gap (Bot 1/2) & "Eye-Mark" Sensors	Section 6-14
5	Label Gap (Top 1/2)	Section 6-15
6	Label Out Sensor	Section 6-17

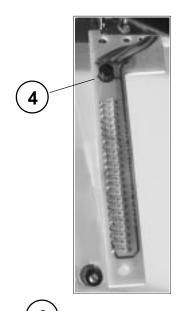
Switches and Sensors







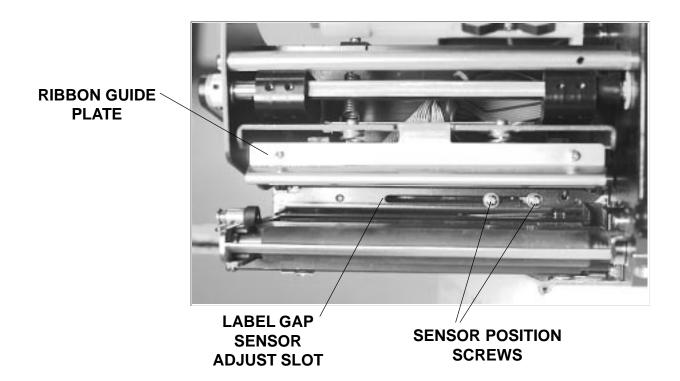






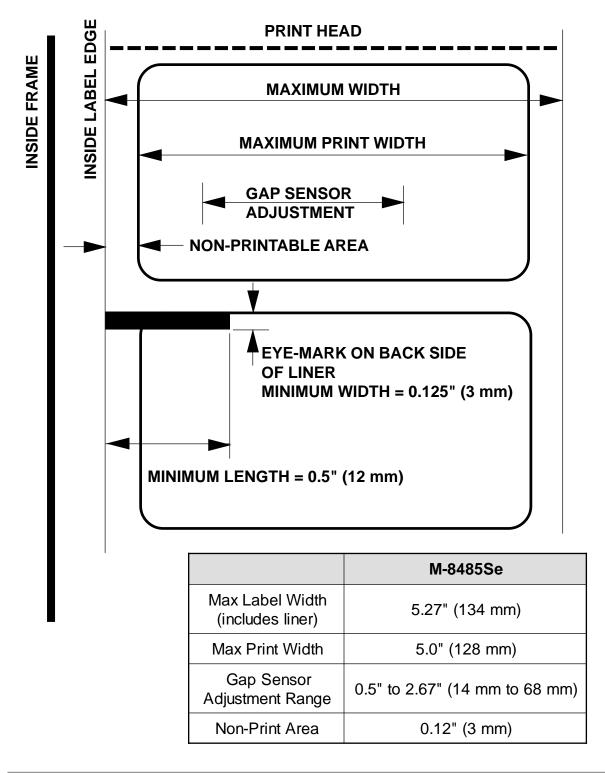
1.8 Adjusting the Label Sensor

The label gap (transmissive) sensor can be positioned over a limited range. The movable sensor assembly is mounted on the Label Hold Down and is held in position by two screws. To adjust the position of the sensor, both screws must be loosened and the sensor moved to the desired position in the slot and then the screws retightened. Adjustments to compensate for different liner opacity are done with the LCD panel.



Adjusting the Label Sensor

The M-8485Se printers can position labels using either a label gap (transmissive) or an "Eye-Mark" (reflective) sensor. The sensor used is selected by DSW2-2. The gap sensor position can be adjusted over a limited range. In addition, the signals from the sensors can be adjusted using the LCD panel to compensate for different liner opacities and/or "Eye-Mark" reflectance values.



1.9 Ribbon

Use only SATO thermal transfer ribbons which were formulated expressly for use in all SATO printers. Use of other than approved ribbons may result unsatisfactory print quality and/or damage to the print head and may void your warranty.

1.10 Installation Considerations

Printer operation can be affected by the printer environment. The location of the printer should be free from dust, humidity and sudden vibrations. To obtain optimum results from the printer module, avoid locations influenced by:

- Direct or bright sunlight since bright light will make the label sensor less responsive and may cause the label to be sensed incorrectly.
- Excessive warm or cold temperatures can cause electrical problems within the printer. (See Section 3- Specifications).

1.11 General Printer Specifications

SPECIFICATION	M-8485Se	
PRINT		
Method	Direct or Thermal Transfer	
Speed (User Selectable)	4 to 12 ips 100 to 300 mm/s	
Print Module (Dot Size)	.0049 in. .125 mm	
Resolution	203 dpi 8 dpmm	
Maximum Print Width	5.0 in. 128 mm 1024 dots	
Maximum Print Length	49.2 in. 1249 mm	
MEDIA		
Minimum Width	1.0 in. (25 mm)	
Minimum Length	.25 in. (6 mm)	
Maximum Width	5.25 in 134 mm	
Туре	Die Cut Labels, Fan-Folded or Continuous	
Maximum Caliper	.010 in. (.25 mm)	
Max Unwind Torque	8.8 lbs (4 Kg) with 5 in. wide labels	
Backing Paper Rewind Tension	400g or less	
LABEL SENSING		
Transimissive See-Thru	Adjustable	
Reflective "Eye-Mark"	Fixed	
RIBBON		
Maximum Width	5.25 in 134 mm	
Length	1968 ft (600 M)	
Thickness	4.5 micron, Face in Wind	

General Printer Specifications

SPECIFICATION	M-8485Se	
ENVIRONMENTAL		
Operating Temperature	41° to 104° F (5° to 40° C)	
Storage Temperature	0° to 104° F (-20° to 40° C)	
Operating Humidity	15-85% RH, non-condensing	
Storage Humidity	Max 90% RH, non-condensing	
Electrostatic Discharge	8KV	
REGULATORY APPROVALS		
Safety	UL, CSA,CE, TUV	
RFI/EMI	FCC Class A	
CONFIGURATION		
Left to Right Hand Label Feed	Yes	
Right to Left Hand Label Feed	Yes	

General Printer Specifications

SPECIFICATION	M-8485Se	
CONTROLS AND SIGNALS		
On-Line	LED	
Power	LED	
Label	LED	
Ribbon	LED	
Error	LED	
LCD Panel	2 Line x 16 Character	
On/Off-LineSwitch	Front Panel	
Label Feed Switch	Front Panel	
Power On/Off Switch	Front Panel	
POTENTIOMETER ADJUSTMEN	NTS	
Print Darkness	Inside Panel	
Pitch	Inside Panel	
Offset	Inside Panel	
Display	Front Panel	
INTERFACE CONNECTIONS (1)		
Parallel	IEEE1284	
Serial	RS232C (9600 to 57.6 Kbps) RS422/485 (9600 to 57.6 Kbps)	
Serial Protocol	Hardware Flow Control (Ready/Busy) Software Flow Control (X-On/X-Off) Bi-directional	
Ethernet	10/100BaseT	
Universal Serial Bus	USB Ver 1.1	
PROCESSING		
CPU	32 Bit RISC	
Flash ROM	2 MB	
SDRAM	16 MByte	
Receive Buffer	2.95 MB	
Optional Flash ROM	4 MB	
Optional PCMCIA Memory	16 MB Flash or 4 MB SRAM	

(1) Plug-In Interface Modules

1.12 Character Fonts

SPECIFICATION	M-8485Se	
MATRIX FONTS		
U Font	(5 dots W x 9 dots H)	
S Font	(8 dots W x 15 dots H)	
M Font	(13 dots W x 20 dots H)	
XU Font	(5 dots W x 9 dots H) Helvetica	
XS Font	(17 dots W x 17 dots H) Univers Condensed Bold	
XM Font	(24 dots W x 24 dots H) Univers Condensed Bold	
OA Font	(15 dots W x 22 dots H) OCR-A	
OB Font	(20 dots W x 24 dots H) OCR-B	
AUTO SMOOTHING FONTS		
WB	WB Font (18 dots W x 30 dots H)	
WL	WL Font (28 dots W x 52 dots H)	
ХВ	XL Font (48 dots W x 48 dots H) Univers Condensed Bold	
XL	XL Font (48 dots W x 48 dots H) Sans Serif	
VECTOR FONT		
	Proportional or Fixed Spacing Font Size 50 x 50 dots to 999 x 999 dots Helvetica, 10 Font Variations	
AGFA [®] RASTER FONTS		
A Font	CG Times, 8 to 72 pt	
B Font	CG Triumvirate, 8 to 72 pt	
DOWNLOADABLE FONTS		
	TrueType Fonts with Utility Program	
CHARACTER CONTROL		
	Expansion up to 12X in either the X or Y coordinates Character Pitch control Line Space control Journal Print facility 0°, 90°,180° and 270° Rotation	

1.13 Bar Codes and Other Features

SPECIFICATION	M-8485Se	
SYMBOLOGIES		
	Bookland (UPC/EAN Supplemental EAN-8, EAN-13 CODABAR Code 39 Code 93 Code 128 Interleaved 2 of 5 Industrial 2 of 5 Matrix 2 of 5 MSI POSTNET UCC/EAN-128 UPC-A and UPC-E Data Matrix Maxicode PDF417 Micro PDF Truncated PDF	
Ratios	QR Code 1:2, 1:3, 2:5 User definable bar widths	
Bar Height	4 to 600 dots, User programmable	
Rotation	0°, 90°, 180° and 270°	
OTHER FEATURES		
Sequential Numbering	Sequential numbering of both numerics and bar codes	
Custom Characters	RAM storage for special characters	
Graphics	Full dot addressable graphics SATO Hex/Binary, .BMP or .PCX formats	
Form Overlay	Form overlay or high-speed editing of complex formats	
Real Time Clock	Date/Time clock for stamping labels at print time	

1.14 Optional Accessories

ACCESSORY	M-8485Se
MEMORY EXPANSION	PCMCIA Memory Cards (up to 16MB Flash or 4MB SRAM) and 8MB Flash ROM. Can be used for Graphic File storage, print buffer expansion, format storage and downloaded TrueType fonts.
FACE-OUT LABEL SENSOR	Top-mounted sensor for reflective "Eye-Marks" printed on the face of the label.

2

Configuration

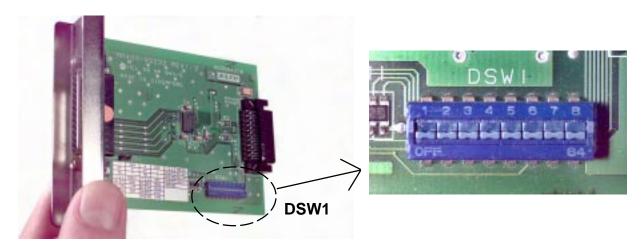
2.1 Dip Switch Settings

Two DIP switches (DSW2 & DSW3) are located inside the cover. These switches can be used to set:

- Thermal transfer or direct thermal mode
- Head Check Mode
- Hex Dump Mode
- Label sensor enable/disable
- Single Job or Multi-Job Receive Buffer
- Operation Mode



In addition, a third DIP switch (DSW1) is located on the RS232 Serial Adapter card and is used to set the RS232C transmit/receive parameters.

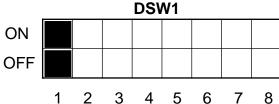


Each switch is an eight section toggle switch. The On position is always to the top. To set the switches, first power the unit Off, then position the DIP switches. Finally after placing the switches in the desired positions, power the printer back on. The switch settings are read by the printer electronics during the power-up sequence. They will not become effective until the power is cycled.

RS232 Transmit/Receive Setting (Located on RS232 I/F Module)

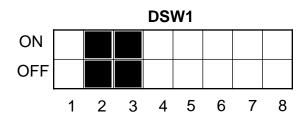
Data Bit Selection (DSW1-1): This switch sets the printer to receive either 7 or 8 data bits for each byte transmitted.

DSW1-1	SETTING
Off	8 data bits
On	7 data bits



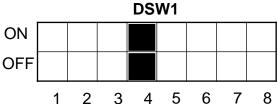
<u>Parity</u> Selection (DSW1-2, DSW1-3): These switches select the type of parity used for error detection.

DSW1-2	DSW1-3	SETTING
Off	Off	Disabled
Off	On	Even
On	Off	Odd
On	Off	Not Used



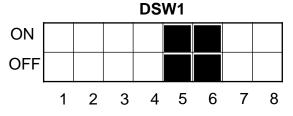
Stop Bit Selection (DSW1-4): Selects the number of stop bits to end each byte transmission.

DSW1-4	SETTING
Off	1 Stop Bit
On	2 Stop Bits



Baud Rate Selection (DSW1-5, DSW1-6): Selects the data rate (bps) for the RS232 port.

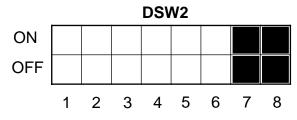
DSW1-5	DSW1-6	SETTING
Off	Off	9600
Off	On	19200
On	Off	38400
On	On	57600



<u>Protocol</u> Selection (DSW1-7, DSW1-8): Selects the flow control and status reporting protocols.

(* Will select protocol for M-8400 if DSW2-8 is ON)

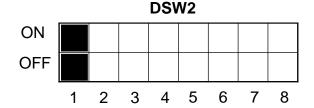
DSW1-7	DSW1-8	SETTING
Off	Off	Rdy/Bsy
Off	On	Xon/Xoff
On	Off	Bi-Com 3
On	On	Bi-Com 4



Dip Switch Settings Printer Set up

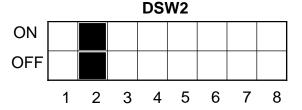
Print Mode Selection (DSW2-1): Selects between direct thermal printing on thermally sensitive paper and thermal transfer printing using a ribbon.

DSW2-1	SETTING
Off	Therm Xfr
On	Direct Therm



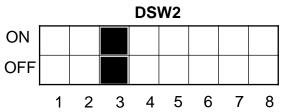
Sensor Type Selection (DSW2-2): Selects between the use of a label gap or a reflective Eye-Mark.

DSW2-2	SETTING
Off	Gap
On	Eye-Mark



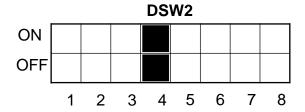
Head Check Selection (DSW2-3): When selected, the printer will check for head elements that are electrically malfunctioning.

DSW2-3	SETTING
Off	Disable
On	Enable



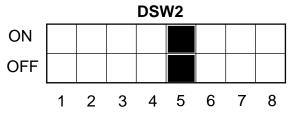
Hex Dump Selection (DSW2-4): Selects Hex Dump mode.

DSW2-4	SETTING
Off	Disable
On	Enable



Receive Buffer Selection (DSW2-5): Selects the operating mode of the receive buffer. See Section 3: Interface Specifications for more information.

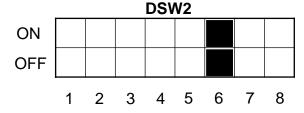
DSW2-5	SETTING
Off	Single Job
On	Multi-Job



For more information about the cause of troubleshooting printer errors, see Section 8, Troubleshooting.

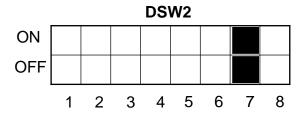
Firmware Download (**DSW2-6**): Places the printer in the Firmware Download mode for downloading new firmware into flash ROM.

DSW2-6	SETTING
Off	Disabled
On	Enabled



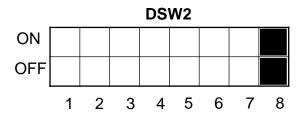
<u>Protocol Code</u> **Selection** (**DSW2-7**): Selects the command codes used for protocol control.

DSW2-7	SETTING
Off	Standard
On	Non-Std.



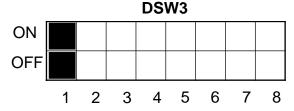
M8400S Emulation Mode (DSW2-8): For emulating earlier series software commands. Should be used only if problems are encountered when using existing software. This switch will also affect the setttings selected by DSW1-7 and DSW1-8.

DSW2-8	SETTING
Off	Disabled
On	Enabled

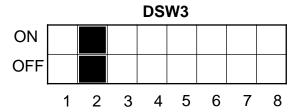


Backfeed Sequence Selection (**DSW3-1**): Backfeed is used to correctly position the label for application and then retract the next label to the proper print position. This operation can be performed immediately after a label is printed and used, or immediately prior to the printing of the next label.

DSW3-1	SETTING
Off	Before
On	After

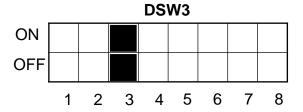


Reserved for Future Use (DSW3-2):



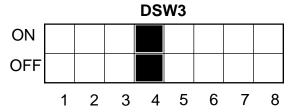
<u>Label Sensor</u> Selection (DSW3-3): Enables or disables the Label Pitch sensor. If the sensor is enabled, it will detect the edge of the label and position it automatically. If it is disabled, the positioning must be under software control using Line Feed commands.

DSW3-3	SETTING
Off	Sensor Used
On	Not Used



<u>Back-Feed</u> Selection (DSW3-4): When Back-Feed is enabled, the printer will position the label for dispensing and retract it before printing the next label. The amount of backfeed is adjustable.

DSW3-4	SETTING
Off	Enabled
On	Disabled

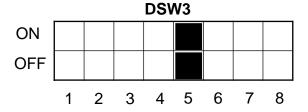


External Signal Interface

See Section 3: Interface Specifications for information on External Signals.

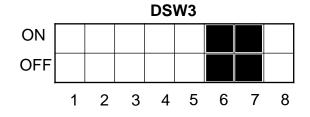
EXT Print Start Signal Selection (DSW3-5): Allows an external device to initiate a label print for synchronization with the applicator. See Section 3: Interface Specifications for a description of the signal level and requirements. When DSW3-5 is On, the unit is in the Continuous print mode, Backfeed is disabled an External Signals are ignored.

DSW3-5	SETTING
Off	Enabled
On	Disabled



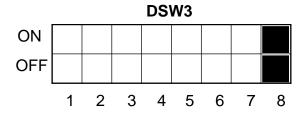
External Signal Type Selection (DSW3-6, DSW3-7): Both the polarity and signal type (level or pulse) of the external print synchronizing signal can be selected. See Section 3: Interface Specifications for a definition of signal types.

DSW3-6	DSW3-7	SETTING
Off	Off	Type 4
Off	On	Type 3
On	Off	Type 2
On	On	Type 1



Repeat Print via External Signal (DSW3-8): Allows the applicator to reprint the last label of the print job. See Section 3: Interface Specifications for a description of the signal requirements.

DSW3-8	SETTING
Off	Disabled
On	Enabled



2.2 Default Settings

Switch Selections

All switches are placed in the Off position (default) for shipping. This will result in the following operating configuration:

Communications: (1) 8 data bits, no parity, 1 Stop bit, 9600 Baud (1)

Protocol: (1) Ready/Busy Sensor: Gap Sensor Receive Buffer: Multi-Job

Mode: Batch Continuous
Label Sensor: Sensor Used
Backfeed: Enabled
External Signals: Enabled

(1) Active only if an RS232 Interface Card is installed in the printer.

Software Default Settings - The printer stores any software settings upon receipt from the host and uses them until they are again changed by receipt of a command containing a new setting. These settings are stored in non-volatile memory and are not affected by powering the printer off. The printer may be reset to use the default software settings by depressing the **LINE and FEED** keys simultaneously while powering the printer on. You will be asked to confirm that you want the printer default settings by selecting either **YES** or **NO** by using the LINE key to step the underline cursor to the desired setting. If you select YES and press the FEED key, the following default configuration will be stored:

	M-8485Se
Print Darkness	2
Print Speed	6 in. per sec.
Print Reference	Vertical = 0000, Horizontal = 0000
Zero	Slash
Auto On-Line	Enabled

Once the default operation is completed, a **DEFAULT SETTING COMPLETED** message will be displayed on the LCD panel and three "beeps" will be heard. The printer should be powered off while this message is being displayed. This saves the default settings in the EEPROM where they will be automatically loaded the next time the printer is powered on.

DEFAULT SETTING
COMPLETED

2.3 Potentiometer Adjustments

Pitch

After the pitch has been set with the LCD Control Panel, it is sometimes desirable to make minor adjustments. This can be done using the **PITCH** potentiometer on the front panel. This potentiometer is set at the factory so that it has a range of +/-3.75mm. The midpoint setting should have no effect on the pitch. Turning the potentiometer all the way clockwise should move the print position 3.75mm up towards the top edge of the label. turning it all the way counterclockwise should move the print position down 3.75mm.

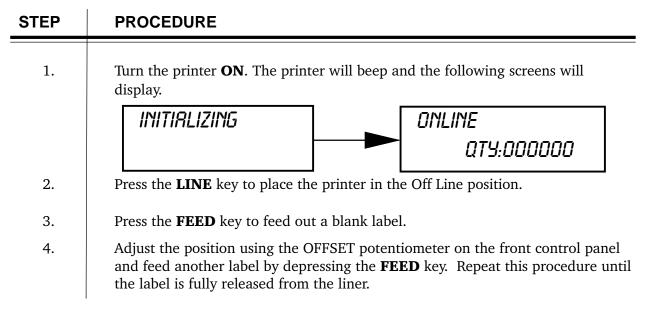
STEP	PROCEDURE		
1.	Press the FEED key while simultaneously turning ON the power switch. When the printer beeps, release the keys. The following screens will appear.		
	INITIRLIZING TEST PRINT MODE SETTING		
2.	Press the LINE key to select the type of Test Label you want to print, BARCODE HEADCHECK, or MEMORY. After you make your selection press the FEED key.		
3.	Press the LINE key to select the Test Label Size. The default is 12cm. After the size is selected, press the FEED key to accept the selection and the printer will display the next screen. USER TEST PRINT PRESS FEED KEY		
4.	Press the FEED key and the printer will begin to print test labels continuously.		
5.	Adjust the PITCH potentiometer on the front panel until the first print position is at the desired location on the label. If the potentiometer does not have enough range, then you will have to change the pitch setting using the front panel display.		
6.	Press the FEED key to stop printing.		
7.	To exit the Test Label mode, turn the power off, then back on.		
	Adjusting the PITCH potentiometer will affect the stop position of the label.		

Potentiometer Adjustments

Backfeed Offset

When a label is printed it must be correctly positioned for dispensing and application. The Backfeed adjustment is used to position the label so that it is fully dispensed and ready for application. It may then be necessary to reposition the next label before printing. The Backfeed (repositioning of the label) operation is enabled if DSW3-4 is in the Off position. If Backfeed is enabled, placing DSW3-1 in the Off position will cause the backfeed operation to be performed immediately before each label is printed. If DSW3-1 in in the On position, the backfeed operation is performed as soon as the dispensed label has been printed and taken from the printer.

The amount of backfeed is controlled by the OFFSET potentiometer on the DIP Switch Panel inside the cover. When turned all the way clockwise, the amount of backfeed is +3.75mm and when turned all the way counterclockwise the amount of backfeed is -3.75.



Display

This potentiometer is used to adjust the contrast of the LCD display for optimum viewing under various lighting conditions.

Print

This PRINT potentiometer is used to adjust the duration the elements are energized for printing. It provides a continuous range of adjustment. Maximum print darkness is obtained by turning the potentiometer all the way clockwise. Turning the potentiometer all the way counterclockwise will give the lightest print.

NOTE: The PRINT potentiometer adjustment will affect the darkness in all the command code speed and darkness ranges.

2.4 LCD Panel Printer Configuration

The LCD Panel is used by the operator in conjunction with the **LINE** and **FEED** switches to manually enter printer configuration settings. Many of the settings can also be controlled via software commands and in the case of conflict between software and control panel settings, the printer will always use the last valid setting. If you load a label job that includes software settings and then enter a new setting via the LCD Panel, the manually set values will be used by the printer. If you set the values manually and then download a job with software settings, the software settings will be used.

There are elleven modes of operation. To enter the desired mode, the KEY SEQUENCE combination listed in the table below must be performed. The initial LCD display message is shown for each mode.

MODE	KEY SEQUENCE	INITIAL DISPLAY	PAGE
Normal Mode	POWER	ONLINE QTY:000000	2-11
M8400 Compatible Mode	DSW2-8 + POWER	ONLINE QTY:000000	2-14
Advanced Mode	LINE + POWER	ADVANCED MODE	2-15
User Test Print Mode	FEED + POWER	TEST PRINT MODE CONFIGURATION	2-35
Default Setting Mode	LINE + FEED + POWER	DEFAULT SETTING YES NO	2-37
Maintenance Mode	DSW2-4 ON + LINE + FEED + POWER	MAINTENANCE MODE DIPSW2-4 ON->OFF	2-38
Clear Non-Standard Mode DSW2-7 ON + LINE + FEED + POWER		ALT. PROTOCOL DEFAULT COMPLETE	2-40
Hex Dump Mode	DSW2-4 ON + POWER	ONLINE QTY:000000	2-41
Download Mode DSW2-6 + POW		FLASH DOWNLOAD READY	2-42
User Download Mode	DSW2-7 ON + POWER + LINE	USER DOWNLOAD PRESS THE LINE KEY	2-43
Label Out Sensor Setting	DSW2-4 ON + FEED + POWER	LABEL OUT SENSOR	2-44

LCD Panel Printer — Normal Mode

When the printer is first powered on it displays the INITIALIZING screen then immediately displays the ONLINE mode. The user can access the User Settings using the following procedures.



The LCD Panel will display the ONLINE status on the top line of the display. The bottom line will contain the label quantity (QTY) status. The message will be changed to OFFLINE whenever the printer is switched offline by depressing the LINE key. As soon as a print job is received, the QTY message will indicate the number of labels to be printed. As soon as the label job begins to print, the display will indicate the number of labels remaining in the print job that remain to be printed.

STEP	PROCEDURE	
1.	The printer is first taken offline by pressing the LINE key once. The display will change to OFFLINE.	
	OFFLINE	
	000000	
2.	Press the LINE and FEED keys simultaneously for more than one second. The printer now displays the first USER mode adjustment (Print Darkness).	

Print Darkness Setting

There are three **Darkness** (or heat range) settings on the printer. The higher numbers represent darker settings. The current setting is indicated by a line under one of the range settings.

To change the setting perform the following steps:

STEP	PROCEDURE	
1.	Use the LINE key to step the underlined cursor to the desired	
	setting. 1 = Light 2 = Medium 3 = Dark	PRINT DARKNESS 1(L) 2(M) 3(D)
2.	Once the correct setting is underl accept the setting and advance to	• •

LCD Panel Printer— Normal Mode

Print Speed Adjustment

There are five **Speed** settings on the printer. The setting is listed on the bottom line of the display. The current setting is indicated by an underline under one of the speed settings. To change the setting:

STEP	PROCEDURE	
1.	Use the LINE key to step the underlined cursor to the desired speed setting.	
	4 = 4 in/s (100mm/s) 6 = 6 in/s (150mm/s) 8 = 8 in/s (200mm/s) 10 = 10 in/s (250mm/s) 12 = 12 in/s (300mm/s)	
2.	Once the correct setting is underlined, press the FEED key to accept the setting and advance to the next adjustment.	

Pitch Offset Adjustment

The label pitch is the distance from the leading edge (the edge that comes out of the printer first) of a label and the leading edge of the next label. The leading edge position of the label can be adjusted relative to the print head +/- 49mm in increments of 1mm. Once the position is set, it can be fine adjusted +/- 3.75mm using the PITCH potentiometer on the adjustment panel.

STEP	PROCEDURE	
1.	The underline cursor will initially be positioned underneath the Pitch Direction setting. Use the LINE key to step the underline to either the positive (+) or negative (-) selection. A position selection moves the leading edge of the label forward (away from the print head) while a negative selection moves the leading edge of the label back into the mechansim.	
2.	Once the correct setting is underlined, press the FEED key to accept the setting and advance to the Offset adjustment.	
3.	Use the LINE Key to step the first digit of the counter to the desired setting. The display will increment one step each time the LINE key is pressed. The reading will advance to a setting of 4 after which it will automatically wrap and start at 0 again.	
	O	PITCH OFFSET
		<u>+</u> 00MM
		i I

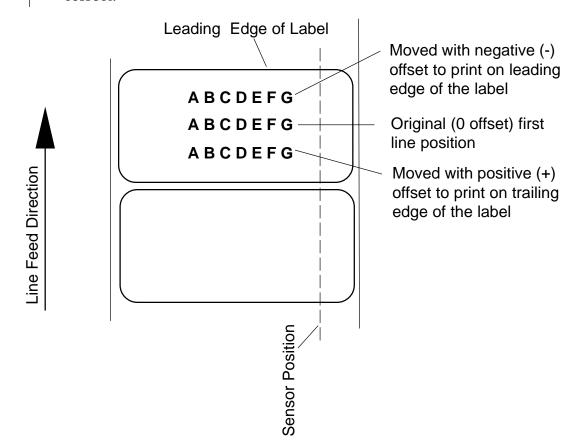
Pitch Offset Adjustment

STEP | PROCEDURE

4. Press the **FEED** key to accept the setting and advance the cursor to the second digit. Again use the **LINE** key to step to the desired setting. Once it is correct, press the **FEED** key to advance to the next adjustment.

Print a test label after completing the adjustments to ensure it is

Print a test label after completing the adjustments to ensure it is correct.



LCD Panel Printer — Normal Mode Cancel Print Job

If the printer has a print job(s) loaded in memory, selecting YES will cause the job(s) to be cleared. The default selection is NO. Make sure that you want to cancel the print job before selecting YES as the job cannot be recovered and will have to be retransmitted to the printer.

To cancel the print, perform the following steps:

CANCEL	PRINT JOB
<u> </u>	NO

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Use the LINE key to step the underlined cursor to either No or Yes.
2.	Once the correct setting is underlined, press the FEED key to accept the setting.
3.	After the print job(s) have been cleared from memory, the printer will display a COMPLETED message for 3 seconds and then return to the initial ONLINE Normal Mode.
	CANCEL PRINT JOB
	COMPLETED
	If you wish to change any of the settings, you must enter the User mode again by taking the printer OFFLINE and simultaneously pressing FEED and LINE keys.

LCD Panel Printer — M8400 Compatible Mode

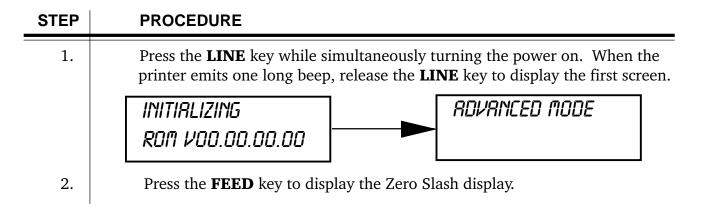
To enter the M8400 Compatible Mode:

STEP	PROCEDURE	
1.	Place DSW2-8 in the on posit	ion.
2.	Turn on the power to display the following screens.	
	INITIALIZING ROM VOO.00.00.00	ONLINE QTY:000000

LCD Panel Printer— Advanced Mode

Advanced mode is provided to make adjustments that require only occasional adjustments. Since they affect the basic operation of the printer, the procedure for entering this mode is designed to prevent someone from accidentally changing the settings.

To Enter Advanced Mode:



Zero Slash ZERO SLASH YES NO

This setting determines if a zero is printed with a slash or without a slash. This setting can also be controlled via software commands. When YES is selected, the printer internal fonts will have a slash through the center of the zero character.

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Use the LINE key to step the underlined cursor to either Yes or No.
2.	Once the correct setting is underlined, press the FEED key to accept the setting and advance to the Auto Online display.



This setting determines the mode in which the printer powers up. If YES is selected the printer powers up in the ONLINE mode and is ready to print. If NO is selected, the printer powers up in the OFFLINE mode and must be manually placed in the ONLINE mode by pressing the LINE key before it is ready to print.

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Use the LINE key to step the underline to either the YES or NO selection.
2.	Once the correct setting is underlined, press the FEED key to accept the setting and advance the display to the Offset display.

LCD Panel Printer — Advanced Mode

Print Offset

PRINT OFFSET

V:+0000 H:+0000

<u>Vertical Offset</u> is the distance down from the leading edge (the edge of the label that comes out of the printer first) to the first vertical print position. A positive setting moves the first print position down the length of the label while making it negative moves it up the length of the label.

Horizontal Offset is the distance that the label image is shifted either to the right or left on the label. For a positive setting the image is shifted to the left (towards the inside edge of the label for a right-hand printer). For a negative setting the image the image is shifted to the right (towards the outside edge of the label). This setting changes the base reference point for all subsequent label jobs. The effect is identical to the <ESC>A3 Base Reference point command. Since the printer moves the label in discrete steps equal to the size of the print dot, the units of measure for Vertical and Horizontal Offset distance is dots. The maximum values that can be set for each is +/-800.

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Use the LINE key to step the first digit of the counter to the desired setting. The display will increment one step each time the LINE key is pressed.
2.	Press the FEED key to accept the setting and advance the cursor to the second digit. Again use the LINE key to step to the desired setting. Once it is correct, press the FEED key to advance to the next adjustment.
3.	Once the setting is correct, press the FEED key to accept the setting and advance to the next display.
	Print a test label after completing the adjustments to ensure it is correct. <i>Note: This setting can be overridden by the Base Reference Point Command.</i>

Set Calendar

SET CALENDAR YES NO

The Calendar is an standard feature in M-8485Se printers allowing the date and time to be set manually using the LCD Display or via the <ESC>WT Calendar Set command. The last setting, set either manually via software command, received by the printer will be the value used. The format of the display is YY/MM/DD hh:mm (Year/Month/Day/hours:minutes). The date format is fixed and cannot be changed.

To enable the Calendar feature, press the **LINE** key until the underline cursor is beneath the YES. If the Calendar feature is to be disabled, press the **LINE** key until the cursor is underneath the NO. When the desired setting is selected, Press the **FEED** key.

LCD Panel Printer— Advanced Mode Set Calendar (Continued)

Calendar 00/00/00 00:00

CALENDAR 00/00/00 00:00

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Year - The first display shown will have the two digit year selection underlined. You can scroll through the dates by pressing the LINE key. The year number will increase by one each time the LINE key is pressed until it reaches its maximum legal value (i.e., "99" for the year digits) at which point it will wrap around to the "00" setting.
2.	Month - After you have set the correct year, pressing the FEED key will advance the underline cursor to the two digit Month position. You can scroll through the numbers corresponding to the month by pressing the LINE key. The month number will increase by one each time the LINE key is pressed until it reaches a value of "12" at which point it will wrap around to the "01" setting.
3.	Day - After you have set the correct month, pressing the FEED key will advance the underline cursor to the two digit Day position. You can scroll through the numbers corresponding to the month date by pressing the LINE dey. The date number will increase by one each time the LINE key is pressed until it reaches a value of "31" at which point it will wrap around to the "01" setting.
4.	Hour - After you have set the correct date, pressing the FEED key will advance the underline cursor to the two digit Hour position. You can scroll through the numbers corresponding to the hour (using a 24 hour clock) by pressing the LINE key. The hour number will increase by one each time the LINE key is pressed until it reaches a value of "24" at which point it will wrap around to the "01" setting.
5.	Minute - After you have set the correct hour, pressing the FEED key will advance the underline cursor to the two digit Minute position. You can scroll through the numbers corresponding to the hour by pressing the LINE key. The minute number will increase by one each time the line key is pressed until it reaches a value of "60" at which point it will wrap around to the "01" setting.
6.	After you have set the minutes, pressing the FEED key will accept the setting and advance to the Ignore CR/LF selection.

LCD Panel Printer — Advanced Mode

Ignore CR/LF

IGNORE CR/LF YES NO

This setting tells the printer to strip out all carriage return/line feed pairs (CRLF) from the data stream, including graphics and 2D bar codes. It is used primarily to maintain compatibility with earlier models of SATO printers.

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Use the LINE key to step the underlined cursor to either YES or NO.
2.	Once the desired setting is underlined, press the FEED key to accept the setting and advance to the Character Pitch display.

Character Pitch

CHARACTER PITCH PROP FIXED

This setting allows you to set the default character pitch to either fixed character spacing or proportional character spacing.

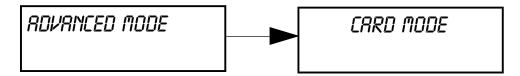
STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Use the LINE key to step the underlined cursor to the desired setting.
2.	Once the desired setting is underlined, press the FEED key to accept the setting and return to the Advanced Mode Display. Note: This command can be overriden by the <esc>PR or <esc>PS Character Pitch Commands.</esc></esc>

Exit Advanced Mode

ADVANCED MODE

To exit the Advanced Mode, power off the printer, then back on.

The Card Mode allows the operator to manage the Expanded Memory (PCMCIA Card or Internal Expanded Flash ROM). The Card Mode is entered from the Advanced Mode display by pressing the **LINE** key once.



The Card Mode display indicates that the printer is in the Card Mode. To advance to the Mem Select (CC1), press the **FEED** key.



This selection determines which type of optional expanded memory will be addressed as "CC1" in the command streams. The CARD selection specifies the optional PCMCIA card as CC1 and the optional Expanded Flash ROM as CC2. The Memory selection specifies the optional Expanded Flash ROM as CC1 and the optional PCMCIA card as CC2.

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Use the LINE key to step the cursor to the desired setting (Card or Memory).
2.	Once the desired setting is underlined, press the FEED key to accept the setting and advance the display.

Card ->MemoryCopy TrueTypeFont Y/N

CARD ->MEMORYCOPY
TRUETYPEFONT Y/N

This selection allows you to copy TrueType fonts from the PCMCIA Memory card installed in the Memory Card slot (on the rear of the printer) to the optional Flash ROM.

STEP	PROCEDURE	
1.	Use the LINE key to step the underlined cursor to the desired setting. IF Yes is selected, the printer will enter the Card Copy mode.	
	If No is selected, the display will advance to <i>Card to Memory Copy SATO Font</i> mode. Press the FEED key to accept the selection and advance the display.	
2.	Confirm your selection by stepping the underline cursor to the Yes selection. If you select No, the display will return to the previous	
	selection. COPY START	
	YES NO	
3.	Press the FEED key to accept the selection. If Yes was selected, the copy process will start.	
	TRUETYPEFONTCOPY	
	COPYING	
4.	Once the copy process is completed, press the FEED key to advance the display.	
	TRUETYPEFONTCOPY	
	COMPLETED	
5.	If an error is encountered in the copy process, one of the following messages will be displayed on the second line.	
	CARD COPY/FORMAT	
	XXXXXXX ERROR	
	R/W Error Indicates a Read/Write error occurred. No Card Error Indicates no card was recognized. Mem Full Error Indicates that there is insufficient memory available.	

Card ->MemoryCopy SatoFont Y/N

CRRD ->MEMORYCOPY SATOFONT Y/N

This selection allows you to copy SATO fonts from the PCMCIA Memory card installed in the Memory Card slot (on the rear of the printer) to the optional Flash ROM.

STEP	PROCEDURE	
1.	Use the LINE key to step the underlined cursor to the desired setti. IF Yes is selected, the printer will enter the Card Copy mode.	
	If No is selected, the display will advance to Card->MemoryCopy All mode.	
2.	Confirm your selection by stepping the underline cursor to the Yes selection. If you select No, the display will return to the previous	
	selection.	
	YES NO	
3.	Press the FEED key to accept the selection. If Yes was selected, the copy process will start.	
	SATO FONT COPY	
	COPYING	
4.	Once the copy process is completed, press the FEED key to advance	
	the display.	
	COMPLETED	
5.	If an error is encountered in the copy process, one of the following messages will be displayed on the second line.	
	CARD COPY/FORMAT	
	XXXXXXX ERROR	
	R/W Error Indicates a Read/Write error occurred. No Card Error Indicates no card was recognized. Mem Full Error Indicates that there is insufficient memory available.	

Card ->MemoryCopy AII Y/N RLL Y/N

This selection allows you to copy the entire contents from PCMCIA Memory card installed in the Memory Card slot on the rear of the printer to the optional internal Expanded Memory.

STEP	PROCEDURE	
1.	Use the LINE key to step the underlined cursor to the desired setting. IF Yes is selected, the printer will enter the Card Copy mode.	
	If No is selected, the display will advance to Card->MemoryCopy All mode.	
2.	Confirm your selection by stepping the underline cursor to the Yes selection. If you select No, the display will return to the previous	
	selection. COPY START YES NO	
3.	Press the FEED key to accept the selection. If Yes was selected, the copy process will start.	
	CARD -> MEMORY COPYING	
4.	Once the copy process is completed, press the FEED key to advance	
	the display. CARD ->MEMORY COMPLETED	
5.	If an error is encountered in the copy process, one of the following messages will be displayed on the second line.	
	CARD COPY/FORMAT XXXXXXXX ERROR	
	R/W Error Indicates a Read/Write error occurred. No Card Error Indicates no card was recognized. Mem Full Error Indicates that there is insufficient memory available.	

Memory->Card Copy All <XMB> Y/N

MEMORY ->CARDCOPY ALL <XM8> Y/N

This selection allows you to copy the entire contents of the optional Expanded Memory to the PCMCIA Memory card installed in the Memory Card slot on the rear of the printer.

STEP	PROCEDURE	
1.	Use the LINE key to step the underlined cursor to the desired setting IF Yes is selected, the printer will enter the Card Copy mode.	
	If No is selected, the display will advance to Card->MemoryCopy All mode.	
2.	Confirm your selection by stepping the underline cursor to the Yes selection. If you select No, the display will return to the previous	
	selection. COPY START YES NO	
3.	Press the FEED key to accept the selection. If Yes was selected, the copy process will start.	
	MEMORY-> CARD COPY COPYING	
4.	Once the copy process is completed, press the FEED key to advance	
	the display. MEMORY-> CARD COPY SOURCE STEE	
	COMPLETED	
5.	If an error is encountered in the copy process, one of the following messages will be displayed on the second line.	
	CARD COPY/FORMAT	
	XXXXXXX ERROR	
	R/W Error Indicates a Read/Write error occurred. No Card Error Indicates no card was recognized. Mem Full Error Indicates that there is insufficient memory available.	

Card->Memory Copy Program Y/N

CARD ->MEMORYCOPY PROGRAM Y/N

This selection allows you to copy printer firmware from the PCMCIA Memory card to the printer.

STEP	PROCEDURE	
1.	Use the LINE key to step the underlined cursor to the desired setting IF Yes is selected, the printer will enter the Card Copy mode.	
	If No is selected, the display will advance to the mode display.	
2.	Confirm your selection by stepping the underline cursor to the Yes selection. If you select No, the display will return to the previous	
	selection. COPY START YES NO	
3.	Press the FEED key to accept the selection. If Yes was selected, the	
	copy process will start. CARD-> MEMORY COPY	
	COPYING	
4.	Once the copy process is completed, press the FEED key to advance the display.	
	CARD-> MEMORY COPY	
	COMPLETED	
5.	If an error is encountered in the copy process, one of the following messages will be displayed on the second line.	
	CARD COPY/FORMAT	
	XXXXXXX ERROR	
	R/W Error Indicates a Read/Write error occurred. No Card Error Indicates no card was recognized. Mem Full Error Indicates that there is insufficient memory available.	

Memory->Card Copy Program Y/N

MEMORY->CARDCOPY PROGRAM Y/N

This selection allows the user to copy the current firmware installed in the printer to a PCMCIA Memory Card.

STEP	PROCEDURE	
1.	Use the LINE key to step the underlined cursor to the desired setting. IF Yes is selected, the printer will enter the Card Copy mode.	
	If No is selected, the display will advance to the mode display.	
2.	Confirm your selection by stepping the underline cursor to the Yes selection. If you select No, the display will return to the previous	
	selection. COPY START	
	YES NO	
3.	Press the FEED key to accept the selection. If Yes was selected, the copy process will start.	
	MEMORY-> CARD COPY	
	COPYING	
4.	Once the copy process is completed, press the FEED key to advanthe display.	
	MEMORY-> CARD COPY	
	COMPLETED	
5.	If an error is encountered in the copy process, one of the following messages will be displayed on the second line.	
	CARD COPY/FORMAT	
	XXXXXXX ERROR	
	R/W Error Indicates a Read/Write error occurred.	
	No Card Error Indicates no card was recognized. Mem Full Error Indicates that there is insufficient memory available.	

Card Format Yes No

CARD FORMAT YES NO

Before a PCMCIA card can be used, it must be formatted.

Note: Formatting a card destroys all data currently stored on the Card.

	STEP	PROCEDURE
, i		Use the LINE key to step the underlined cursor to the desired setting. IF Yes is selected, the printer will enter the Card Format mode.
		If No is selected, the display will advance to the mode display.

Memory Format Yes No

MEMORY FORMAT YES NO

Before the internal Expanded Memory can be used, it must be formatted. Note: Formatting the memory will destroy any stored data.

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Use the LINE key to step the underlined cursor to the desired setting. IF Yes is selected, the printer will enter the Memory Format mode.
	If No is selected, the display will advance to the mode display.

To exit the Card Mode, power off the printer, then back on.

CARD MODE

LCD Panel Printer— Service Mode

The Service Mode allows the operator to set up the basic operation parameters of the printer and is entered from the Advanced Mode.

To Enter Advanced Mode:

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Press the LINE key while simultaneously turning the power on. When the printer emits one long beep, release the LINE key to display the first screen.
2.	Press the LINE key twice to enter the Service Mode. SERVICE MODE
	The Service Mode display indicates that the printer is in the Service Mode. To advance to the first selection, press the FEED key.

The M-8485Se printers determine the location of the leading edge of the label by measuring the difference between light levels when it sees either a label edge or a black "EYE" mark. This adjustment allows you to manually set the threshold voltage level between the maximum and minimum light levels. DIP switch DSW2-2 selects the sensor type. If DSW2-2 is in the OFF position, the setting will be for a See-Thru (or Gap) sensor and the LCD will display "GAP" on the top line along with the current setting. If DSW2-2 is in the ON position, the LCD will display "EYE" on the top line with its current setting. If the value entered for the bottom line setting is "0.0V", then the printer will automatically calculate the setting when the first label is fed after the printer is powered on or the head is closed. There are some instances where the automatically calculated value must be adjusted to ensure reliable label feeding, such as when the backing opacity or the reflectance of the "EYE" mark varies significantly within a roll of labels or between label rolls. In these instances the value should be set using the following procedures.

 $\{X,XV\}$

[X,XV]

Gap

Input

[X.XV]

[X.XV]

LCD Panel Printer — Service Mode

Gap Input	FV 1/1/2	GRP	(א.אי)
		INPUT	(X.XV)

GAP - When setting the "GAP" threshold, the voltage shown on the top line of the display must be measured with nothing but the backing in the sensor and then again with a label still attached to the backing. The formula to be used for setting the threshold is:

(High Voltage Level + Low Voltage Level) x = 0.5 = Start Value

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Insert a label still attached to the backing into the sensor and close the Label Hold-Down. Record the voltage shown on the top line of the LCD panel. This line should have the message "GAP" on the top line (DIP switch DSW2-2 = OFF). Make sure the label is all the way under the sensor.
2.	Strip the label from the backing and insert the backing strip under the sensor and close the Label Lid. Record the voltage shown on the top line of the LCD panel. The voltage ranges measured should be within the following range.
	Backing without label = $0.3 - 0.5V$ Backing with label = $1.0V > /-$ the low value
	If the measured values are outside this range, you may have trouble finding a value that will work properly under all conditions. If this is the case, a higher quality label may be needed to get adequate performance or see Section 4.3.
3.	Calculate the starting point voltage using the formula.
4.	Use the LINE key to step the counter to the desired setting. The display will increment one step for each time the LINE key is pressed. If the LINE key is held down for more than two seconds, it will automatically go into the fast scroll mode. The reading will advance to a setting of 3.3 (the maximum voltage) after which it will automatically wrap and start at "0.0" again. If a value of "0.0" is set, the printer will automatically set the level each time the printer is powered on with labels loaded or the head is closed.
5.	Once the setting is correct, pressing the FEED key will accept the setting and advance to the Online Feed display.

LCD Panel Printer — Service Mode

Eye [X.XV]
Input [X.XV]

EYE	(X.XV)
INPUT	(X.XV)

EYE - When setting the "EYE" threshold, the voltage must be measured with nothing but the label under the sensor and then again with the printed "eye" mark under the sensor. The formula to be used for this is:

(High Voltage Level + Low Voltage Level) x = 0.5 = Start Value

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Insert a label into the sensor and close the Label Hold-Down. Make sure the printed "eye" mark in not under the sensor. Record the voltage shown on the top line of the LCD panel. This line should have the message "EYE" on the top line (DIP switch DSW2-2 = ON).
2.	Now pull the label forward until the "eye" mark is positioned under the sensor (the voltage reading shon on the top line of LCD panel. The voltage ranges measured should be within the following ranges:
	Label Only = $0.3 - 0.5V$ Eye-mark = Equal to or greater than 1.2V above the low value.
	If the measured values are outside this range, you may have trouble finding a value that will work properly under all conditions. If this is the case, a higher quality label may be needed to get adequate performance or see Section 4.4.
3.	Calculate the starting point voltage using the formula.
4.	Use the LINE key to step the counter to the desired setting. The display will increment one step for each time the LINE key is pressed. If the LINE key is held down for more than two seconds, it will automatically go into the fast scroll mode. The reading will advance to a setting of 3.3 (the maximum voltage) after which it will automatically wrap and start at "0.0" again. If a value of "0.0" is set, the printer will automatically set the level each time the printer is powered on with labels loaded or the head is closed.
5.	Once the setting is correct, pressing the FEED key will accept the setting and advance to the Auto Online Feed display.

LCD Panel Printer— Service Mode

Auto Online Feed Yes No

AUTO ONLINE FEED YES NO

This selection specifies whether or not the printer will automatically feed a blank label when it is placed in the Online mode.

	STEP	PROCEDURE
Ξ	1.	Use the LINE key to step the underlined cursor to the desired setting. IF Yes is selected, the printer will feed a blank label anytime it enters the Online mode.
		If No is selected, the display will advance to the mode display.

Feed on Error Yes No

FEED ON ERROR YES NO

This selection specifies whether or not the printer will feed a blank label automatically when an error condition is cleared.

PROCEDURE
Use the LINE key to step the underlined cursor to the desired setting. IF Yes is selected, the printer will feed a blank label anytime an error condition is cleared.
If No is selected, the display will advance to the mode display.

Reprint W/Feed Yes No

REPRINT W/FEED YES NO

This selection specifies whether or not the printer will print the last printed label stored in memory when the **FEED** key is pressed in the Normal Online mode.

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Use the LINE key to step the underlined cursor to the desired setting. IF Yes is selected, the printer will reprint the last label when the FEED key is pressed when the printer is Online. If the printer is Offline, pressing the FEED key will feed a blank label.
	If No is selected, the display will advance to the mode display.

LCD Panel Printer — Service Mode

Forward/Backfeed Distance Default

FORWARD/BACKFEED
DISTANCE DEFAULT

This display will only appear when Backfeed is enabled (DSW3-4 = OFF). The maximum backfeed distance is 255mm.

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Use the LINE key to select either the Default or the Distance selection.
	If Default is selected, the display steps to the Web acceleration selection.
2.	If Manual setting is selected, use the LINE key to advance the distance to the desired setting. Each time the LINE key is pressed, the distance will advance 1mm. The maximum distance is 255mm.
	FORWARD/BACKFEED
	DISTANCE XXXMM
3.	Once the desired distance is set, press the FEED key to accept the setting and advance to the next display.

Web Acceleration Fast Normal

UEB ACCELERATION
FAST NORMAL

This selection allows the printer to use either a Normal or Fast web acceleration. Large, heavy, label rolls should use the Normal selection while smaller, lighter rolls can use the Fast selection.

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Use the LINE key to step the underline cursor to the desired setting.
2.	Once the desired setting is selected, press the FEED key to accept the setting and step to the next display.
	NOTE: The Web Acceleration is automatically set to FAST if print speeds of 10 or 12 ips are selected.

LCD Panel Printer— Service Mode

Euro Code D5 EURO CODE D5

This selection allows the user to specify the hexadecimal code for the character which is replaced with the Euro Character. The default is ${\rm D5}_{\rm H.}$

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	The underline cusor should be positioned underneath the first digit selection. Use the LINE key to step to the desired setting.
2.	Press the FEED key to advance the underline cursor to the second digit of the desired hexadecimal code.
3.	Press the Line key to step to the desired setting.
4.	When the setting is correct, press the FEED key to accept the setting and advance to the next display.

Select Language English

SELECT LANGUAGE ENGLISH

This selection allows the user to select the character set used by the printer. The selections are English, French, German, Spanish, Italian and Portuguese.

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Press the LINE key to advance to the desired language setting.
2.	When the setting is correct, press the FEED key to accept the setting and advanct to the next display.

LCD Panel Printer— Service Mode

Priority Setting LCD Command

PRIORITY SETTING LCD COMMAND

This selection allows the user to assign a priority for Print Darkness, Print Speed and Print Offset.

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Use the LINE key to step to the desired priority. If LCD is selected, the setting established via the LCD display/menu system will be used for an incoming label job, regardless of any dirrerent command settings. If Command is selected, any commands in the label job will take precedence and be used for printing the job and the LCD Display will reflect the new setting.
2.	Once the desired setting is selected, press the FEED key to accept the setting and advance to the next display.

Service Mode

SERVICE MODE

To exit the Service Mode power the printer off, then back on.

LCD Panel Printer — Counters Mode

The Counters Mode is provided to allow the user to access the internal printer counters and is entered from the Advanced Mode.

To Enter Advanced Mode:

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Press the LINE key while simultaneously turning the power on. When the printer emits one long beep, release the LINE key to display the first
	ROVANCED MODE
2.	Press the LINE key 3X to advance to the Counters Mode.
	COUNTERS MODE
3.	Press the FEED key to advance the display to the counters selections.

Counters HD DSP CUT LIFE

COUNTERS HD DSP CUT LIFE

The counters are identified in the display as:

HD: Head Counter (should be reset when print head is replaced)

DSP: Dispense Counter CUT: Cutter Counter

LIFE: Life Counter (cannot be reset)

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Use the LINE key to step the underlined cursor to the desired counter, the Head (HD) counter or the LIFE counter. The default position is the Head Counter.
2.	Press the FEED key to display the current value (in meters) stored in the counter. HERD COUNTER XXXXX [7]
3.	Press the FEED key to advance to the next screen. HERD COUNT CLERR YES NO

LCD Panel Printer — Counters Mode (Countinued)

STEP	PROCEDURE
4.	Use the FEED key to select the desired setting. If you only want to read the counter value, select NO. If you want to read the counter and reset it to 0.0, place the underline cursor under YES. Once the desired setting is selected, press the FEED key to return to the Counter Mode display.
	COUNTERS MODE
	To exit the Counters Mode power the printer off, then back on.

Test Print Mode

The Test Print Mode offers four different printer status labels for troubleshooting. If DSW3-5 is OFF, the Test Print cycle must be initiated with a Print Start command.

Test Print Mode Configuration

TEST PRINT MODE CONFIGURATION

This option allows you to print a test label. It is recommended that you print a test label after you have changed any of the settings in the Advanced Mode. The test label allows you to verify that you indeed did make the desired changes.

To enter the User Test Print Mode:

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Power on the printer while pressing the FEED key. Release the FEED key and the printer will display the Test Print Mode message on the LCD panel.

LCD Panel Printer— Test Print Mode

STEP	PROCEDURE
2.	Use the LINE key to step the underline cusror to the type of test label you wish to print. The choices are:
	Configuration Bar Code Head Pattern Memory Factory See last pages in this section for test label sample print-outs
3.	Once you have selected the type of test label to be printed, use the FEED key to accept the selection and advance to the Test Print Size display. This display allows you to select the label width.

Test Print Size 10 CM

TEST PRINT SIZE 10 CM NOTE: This display does not appear when a Memory Test Print is chosen. Only a small Memory Test Print can be printed.

Once you have selected the type of test label to be printed, use the **FEED** key to accept the selection and the display advances to the Test Print Size display. This display allows you to select the label width.

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Use the LINE key to select the label width. Each time the LINE key is pressed, the label size advances 1 cm until it reaches a maximum width of 10 cm at which point it will wrap to the smallest size of 4 cm.
2.	Press the LINE key to accept the selection.
3.	Press the FEED key to start printing test labels continuously.
4.	Press the FEED key to stop the printer.
	PRESS FEED KEY TO STOP PRINTING

To exit the Test Print Mode, power the printer off, then back on.

LCD Panel Printer— Default Setting Mode

Occassionally it is desirable to reset all printer configuration settings to their original default conditions. This allows the operator to start the reconfiguration of the printer starting from a known set of conditions.

Default Sett	ing Mode
--------------	----------

DEFRULT	SETTING	
<i>YE</i> 5	NO	

To enter the Default Setting Mode press the **FEED** and **LINE** keys while simultaneously power on the printer. When the printer emits one long beep release the **FEED** and **LINE** keys.

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Use the LINE key to select either YES or NO.
2.	Once the desired setting is selected, press the FEED key to accept the selection and the printer will reset to the original default conditions.
3.	When the printer has completed the reset process, the Default Setting Completed display will appear. The printer is now in the default
	configuration. DEFRULT SETTING COMPLETED

To exit the Default Setting Mode, power the printer off, then back on.

LCD Panel Printer— Maintenance Mode

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Record all current dip switch positions, then place all switches in the OFF position.
2.	Place the DSW2-4 in the ON or up position.
3.	Press the LINE and FEED key while simultaneously turning ON the power switch. When the printer beeps, release the keys. The following screens will appear.
	INITIALIZING MAINTENANCE MODE
	ROM VOO.00.00.00 DIPSW2-4 ON->0FF
4.	Place the DSW-4 in the OFF position and the following screen will appear.
	FACTORY MODE
5.	Duose the EEED leave to display the post square
5.	Press the FEED key to display the next screen.
	COUNTER CLEAR
	NONE
6.	Press the LINE key once to change the message from NONE to ALL.
	COUNTER CLEAR
	ALL
7.	Press the FEED key to clear the EEPROM. After a pause, the next screen will
	appear. PRINT SIZE
	SMALL LARGE
8.	Select the print label size by pressing the LINE key. The default is LARGE.
9.	Press the FEED key for a test print. Press the FEED key again to stop printing.
	TEST PRINT
	PRESS FEED KEY

LCD Panel Printer— Maintenance Mode All Clear Mode

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Record all current dip switch positions, then place all switches in the OFF position.
2.	Place the DSW2-4 in the ON or up position.
3.	Press the LINE and FEED key while simultaneously turning ON the power switch. When the printer beeps, release the keys. The following screens will appear.
	INITIALIZING MAINTENANCE MODE
	ROM VOO.00.00.00 DIPSU2-4 ON->0FF
4.	Place the DSW-4 in the OFF position and the following screen will appear.
	FACTORY MODE
5.	Press the LINE key to display the next screen.
	ALL CLEAR MODE
6.	Press the FEED key to display the next screen.
	RLL CLEAR
	COUNTER EEPROM
7.	Press the FEED key to display the next screen.
	COUNTER ALL CLEAR
	YES NO
8.	Press the LINE key to select YES or NO . If YES is selected press the FEED key to clear the EEPROM .
	COUNTER ALL CLEAR MODE COMPLETED

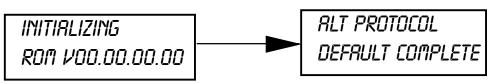
LCD Panel Printer— Clear Non-Standard Protocol

The standard protocol codes used by the printer can be modified to accommodate the requirements of different host systems. However, if the printer is to be used with a system that does not use the custom protocol codes, they can be cleared and the default protocol codes reactivated.

The default values are:

STX =
$$7B_{H,}$$
 ETX = $7D_{H,}$ ESC = $5E_{H,}$ ENQ = $40_{H,}$ NULL = $7E_{H,}$ CAN = 21_{H} and OFFLINE = $5D_{H,}$

Alt. Protocol Default Complete



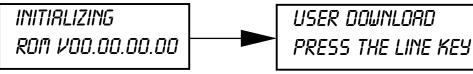
To Clear Non-Standard protocol codes, place DSW2-7 in the ON position and power on the printer while simultaneously pressing the **LINE** and **FEED** keys.

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	When the printer emits one long beep release the LINE and FEED keys.
2.	When the keys are released, the printer will replace the Alternate protocol codes with the default values.
3.	After the default setting is complete, the printer will emit two short beeps indicating that the process is complete.
	To exit the mode, power the printer off, then back on.

Download User Defined Protocol Codes

The user can define a set of custom protocol codes and download them to the printer using the <ESC>LD command.





To enter the User Download mode, place **DSW2-7** in the **ON** position and power on the printer while simultaneously pressing the **LINE** key. When the printer emits one long beep release the LINE key.

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Set DSW2-7 to the OFF position to replace the Standard protocol codes or ON to replace the Alternate set of protocol codes.
2.	Press the LINE key. The printer is now waiting for the data to be sent.
	USER DOWNLOAD WRITING

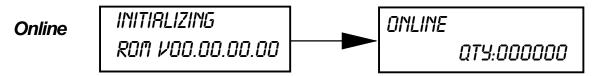
LCD Panel Printer — Download User Defined Protocol Codes

User Download Press the Line Key (Countinued)

STEP	PROCEDURE
3.	Transmit the download data command stream to the printer.
4.	After the data has been received, the printer will beep and print a status label. If it does not beep and print a status label, the printer did not accept the data.
5.	If the printer did not beep and print a status label, turn the printer off and check you data stream for errors snd start the download process over.
6.	If the custom codes are correct, press the FEED key to accept them and terminate the download process. If they are incorrect, turn the printer off without pressing the FEED key and begin the process again.

Hex Dump Mode

In addition to the User Test Print Labels, the printer can print the contents of the receive buffer in a hexadecimal format to allow the data stream to be examined for errors and troubleshooting.



To enter the Hex Dump mode, place **DSW2-4** in the **ON** position and power on the printer.

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	The printer is now ready to receive data.
2.	Send the data stream to the printer.
3.	The receive data will be printed in a hexadecimal format.
4.	To return the printer to normal position, place DSW2-4 in the OFF position and power the printer OFF and then back ON.



LCD Panel Printer—Download Mode

STEP	PROCEDURE				
1.	Record all current dip switch positions, then place all switches in the OFF position.				
2.	Place the DSW2-6 in the ON or up position.				
3.	Turn ON the power switch. The following screens will appear.				
	INITIALIZING FLASH DOWNLOAD READY				

During download process, these displays may be seen XXXXXXX DOWNLOAD DOWNLOADING

XXXXXXX DOWNLOAD COMPLETED

DOWNLOAD ERROR XXXXXXX ERROR

Press the **FEED** key to return to the FLASH DOWNLOAD screen.

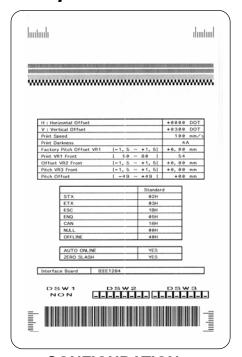
LCD Panel Printer—User Download Mode

STEP	PROCEDURE				
1.	Record all current dip switch positions, then place all switches in the OFF position.				
2.	Place the DSW2-7 in the ON or up position.				
3.	Press the LINE key while simultaneously turning ON the power switch. When the printer beeps, release the keys. The following screens will appear.				
	INITIALIZING USER DOWNLOAD PRESS THE LINE KEY				
	USER DOWNLOAD WAITING				

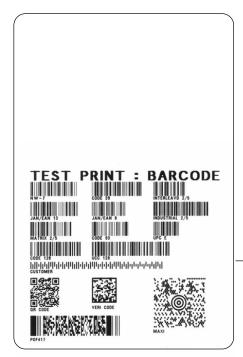
LCD Panel Printer—Label Out Sensor

STEP	PROCEDURE					
1.	Record all current dip switch positions, then place all switches in the OFF position.					
2.	Place the DSW2-4 in the ON or up position.					
3.	Press the FEED key while simultaneously turning ON the power switch. When the printer beeps, release the keys. The following screens will appear.					
	INITIALIZING LABEL OUT SENSOR ROM VOO.00.00.00					
4.	Place the DSW2-4 in the OFF position and the following screen will appear.					
	LABEL OUT SENSOR YES NO					
5.	Press the LINE key to select YES or NO, then press the FEED key and the following screen will appear.					
	LABEL OUT SENSOR COMPLETED					

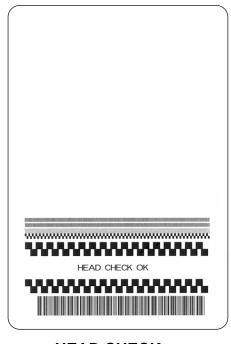
2.5 Sample Test Labels



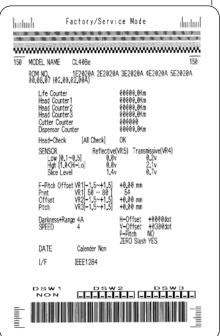
CONFIGURATION



BAR CODE



HEAD CHECK



FACTORY

MEMORY

ILLUSTRATIONS SHOWN ARE EXAMPLES ONLY AND MAY NOT EXACTLY MATCH YOUR OUTPUT

Interface Specifications

3.1 Overview

This section presents the interface specifications for the M-8485Se printer. These specifications include detailed information on how to properly interface your printer with your host system.

M-8485Se printers utilize a Plug-In Interface Module for maximum printer configuration flexibility.

The following information is presented in this section.

- Interface Types
- The Receive Buffer
- IEEE1284 Parallel Interface (Standard with unit)
- Optional RS232C Serial Interface
 General Specifications
 Electrical Specifications
 Pin Assignments
 Ready/Busy Flow Control
 X-On/X-Off Flow Control
- Optional Universal Serial BUS (USB)
- Optional Local Area Network (LAN)
- BI-Directional Communications
- Ext Connector

3.2 Interface Types

The parallel interface for the M-8485Se Printer is a high speed, bi-directional parallel interface that conforms to the IEEE 1284 specification. (ECP mode on some computers). The interface is also compatible with the older Centronics parallel interface standard. If it does not detect the correct IEEE 1284 signals in the interface connection, it will automatically operate in the standard Centronics mode which is much slower. To use the IEEE 1284 parallel interface to its fullest capability requires that the host also have an IEEE 1284 compatible interface and that the two be connected with a cable that meets the IEEE 1284 specification. If either of these two are not present, the data rate is severely compromised.

Interface Types

In order to provide flexibility in communicating with a variety of host computer systems, M-8485Se printers use a Plug-In Interface Module. The IEEE1284 Interface module is shipped with the printer unless another interface type is specified at the time of the order. The other interfaces available are a high speed (to 57.6K bps) serial interface, an Ethernet interface or an optional Universal Serial Bus (USB) interface.

The Parallel interface will probably be the most useful in communicating with IBM PCs and compatibles. The RS232C Serial interface allows connectivity to a number of other hosts. The USB interface allows the printer to be connected to a computer that supports peripherals attached to a USB bus. Up to 127 peripherals can be connected to a single USB port.

WARNING: Never connect or disconnect interface cables (or use a switch box) with power applied to either the host or the printer. This may cause damage to the interface circuitry in the printer/host and is not covered warranty.



CENTRONICS
PARALLEL INTERFACE



RS232C SERIAL INTERFACE



USB INTERFACE



LAN INTERFACE

Available Interfaces

3.3 The Receive Buffer

The M-8485Se printer has the ability to receive a data stream from the host in one of two ways. The receive buffer may be configured to accept one print job at a time or multiple print jobs. The single job print buffer is generally used by software programs that wish to maintain control of the job print queue so that it can move a high priority job in front of ones of lesser importance. The multiple job buffer on the other hand prints all jobs in the order they are received by the printer and the order of printing cannot be changed.

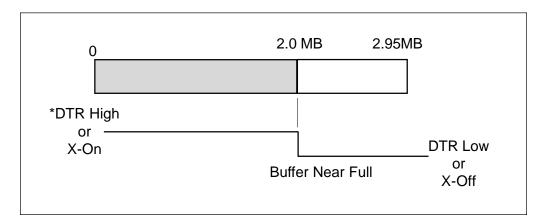
Single Job Buffer

The printer receives and prints one job at a time. Each job must not exceed 2.95MB.

Multi Job Buffer

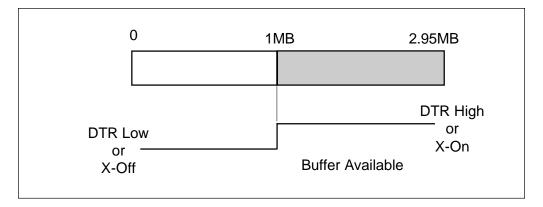
The printer is able to continuously receive print jobs, compiling and printing other jobs at the same time. It acts much like a "print buffer" ot maximize the performance of the host and the printer.

When using the RS232 Serial interface, the Multi Job Buffer uses either the **Ready/Busy** with **DTR** (pin 20) or **X-On/X-Off** flow control protocols. See these sections for more details. With an empty receiving buffer, the status of **DTR** is "high" (or an **X-On** status if using **X-On/X-Off**), meaning the printer is ready to receive data. When the receive buffer is holding 2.0MB of data (1MB from being full), **DTR** will go "low" (or an **X-Off** is sent) indicating the printer can no longer receive data. This condition is called "Buffer Near Full"



The receiving buffer will not be able to receive more data again until a "Buffer Available" condition occurs. This takes place when the receiving buffer has emptied so that only 1MB bytes of data are being held (2.0MB bytes from being full). At this time, DTR will go "high" or an X-On is sent to tell the host that it can again receive data.

The Receive Buffer



All printer error conditions (i.e., label out, ribbon out) will cause the printer to go busy (**DTR** "low" or **X-Off**) until the problem is corrected and the printer is placed online. The printer will also be busy if taken offline from the front panel.

3.4 IEEE 1284 Parallel Interface

The parallel interface for the M-8485Se printer is a Plug-In Interface Module that can be installed by the user. It conforms to the IEEE 1284 specification. It will automatically detect the IEEE 1284 signals and operate in the high speed mode. If it does not detect the IEEE 1284 signals, it will operate in the standard Centronics mode, which is significantly slower. For this reason, an interface cable and host interface conforming to the IEEE 1284 specification must be present to fully utilize the speed capabilities. This interface also operates bi-directionally and can report the status of the printer back to the host.

Electrical Specifications:

Printer ConnectionAMP 57-40360 (DDK) or equivalentCable ConnectionAMP 57-30360 (DDK) or equivalentCableIEEE1284 Parallel, 10 ft. (3 m) or less

Signal Level High = +2.4V to +5.0V

Low = 0V to -0.4V

Data Streams:

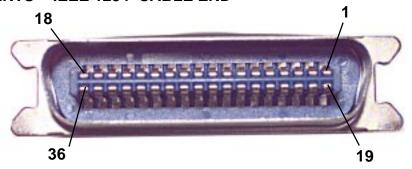
<ESC>A .. Job#1 .. <ESC>Z<ESC>A .. Job#n .. <ESC>Z

IEEE 1284 Parallel Interface

PIN	SIGNAL	DIRECTION	PIN	SIGNAL	DIRECTION
1	STROBE	To Printer	19	STROBE Return	Reference
2	DATA 1	To Printer	20	DATA 1 Return	Reference
3	DATA 2	To Printer	21	DATA 2 Return	Reference
4	DATA 3	To Printer	22	DATA 3 Return	Reference
5	DATA 4	To Printer	23	DATA 4 Return	Reference
6	DATA 5	To Printer	24	DATA 5 Return	Reference
7	DATA 6	To Printer	25	DATA 6 Return	Reference
8	DATA 7	To Printer	26	DATA 7 Return	Reference
9	DATA 8	To Printer	27	DATA 8 Return	Reference
10	ACK	To Host	28	ACK Return	Reference
11	Busy	To Host	29	BUSY Return	Reference
12	PTR ERROR	To Host	30	PE Return	Reference
13	SELECT	To Host	31	INIT	From Host
14	AUTOFD ⁽¹⁾	To Host	32	FAULT	To Host
15	Not Used		33	Not Used	
16	Logic Gnd		34	Not Used	
17	FG	Frame Ground	35	Not Used	
18	+5V(Z=24K ohm)	To Host	36	SELECTION ⁽¹⁾	From Host

(1) Signals required for IEEE 1284 mode.

PIN ASSIGNMENTS - IEEE 1284 CABLE END



3.5 RS232C Serial Interface

The High Speed Serial Interface is a Plug-In Interface Module that can be installed in the printer by the user.

General Specifications:

Asynchronous ASCII Half-duplex communication

Ready/Busy Hardware Flow Control

Pin 20, DTR Control Pin 4, RTS Error Condition X-On/X-Off Software Flow Control Bi-Directional Communication

Data Transmission Rate 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600 bps

Character Format 1 Start Bit (fixed)

7 or 8 data bits (selectable)

Odd, Even or No Parity (selectable)

1 or 2 Stop bits (selectable)

Electrical Specifications:

Connector DB-25S (Female)

Cable DB-25P (Male), 50 ft. maximum length. For cable configuration,

refer to Cable Requirements appropriate to the RS232C protocol

chosen.

Signal Level High = +5V to +12V

Low = -5V to -12V

PIN ASSIGNMENTS - RS232C PRINTER END



RS232C Serial Interface

Cable Requirements

DB9	DB25	HOST	INTERCONNECTION	PRINTER
1	1	FG	←	1 FG (Frame Ground)
2	3	RD	-	2 TD (Transmit Data)
3	2	TD	—	3 RD (Receive Data)
8	5	CTS	-	4 RTS (Request to send)
7	4	RTS		5 CTS (Clear to Send)
4	20	DTR		6 DSR (Data Set Ready)
6	6	DSR*	-	20 DTR (Data Terminal Ready)
5	7	SG	←	7 SG (Frame Ground)

^{*} This connection at the host side of the interface would depend upon the pin that is being used as the Ready/Busy signal by the driving software. Typically on a PC, it would be either CTS (pin 5) or DSR (pin 6) on a DB-25 connector.

RS232C Interface Signals

PIN	DIRECTION	SIGNAL DESCRIPTION
1	Reference	FG (Frame Ground)
2	To Host	TD (Transmit Data) - Data from the printer to the host computer. Sends X-On/X-Off characters or status data (Bi-Directional protocol).
3	To Printer	RD (Receive Data) - Data to the printer from the host computer.
4	To Host	RTS (Request to Send) - Used with Ready/Busy flow control to indicate an error condition. RTS is high and remains high unless the print head is open (in this case, RTS would return to the high state after the print head is closed and the printer is placed back on-line) or an error condition occurs during printing (e.g. label out).
5	To Printer	CTS (Clear to Send) - When this line is high, the printer assumes that data is ready to be transmitted. The printer will not receive data when this line is low. If this line is not being used, it should be tied high (to pin 4).
6	To Printer	DSR (Data Set Ready) - When this line is high, the printer will be ready to receive data. If this line is not being used, it should be tied high (to pin 20).
7	Reference	SG (Signal Ground)
20	To Host	DTR (Data Terminal Ready) - This signal applies to Ready/Busy flow control. The printer is ready to receive data when this pin is high. It goes low when the printer is off-line either manually or due to an error condition, and while printing in the Single Job Buffer mode. It will also go low when the data in the buffer reaches the Buffer Near Full level.

Ready/Busy Flow Control

Ready/Busy is the hardware flow control for the serial interface on the M-8485Se printer. By raising/lowering the voltage level on Pin 20 of the RS232 port, the printer notifies the host when it is ready to receive data. Pin 4 (**RTS**) and pin 20 (**DTR**) are the important signals on the printer for this method of flow control. The host must be capable of supporting this flow control method for it to function properly.

X-On/X-Off Flow Control

X-On/X-Off flow control must be used whenever hardware (Ready/Busy) flow control is not available or desirable. Instead of a voltage going high/low at pin 20, control characters representing "Printer Ready" (**X-On** = 11 hexadecimal) or "Printer Busy" (**X-Off** = 13 hexadecimal) are transmitted by the printer on pin 2 (Transmit Data) to the host. In order for this method of flow control to function correctly, the host must be capable of supporting it. **X-On/X-Off** operates in a manner similar to the function of pin 20 (DTR) as previously explained. When the printer is first powered on it sends an X-**Off** when the "Buffer Near Full" level is reached and a **X-On** when the data level of the buffer drops below the "Buffer Available" mark. When the printer is taken off-line manually it transmits an **X-Off** indicating it cannot accept data. When it is placed back on line manually, it sends an **X-On**, indicating it is again available for receipt of data. If an error occurs during printing (paper out, ribbon out), the printer sends an **X-Off** as soon as an error condition is detected. When the error is cleared and the printer is placed back on-line, it transmits as **X-On** indicating it is again ready to accept data.

Upon power up if no error conditions are present, the printer will continually send **X-On** characters at five millisecond intervals until it receives a transmission from the host.

Data Streams

The data streams for **X-On/X-Off** and **Ready/Busy** flow control are constucted in the same way as they are for Ready/Busy flow control.

<ESC>A .. Job#1 .. <ESC>Z<ESC>A .. Job#n .. <ESC>Z

Example: <ESC>A .. Job#1 .. <ESC>Z

NOTE: All characters are in ASCII.

3.6 Universal Serial Bus (USB) Interface

The Universal Serial Bus (USB) interface is a Plug-In Interface Module that can be installed by the user. It requires a driver (shipped with each printer that has the interface installed) that must be loaded on your PC and the PC must be configured to support USB peripherals using Windows 98. Details for loading the USB driver are contained in the USB Interface Manual that is shipped with each printer with a USB Optional interface installed. Up to 127 devices may be connected to a USB port.

General Specifications:

Connector: USB Type B Plug Cable: 10ft (3 m) max. Host: Windows 98 **USB** Port

Electrical Specifications:

Power Supply: Bus Power through cable

Power Consumption:: +5V@80ma

3.7 Local Area Network (LAN) Optional Interface

A Local Area Network (LAN) interface is a Plug-In Interface Module that can be installed by the user. It requires a driver (shipped with each printer) that has the interface installed. The driver must be loaded on your PC and the PC must be configured to run one of the supported network protocols using a 10/100BaseT LAN connection. Details for loading the LAN driver are contained in the LAN Interface Manual that is shipped with each printer with a LAN Optional interface installed.

General Specifications:

Connector: 10/100BaseT Category 5

Connector: RJ-45 Receptical

Electrical Specifications:

Power Supply: Powered from printer

3.8 Bi-Directional Communications

This is a two-way communications protocol between the host computer and the printer, thus enabling the host to check printer status. When Bi-Com 4 communications is selected, there is no busy signal from the printer. The host must request the complete status from the printer, including ready/busy. The host may request status in two different ways.

ENQUIRE/ACK/NAK

In the Bi-Com 4 mode, the host transmits an **ENQ** (05 hexadecimal) to the printer and the printer will respond with its status within five milliseconds. If printing, it will respond upon finishing the current label, then resume printing. In order for this protocol to work properly with an RS232 Optional Interface, pin 6 (**DTR**) and pin 5 (**CTS**) must be held high by the host. One way to ensure these pins are always in the correct state is to tie pin 20 (**DTR**) to pin 6 (**DSR**) and pin 4 (**RTS**) to pin 5 (**CTS**) at the printer end of the cable.

Enquire (ENQ)

Upon receipt of an **ENQ** command, the printer responds with 25 bytes of status information bounded by an **STX/ETX** pair. The Bi-Com protocol works only in the Multi-Job Buffer mode. The status information is defined as follows:

<STX>{2 Byte ID}{1 Status Byte}{6 Byte Label Remaining}{16 Byte Job Name}<ETX>

ID - This is a two byte number identifying the current print job ID. The print job ID is defined using the **ESC>ID** Job ID command transmitted with the print job (see Job ID Store in the command listing for more infomation on how to use this command). The range is from 00 to 99.

Status - A single byte defining the current status of the printer (see the Status Byte Definition table).

Label Remaining - Six bytes defining the number of labels remaining in the current print job. The range is from 000000 to 999999 labels.

Job Name - Sixteen bytes of ASCII characters identifying the name assigned to the job by the **<ESC>WK** Job Name command. If the Job Name is less than 16 characters, the field will be padded with leading zeroes.

If an **ENQ** is received after the print job specified in the ID bytes has been completed, or there is no data in the buffer, the printer will respond with two "space" characters (20 hexadecimal) for the ID number and six "zero" characters (30 hexadecimal) in the Remaining Labels bytes and 16 byte Job Name.

Cancel (CAN)

If a **CAN** (18 hexadecimal) command is received, it will stop the print job and clear all data from the receive and print buffers. A delay of five milliseconds or more is required before any new data can be downloaded. The **CAN** command is effective immediately upon receipt, even if the printer is off-line or in an error condition. The printer will return an **ACK** (06 hexadecimal) if there is no printer error condition and a **NAK** (16 hexadecimal) if an error condition exists.

Print Job

Upon receipt of a valid print job (**ESC>A** ...**<ESC>Z),** an **ACK** (06 hexadecimal) will be returned by the printer if there are no errors and an **NAK** (16 hexadecimal) if a printer error exists.

Print Stop (DLE)

If a **DLE** (10 hexadecimal) is received by the printer, the print process is stopped and an **ACK** (06 hexadecimal) is returned if there are no errors and a **NAK** (16 hexadecimal) if a printer error exists.

Print Start (DC1)

If the printer has been stopped by receipt of a **DLE** (10 hexadecimal) command, it can be restarted by sending a **DC1** (hexadecimal 11) command. Upon receipt of this command an **ACK** (06 hexadecimal) is returned if there are no errors and a **NAK** (16 hexadecimal) if a printer error exists.

(1) To provide compatibility with older SATO printers, the RS232 interface can be configured to use an earlier Bi-Com 3 ENQ/ACK/NAK protocol selected via DSW2-8 and DSW1-7/8 (on the RS232 Interface module). The earlier protocol did not have provisions for the Job Name and did not respond to the DLE or DCI commands. Also, there are additional Response Codes in the Status Byte Definition. It is recommended that you use the current protocol rather than the earlier version unless it is necessary for compatibility with existing sofware.

Status Byte Definition, Bi-Com Protocol

40011	HEV	DEFINITION
ASCII	HEX	DEFINITION
		OFF-LINE
0	30	No Errors
1	31	Ribbon Near End
2	32	Buffer Near Full
3	33	Ribbon Near End and Buffer Near Full
4 ⁽¹⁾	34	Print Stop (without error)
	Ol	N-LINE, WAITING FOR DATA
Α	41	No Errors
В	42	Ribbon Near End
С	43	Buffer Near Full
D	44	Ribbon Near End and Buffer Near Full
E ⁽¹⁾	45	Print Stop (without error)
		ON-LINE, PRINTING
G	47	No Errors
Н	48	Ribbon Near End
I	49	Buffer Near Full
J	4A	Ribbon Near End and Buffer Near Full
K ⁽¹⁾	4B	Print Stop (without error)
	ON-LINE	, WAITING TO DISPENSE A LABEL
М	4D	No Errors
N	4E	Ribbon Near End
0	4F	Buffer Near Full
Р	50	Ribbon Near End and Buffer Near Full
Q ⁽¹⁾	51	Print Stop (without error)
	ON-	LINE, COMPILING PRINT JOB
S	53	No Errors
Т	54	Ribbon Near End
U	55	Buffer Near Full
V ⁽¹⁾	56	Ribbon Near End and Buffer Near Full
W ⁽¹⁾	56	Print Stop (without error)
	OF	F-LINE, ERROR CONDITION
b	62	Head Open
С	63	Paper End
d	64	Ribbon End
е	65	Media Error
f	66	Sensor Error
g	67	Head Error
j	6A	Cutter Error
k	6B	Other Error Condition

(1) Not supported by legacy Bi-Com protocols

Status Response

The second method of determining printer status is to integrate the printer with specific commands. The response from these commands will provide specific information about the printer status depending upon the command. This allows the controlling application to determine the status of a printer when it is located in a remote location.

Print Status (SOH + MG)

Upon receipt of an **SOH** (hexadecimal 01) followed immediately by an ASCII **MG** causes the printer to return a 30 byte Printer Status Word bounded by an **STX-ETX** pair that reports the current operating status of the printer.

BYTE NUMBER	HEX VALUE	DESCRIPTION
1	00 01	Thermal Transfer Print Type Direct Thermal Print Type
2	00 01	203 dpi resolution 305 dpi resolution
3	00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09	2 ips Print Speed 3 ips Print Speed 4 ips Print Speed 5 ips Print Speed 6 ips Print Speed 7 ips Print Speed 8 ips Print Speed 9 ips Print Speed 10 ips Print Speed 12 ips Print Speed
4	00 01 02 03 04	Not Supported Not Supported Not Supported Label Dispense Print Mode Reserved
5	00 01 02	Not Supported Not Supported Not Supported
6	00 01	Dispense at head position Dispense at dispense position
7	00	Reserved
8	41 42 43	Not Supported Not Supported Not Supported
9	00 01 02 03 04	Print Density Level 1 Print Density Level 2 Print Density Level 3 Print Density Level 4 Print Density Level 5

Status Response (Cont)

BYTE NUMBER	HEX VALUE	DESCRIPTION
10	00 01 02	Reflective (Eye-Mark) Sensor Gap (See-Thru) Sensor No Sensor
11	00 01	Zero Slash Disabled Zero Slash Enabled
12	00	Reserved
13	00 01	Not Supported Not Supported
14	00 01	Online Feed Disabled Online Feed Enabled
15	00 01	Fixed Pitch Proportional Pitch
16-17	00 to C80 00 to 12C0	Not Supported
18-19	00 to 340 00 to 4E0	Not Supported
20-21	00 to 3E7 FFFF to FC19	Vertical Base Reference Point Offset in dots (0 to 792) Vertical Base Reference Point Offset in dots (-1 to -792)
22-23	00 to 320 00 to FCE0	Horizontal Base Reference Point Offset in dots (0 to 800) Horizontal Base Reference Point Offset in dots (-1 to -800)
24	00 to 63 FF to 9D	Not Supported
25	00 to 63 FF to 9D	Not Supported
26	00 to 63 FF to 9D	Not Supported
27	00 to 63 FF to 9D	Dispense Offset in dots (0 to 99) Dispense Offset in dots (-1 to -99)
28	00 01	Compatibility Mode Enabled Compatibility Mode Disabled
29	08 to 40	Not Supported
30	00 01	Buzzer Enabled Buzzer Disabled

Status Response (Cont)

Counter Status (SOH + ME)

Upon receipt of an **SOH** (hexadecimal 01) followed immediately by an ASCII **ME** (hexadecimal 4D45) causes the printer to return a 28 byte Head Counter Status Word bounded by an **STX-ETX** pair that reports the current status of the printer life counters.

BYTE NUMBER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
1-8	Hex	Current Life Counter in dots
9-12	Hex	1st (Current) Head Counter in dots
13-16	Hex	2nd (Previous) Head Counter in dots
17-20	Hex	3rd Head Counter in dots
21-24	Hex	Not Supported
25-28	Hex	Not Supported

Sensor Status (SOH + SG)

Upon receipt of an **SOH** (hexadecimal 01) followed immediately by an ASCII **SG** (hexadecimal 5347) causes the printer to return a 4 byte Sensor Status Word bounded by an **STX-ETX** pair that reports the values of the printer life counters.

BYTE NUMBER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
1	Hex	Reflective Sensor Level
2	Hex	Transmissive Sensor Level
3	00 _H 01 _H	Out of Paper Paper Present
4	00 _H 01 _H	Head Open Head Closed

Head Status (SOH + HC)

Upon receipt of an **SOH** (hexadecimal 01) followed immediately by an ASCII **HC** (hexadecimal 4843) causes the printer to return a 1 byte Head Fault Status Word bounded by an **STX-ETX** pair that reports the current operating status of the printer head. Before the printer will respond to this command, it must be in the Head Check Mode (DSW2-3 = On).

BYTE NUMBER	HEX VALUE	DESCRIPTION
1	00 01	Print Head Ok Electrical Fault in Print Head

Status Response (Cont)

System Version Information

Upon receipt of an **SOH** (hexadecimal 01) followed immediately by an ASCII **SB** causes the printer to return a 50 byte Printer Status Word bounded by an **STX-ETX** pair that reports the system version of the printer.

BYTE NUMBER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
1-50	ASCII	Firmware Version Information

Memory Status

Upon receipt of an **SOH** (hexadecimal 01) followed immediately by an ASCII **EB** (hexadecimal 4542) causes the printer to return a 24 byte Memory Status Word bounded by an **STX-ETX** pair that reports the current user memory allocation.

BYTE NUMBER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
1-4	Hex	Free Font Memory
5-8	Hex	Total Font Memory
9-12	Hex	Free Form Overlay Memory
13-16	Hex	Total Form Overlay Memory
17-20	Hex	Free Graphic Memory
21-24	Hex	Total Graphic Memory

Form OverlayStatus (SOH + FO)

Upon receipt of an **SOH** (hexadecimal 01) followed immediately by an ASCII **FO** (hexadecimal 464F) causes the printer to return a 18 byte Form Overly Status Word bounded by an **STX-ETX** pair that reports the Forms downloaded into the printer.

BYTE NUMBER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
1-2	01 to 99	Form Registration Number (ASCII value)
3-18	ASCII	Form Name

Status Response (Cont) Font Configuration (SOH + FG)

Upon receipt of an **SOH** (hexadecimal 01) followed immediately by an **FG** (hexadecimal 4647) causes the printer to return a 102 byte Font/Graphics Status Word bounded by an **STX-ETX** pair that reports information on the stored font or graphic.

Note: The printer must be in the Font/Graphic Download mode before a response will be received.

BYTE NUMBER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
1-2	00-99	Font ID Number
3-4	0 1	Font Graphic
5-36	ASCII	Font Name
37-48	ASCII	Font Style
49-52	ASCII	Font Point Size
53-54	Hex	Character Width in dots
54-60	Hex	Character Height in dots
57-60	Hex	Font Size
58-64	Hex	Font Registration Number
65-68	Hex	Font Data Top Address
69-72	Hex	Total Size
73-74	Hex	Vertical/Horizontal Writing Flag
75	Hex	Character Pitch, Fixed/Variable
76	Hex	Family Attribute
77	Hex	Character Set
78	Hex	Italic Attribute
79-80	Hex	Weight Attribute
81-82	Hex	Spread
83-84	Hex	Assent in dots
85-86	Hex	Registration Start Code
86-87	Hex	Registration End Code
88-95	Hex	Reserved
96-98	Hex	Code
99-100	Hex	Horizontal Valid Size
101-102	Hex	Left Gap Size

Interface Status

Upon receipt of an **SOH** (hexadecimal 01) followed immediately by an ASCII **IG** causes the printer to return a 1 byte Interface Status Word bounded by an **STX-ETX** pair that reports the type of interface connection currently set in the printer.

BYTE NUMBER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
	0	IEEE 1284 Parallel Serial RS232
1	2	Local Area Network
	3	Universal Serial Bus

Serial Interface Status

Upon receipt of an **SOH** (hexadecimal 01) followed immediately by an ASCII **H2** causes the printer to return a 5 byte Serial IF Status Word bounded by an **STX-ETX** pair that reports the current operating parameters of the Serial RS232 Interface.

BYTE NUMBER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
	0	9600 BPS
4	1	19200 BPS
'	2	38400 BPS
	3	57600 BPS
	0	No Parity
2	1	Odd Parity
	3	Even Parity
3	0	1 Stop Bit
3	1	2 Stop Bits
	0	Single Item Buffer with Ready/Busy Flow Control
4	1	Multi-Item Buffer with Ready/Busy Flow Control
	2	X-ON/X-OFF Flow Control
	3	Status 4 Bi-Comm
	4	Status 3 Bi-Comm

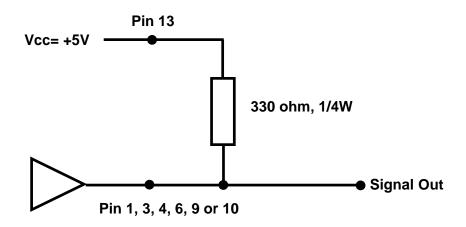
3.9 Accessory (EXT) Connector

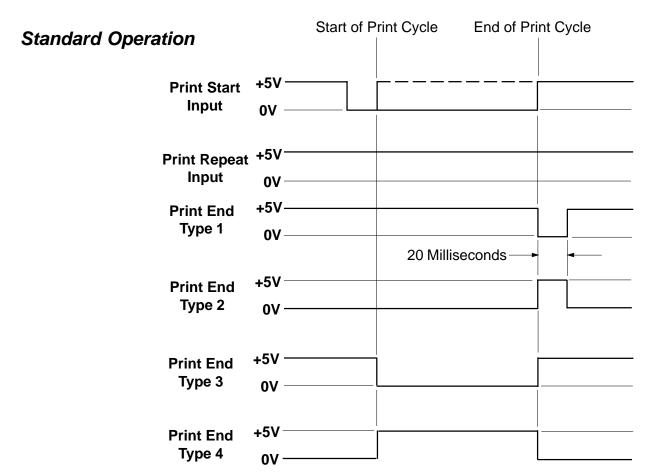
The EXT connector on the rear panel of the M-8485Se printer is intended for use with the external printer accessories such as label rewinders or applicators. The 14 pin Centronics type connector provides a choice of four different output signals along with various error conditions. A DB-9 to 14 pin Centronics adapter cable is provided for legacy applications.

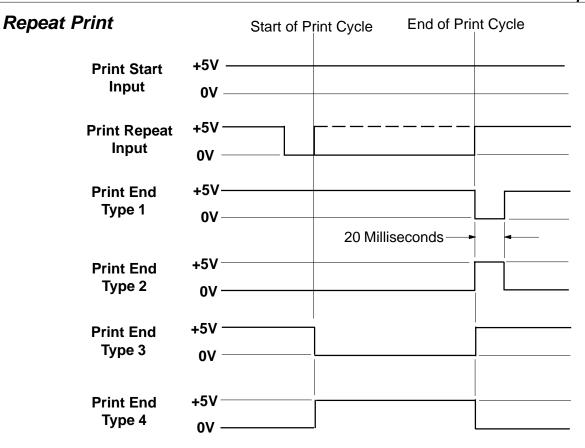
Pin Assignments

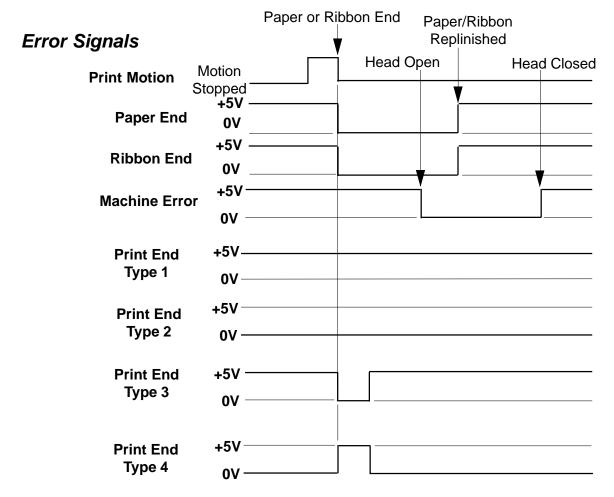
PIN	DIRECTION	SIGNAL DESCRIPTION
13	To Host	Vcc -/+5V
10	To Host	Ribbon Near End - This pin goes high when the amount of ribbon on the unwind shaft is approximately 46 feet (14 m). The output will be low when the ribbon is completely out.
4	To Host	Error - This pin goes low when the printer detects an error condition such as head open or receiving buffer is full.
7	To Printer	Reprint - A duplicate of the last label in a print job will be reprinted when this signal is received.
5	To Printer	Print Start - The printer will print one label when this pin is pulled to ground. This signal must be enabled by placing switch DSW3-5 on the Control Panel in the OFF position.
6	To Host	End Print - It is used to drive an applicator or other external device requiring synchronization with the print cycle. You may choose between four types of output signals using control panel DSW3-6 and DSW3-7 selections. See timing charts on next page.
1	To Host	Label Out - This pin goes low (0V) when a label error exists.
3	To Host	Ribbon Out - This pin goes low (0V) when ribbon is out.
2	Reference	Signal Ground
8	To Printer	+5V Sensor Reference
9	To Host	Off Line - This pin goes low (0V) when the printer is Off Line.
11		Reserved
12	To Host	+24V +/- 10% @2A - Power for external devices
14		Frame Ground

NOTE: The signals on pins 1, 3, 4, 6, 9 and 10 each have an open collector output. These pins normally measure +.07V maximum when a true condition exists. If a false condition occurs, the voltage will drop to 0V. To achieve a signal level of +5V, you must add a 330 ohm, $\frac{1}{4}W$ pull-up resistor between the open collector output pin and Vcc (pin 13) as illustrated. This will provide a signal level of +5V for a true condition and V0 when a false condition exists. The maximum voltage that can be applied to these pins is +50V and the maximum current they can sink is 500 milliamps.









Section

4

Electrical Checks and Adjustments

4.1 Overview

This chapter describes how to check the M-8485Se printer voltage levels and adjust threshold sensor voltages.

The power supply converts 125 VAC into regulated DC voltages. The printer uses: +5V and +24V. These DC voltages are not adjustable, however you can measure these DC voltages at test points located on the Service Board. Section 4-2 contains procedures for measuring DC voltage levels.

You can adjust threshold voltage levels for label sensors. These adjustments are made to allow for variations in the characteristics of the labels used with the printer. If you cannot calibrate the label sensor voltage level within the specified voltage range, you should reposition the label sensor by following the adjustment procedures included in this section. After completing the label sensor adjustment procedures, perform the label sensor voltage level adjustment procedure.

You can check or adjust:

- DC Power Voltage
- Label Pitch Sensor
- Ribbon Sensor
- Pitch Offset
- Label Positions
- Print Darkness
- Calendar Clock Setting

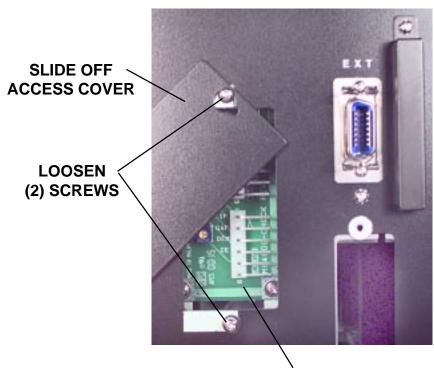
Checks and adjustments in this section require standard metric tools. Other equipment is listed where needed.

4.2 DC Power Voltage Checks

To check voltage levels, first check the fuses (Section 6-3) and replace if necessary then perform the following steps:

> Required Equipment: • DC Voltmeter • #2 Phillips Screwdriver

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Loosen (2) screws holding the service board access cover to the rear of the cabinet. Slide off the cover for access to the service board. <i>Fig. 4-1</i>
2.	Connect the printer AC power cord to a grounded AC outlet. Place the power switch in the OFF position.
3.	Attach the DC voltmeter negative lead to the test point labeled SG (Ground) on the service board. Attach the DC voltmeter positive lead to the corresponding voltage test point and place the power switch in the On position. <i>Fig. 4-2 & Fig. 4-3</i>
4.	Confirm voltages are correct. If not then replace the power supply. Refer to Section 6-4.
5.	After performing tests, replace the access cover.



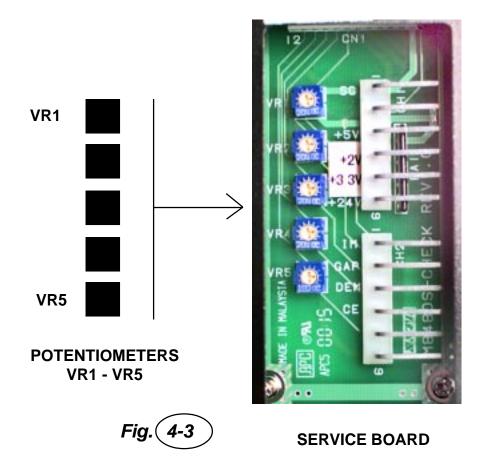
SERVICE BOARD

DC Power Voltage Checks

Test Points	Range	Nominal Range
SG + 5V	+4.8 to +5.2V	+5V
SG + 2.0V	+1.9 to +2.1V	+2.0V
SG + 3.3V	+3.1 to 3.5V	+3.3V
SG + 24V	+23.5 to 24.5V	+24V

Fig. (4-2)

NOTE: The power supply voltages are not adjustable. All voltages must read within the nominal value for correct operation of the printer.



4.3 See Thru Label Pitch Sensor Adjustment

Required Equipment:

- DC Voltmeter
- Small Phillips screwdriver (for potentiometer adjustments)

IMPORTANT! Use pressure sensitive label stock that is rated for use with thermal transfer printers using see thru (transmissive) sensing.

To adjust the See Thru Label Pitch Sensor voltage, perform the following steps:

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Loosen (2) screws holding the service board access cover to the rear of the cabinet. Slide off the cover for access to the service board.
2.	Connect the printer AC power cord to a grounded AC outlet. Place the power switch in the OFF position.
3.	Go to the Gap Input screen on display panel.
4.	LOW LEVEL (BACKING PAPER) ADJUSTMENT (GAP) Position the label gap or a strip of backing sheet in the sensor's field of view. Adjust VR2 on the Service PCB to 0.3 - 0.5V. <i>Fig. 4-4</i> NOTE: Sensor is adjustable and can be moved for holes and notches.
5.	HIGH LEVEL (LABEL) ADJUSTMENT Position a label in the sensor's field of view. Check that the difference between the high and low level is 1V or higher. If the voltage reading is less than 1V repeat step 4. (Ref. HIGH LEVEL (Label) - LOW LEVEL (GAP)>-1V) Level difference should be set as maximum.
6.	After performing tests, replace the access cover.



ADJUST VR2 ON SERVICE BOARD

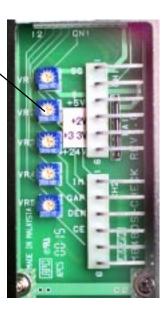


Fig. (4-4)

4.4 Reflective Label Pitch Sensor Adjustment

Required Equipment:

- DC Voltmeter
- Small Phillips screwdriver (for potentiometer adjustments)

To adjust the Reflective Label Pitch Sensor voltage, perform the following steps:

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Loosen (2) screws holding the service board access cover to the rear of the cabinet. Slide off the cover for access to the service board. <i>Fig. 4-1</i>
2.	Load a roll of label stock with "Eye-Marks" into the printer. Leave the head lock lever in the open position.
3.	Connect the printer AC power cord to a grounded AC outlet. Place the power switch in the OFF position.
4.	Go to "Eye-Mark" input screen on display panel.
5.	LOW LEVEL (NO "Eye-Mark") ADJUSTMENT Position a label in the sensor's field of view (except for the black mark part). Adjust VR1 on the Service PCB to 0.3 - 0.5V <i>Fig. 4-5</i> NOTE: Sensor is fixed.
6.	HIGH LEVEL ("Eye-Mark") ADJUSTMENT Position the non-reflective "Eye-Mark" printed on the reverse side of the label backing in the sensor's field of view. Check that the difference between the high and low level is 1V or higher. If the voltage reading is less than 1V repeat step 5. (Ref. HIGH LEVEL with "Eye-Mark" - LOW LEVEL (GAP)>-1V) Level difference should be set as maximum.
7.	After performing tests, replace the access cover.



ADJUST VR5

ON MAIN PCB

ADJUST VR2 ON SERVICE BOARD



Fig. (4-5

4.5 Ribbon Sensor Adjustment

Required Equipment:

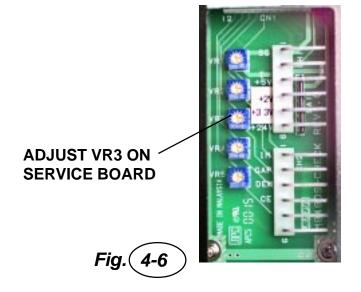
- DC Voltmeter
- Small Phillips screwdriver (for potentiometer adjustments)

VR3 on the Service PCB is used.

To adjust the Ribbon Sensor voltage, perform the following steps:

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Loosen (2) screws holding the service board access cover to the rear of the cabinet. Slide off the cover for access to the service board. <i>Fig. 4-1</i>
2.	Connect the printer AC power cord to a grounded AC outlet. Place the power switch in the OFF position.
3.	Go to the input screen on display panel.
4.	LOW LEVEL (No Slit) ADJUSTMENT Turn the ribbon unwind boss slowly so that no slit is in view of the sensor. Adjust VR3 on the Service PCB to 0.3 - 0.5V. <i>Fig. 4-6</i>
5.	HIGH LEVEL (With Slit) ADJUSTMENT Turn the ribbon unwind boss slowly so that the slit is in centered on the sensor. Check that the difference between the high and low level is 2.0V or higher. If the voltage reading is less than 2V repeat step 4.
6.	After performing tests, replace the access cover.



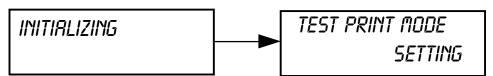


4.6a Pitch Offset Sensor Adjustment (User Setting)

Pitch Offset is adjusted with the PITCH potentiometer on the Dip Switch Panel.

STEP | PROCEDURE

1. Turn On the power while simultaneously pressing the **FEED** key. When the printer emits one long beep, release the **FEED** key to display the Initializing screen. It will then immediately display Test Print Mode Setting screen.



2. Press the **FEED** key to advance to the Test Print Size screen. It will default to 12CM size.

TEST PRINT SIZE

3. Press the **FEED** key to advance to the Test Print Size screen. It will default to 12CM size. Press the **FEED** key to accept this size or press the **LINE** key to cycle through other sizes. The screen will default to 04CM.

TEST PRINT SIZE OYCN

4. Press the **FEED** key to advance to the User Test Print Size screen.

USER TEST PRINT PRESS FEED KEY

Press the **FEED** key to start a test print. To stop printing temporarily, press the **FEED** key again.

Caution: Excessive printing will cause degradation of the print head since all elements of the print head are heated at once. Be extra cautious if 5 inch wide labels are used.

- Check the deviation of the print position by the scales on the two sides of the test print. Adjust position with the PITCH potentiometer on the Dip Switch Panel. The range is \pm 3.75 mm.
- 6. Press the **FEED** key to stop the test print. Turn off the power switch.



5.

4.6b Pitch Offset Sensor Adjustment (Factory Setting)

Pitch Offset is adjusted with the PITCH potentiometer on the Dip Switch Panel and is a factory setting.

STEP	PROCEDURE		
1.	Place the Pitch volume on the Dip Switch Panel to the center (12:00) position.		
2.	Place DSW2-4 in the ON position.		
3.	Turn On the power switch while simultaneously pressing the LINE and FEED keys. When the printer emits one long beep, release the keys to display the Initializing screen. It will then immediately display Maintenance Mode screen.		
	INITIALIZING MAINTENANCE MODE DIPSU2-4 ON->OFF		
4.	Place DSW2-4 in the OFF position to display the next screen.		
	FACTORY MODE		
5.	Press the FEED key to display the next screen.		
	COUNTER CLEAR NONE		
6.	Press the FEED key to advance to the Test Print Size screen. It will default to Large. Press the FEED key to accept this size or press the LINE key to		
	select Small. PRINT SIZE		
	SMRLL LARGE		
7.	Press the FEED key to advance to the next screen.		
	TEST PRINT		
	PRESS FEED KEY		
8.	Press the FEED key to start a test print. To stop printing temporarily, press the FEED key again.		
	Caution: Excessive printing will cause degradation of the print head since all elements of the print head are heated at once. Be extra cautious if 5 inch wide labels are used.		

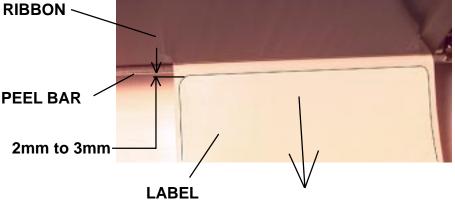
Pitch Offset Sensor Adjustment (Factory Setting)

STEP	PROCEDURE	
9.	Check the deviation of the print position by the scales on the two sides the test print. Adjust postion with the PITCH potentiometer on the Dip Switch Panel. The range is +/-3.75 mm.	
10.	Press the FEED key to stop the test print. Turn Off the power switch. POTENTIOMETER	

4.7 Feed/Backfeed Adjustment

Feed/Backfeed adjustment (label end distance from the dispenser bar) is made using the OFFSET potentiometer on the Dip Switch Panel.

1. Turn On the power switch to display the Online screen. ONLINE QTY 000000 2. Press the LINE key to set printer to the Offline screen. OFFLINE QTY 000000 3. Press the FEED key to feed a label. Confirm the end of the label is 2mm to 3mm from the peel bar. RIBBON



If necessary, adjust the Offset potentiometer on the Dip Switch Panel to

obtain the correct position.

Turn Off the power switch.

4.

4.8 Print Darkness Adjustment

Print Darkness adjustment is made using the PRINT potentiometer on the Dip Switch Panel.

STEP	PROCEDURE	
1.	Place the Print volume on the Dip Switch Panel to the center (12:00) position.	
2.	Turn On the power while simultaneously pressing the FEED key. When the printer emits one long beep, release the FEED key to display the Initializing screen. It will then immediately display Test Print Mode Setting screen	
	INITIALIZING TEST PRINT MODE SETTING	
3.	Press the FEED key to advance to the Test Print Size screen. It will default to 12CM size.	
	TEST PRINT SIZE	
	1201	
4.	Press the FEED key to accept this size or press the LINE key to cycle through other sizes. The screen will default to 04CM.	
	TEST PRINT SIZE	
	OYCM	
5.	Press the FEED key to advance to the User Test Print Size screen.	
	USER TEST PRINT	
	PRESS FEED KEY	
6.	Press the FEED key to start a test print. To stop printing temporarily, press the FEED key again.	
	Caution: Excessive printing will cause degradation of the print head since all elements of the print head are heated at once. Be extra cautious if 5 inch wide labels are used.	
7.	If necessary, adjust the print darkness by adjusting the Print potentiometer on the Dip Switch Panel.	
8.	Press the FEED key to stop the test print. Turn off the power switch.	
	PRINT	

POTENTIOMETER

4.9 LCD Darkness Adjustment

STEP	PROCEDURE	
1.	Turn On the power switch to display the Online screen.	
	ONLINE	
	QTY 000000	
2.	Adjust the Display potentiometer on the front panel if necessary for best message viewing.	
	UNLIENE DISPLAY LINE QTY: 000000 LABEL RIBBON	
3.	Turn Off the power switch. DISPLAY POTENTIOMETER	

*0*5

4.10 Calendar Clock Setting

STEP PROCEDURE Turn On the power while simultaneously pressing the **LINE** key. When the 1. printer emits one long beep, release the **LINE** key to display the Initializing screen. It will then immediately display ADVANCED Mode screen. ROVANCED MODE INITIALIZING 2. Press the **FEED** key 4 times to advance to the Calendar Enabled screen. CALENDAR ENABLED YES NO 3. Press the **LINE** key to select YES then press the **FEED** key. CALENDAR 00/00/00 00:00 4. Set Month, Day, Hour and Minute as follows: a) Press the **FEED** key until the cursor is positioned under the digit you wish to change. Then press the **LINE** key to change the value. b) Press the **FEED** key to advance to the next set of digits. Press the **LINE** key to change the values as in Step a). After the Minute setting is finished, press the **FEED** key to advance to the 5. next screen. EURO CODE

Turn off the power switch.

6.

Mechanical Adjustments

5.1 Overview

The M-8485Se Printer Engines contain adjustable mechanical sub-assemblies. This means that during your regular maintenance, your service technicians are able to make adjustments to reset the printer to factory specifications thereby ensuring optimum performance of your printer.

The main mechanical sub-assemblies are:

- Ribbon Unwind/Rewind Assembly
- Ribbon Guide Roller Assembly
- Print Head Assembly
- Drive Belt Assembly

In this section you will find procedures for:

- Ribbon Clutch Adjustments
- Ribbon Guide Plate Adjustment
- Print Head Balance Adjustment
- Print Head Alignment
- Timing Belt Tension Adjustments
- Feed Roller Adjustment
- Peel Bar Adjustment
- Ribbon Unwind/Rewind Shaft Adjustment

5.2 Ribbon Clutch Adjustments

Excessive ribbon unwind and rewind tension will result in variable ribbon motion and could be the cause of print quality problems.

Follow the procedures 5.2.1 and 5.2.2 to verify that the ribbon unwind and rewind tensions are within specification or if adjustment of either clutch is necessary.

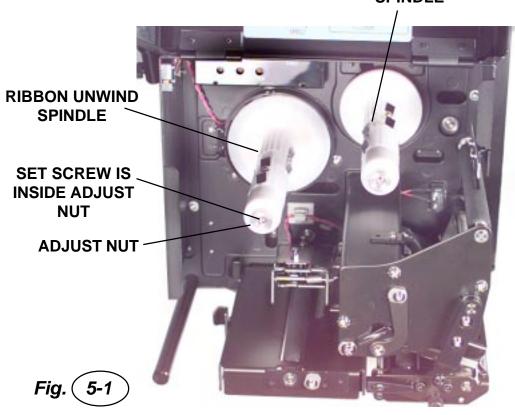
For 5.2.1 and 5.2.2	 1 Kg Tension Gauge Ribbon Core, empty String 12mm Wrench #2 Phillips Screw Driver
---------------------	---

5.2.1 Ribbon Unwind Clutch Adjustment

To adjust the Ribbon Unwind Clutch, perform the following steps:

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Remove the ribbon if installed.
2.	Place an empty ribbon core on the ribbon unwind spindle. Attach the free end of the string to the tension gauge. <i>Fig. 5-1, 5-2</i>
3.	Wind the string tightly around the ribbon core in a single layer and in a clockwise direction. Attach the free end of the string to the tension gauge.
4.	Gradually lift the tension gauge, pulling the string to unwind it from the core. Once the spindle begins to move, the gauge should indicate 600 to 800 grams of tension. Excessive or insufficient tension must be corrected by adjusting the ribbon unwind clutch.
	To adjust the clutch, loosen the set screw and move the adjust nut CW for more tension and CCW for less tension. Tighten the set screw and repeat Steps 3 and 4 until the correct tension is achieved.

RIBBON REWIND SPINDLE

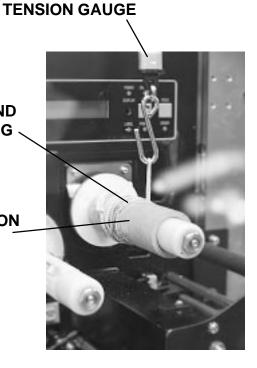




600-800G (UNWIND SPINDLE, STRING IS CW) 500-700G (REWIND SPINDLE, STRING IS CCW)

EMPTY RIBBON CORE

Figs. (5-2)



5.2.2 Ribbon Rewind Clutch Adjustment

To adjust the Ribbon Rewind Clutch, perform the following steps:

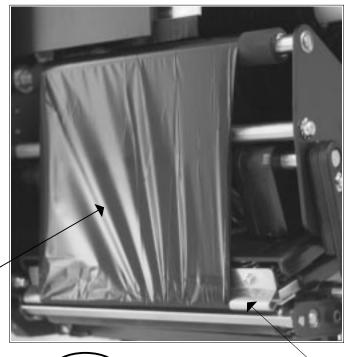
STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Place an empty ribbon core on the ribbon wind spindle. Attach the free end of the string to the tension gauge. <i>Fig. 5-1, 5-2</i>
2.	Wind the string tightly around the ribbon core in a single layer and in a CCW direction. Attach the free end of the string to the tension gauge.
3.	Gradually lift the tension gauge, pulling the string to unwind it from the core. Once the spindle begins to move, the gauge should indicate 500 to 700 grams of tension. Excessive or insufficient tension must be corrected by adjusting the ribbon unwind clutch.
	To adjust the clutch, loosen the set screw and move the adjust nut to get the correct tension. Tighten the set screw and repeat Steps 3 and 4 until the correct tension is achieved.

5.3 Ribbon Guide Plate Adjustments

Required Equipment: • 10mm Open End Wre • #2 Phillips Screw Dri
--

If the ribbon is not smooth across the guide plate (ribbon wrinkle) and adjustment is required, perform the following steps:

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Check for even ribbon tension by watching the ribbon movement under the guide plate as it moves upward toward the ribbon rewind spindle. If it appears uneven, proceed to Step 2. <i>Fig. 5-3 and 5-4</i>
2.	Loosen the (2) retaining screws and reposition the guide plate. Retighten the screws. <i>Fig. 5-5</i>
3.	Recheck the ribbon alignment and print. If results are not satisfactory or if wrinkles appear behind the head, adjust the Ribbon Shaft Eccentric Nut (Fig. 5-6) with a 10mm wrench and Phillips screwdriver. For additional refinement, perform Print Clutch Adjustment (Section 5.2), Print Head Balance Adjustment (Section 5.4) and/or Print Head Alignment (Section 5-5).

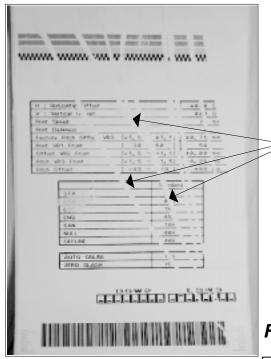


RIBBON WRINKLE (EXAGERATED FOR CLARITY)

Fig. 5-3

GUIDE PLATE

Ribbon Guide Plate Adjustments



DIAGONAL VOIDS (WHITE STREAKS) THAT "WALK" ACROSS LABEL, CAUSED BY RIBBON WRINKLE

Fig. (5-4)

RETAINING SCREWS

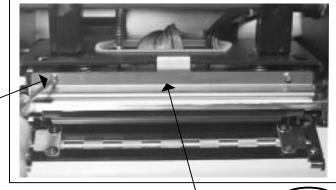


Fig. (5-5)

GUIDE PLATE

RIBBON

IF WRINKLES APPEAR
BEHIND THE PRINT
HEAD, ADJUST RIBBON
SHAFT ECCENTRIC NUT
WITH WRENCH AND
PHILLIPS SCREWDRIVER

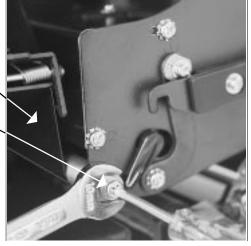


Fig. (5-6)

5.4 Print Head Balance Adjustment

Required Equipment:	10mm Open End Wrench#2 Phillips Screw Driver
---------------------	---

To optimize print quality, perform the following steps to adjust the print head balance, using head pattern as a guide:

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Load the ribbon and label stock into the printer.
2.	Loosen the screw holding spacer plate to side frame. Hold eccentric nut along flats with 10mm wrench and loosen holding screw. Turn the eccentric nut clockwise to increase the density of the inner side of the image/label. Turn the eccentric nut counter-clockwise to increase the density of the print on the outside of the image/label. <i>Fig. 5-7</i>
3.	Hold the eccentric nut in place with the 10mm wrench and tighten the screw. Do not turn the eccentric nut beyond the adjustment marks.
	Refer to sample labels for adjustment conditions. Fig. 5-8

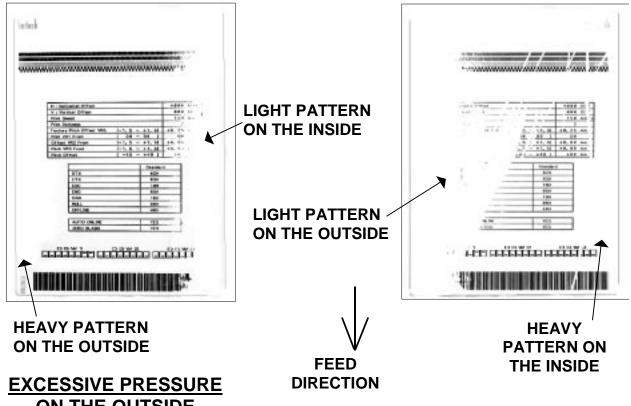
LOOSEN SCREW ¼ TURN, USE 10 MM WRENCH TO ADJUST ECCENTRIC NUT CW OR CCW AND TIGHTEN SCREW

LOOSEN SCREW HOLDING SIDE PLATE TO FRAME \

Fig. (5-7)

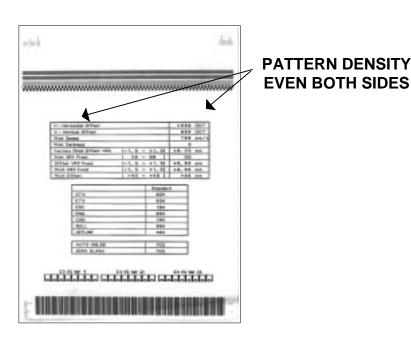


Print Head Balance Adjustment



ON THE OUTSIDE

EXCESSIVE PRESSURE ON THE INSIDE



CORRECT ADJUSTMENT

Figs.(5-8

ILLUSTRATIONS SHOWN ARE EXAMPLES ONLY AND MAY NOT EXACTLY MATCH YOUR OUTPUT

5.5 Print Head Alignment

Required Equipment:		Flat Head Screwdriver
	•	#2 Phillips Screwdriver

To adjust the print head alignment and make print quality consistent across label, perform the following steps:

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Loosen the (2) guide plate screws on the print head, one on the right side and one on the left. Loosen (1) post screw. <i>Fig. 5-9A, & 5-9B</i>
2.	Move the position of the adjustment plate forward or backward by turning the flat head screwdriver in the adjustment slots while printing. <i>Fig. 5-10</i>
3.	Tighten all the screws. Refer to sample labels for adjustment conditions. <i>Fig. 5-11</i>

LOOSEN SCREWS ON PRINT HEAD TWO PLACES

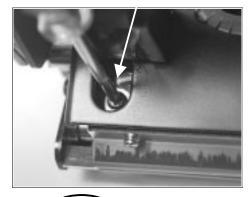


Fig. (5-9A)

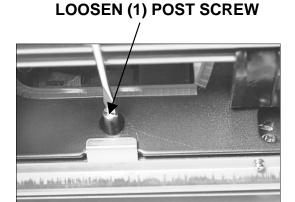
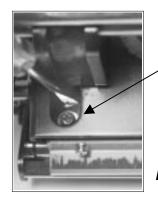


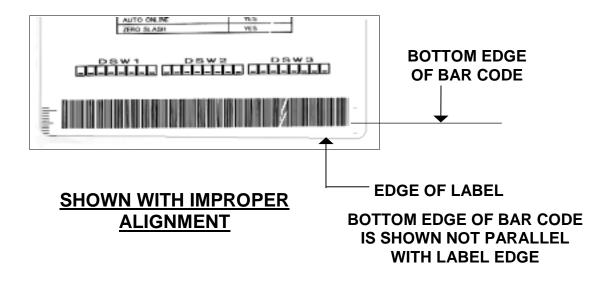
Fig. (5-9B)

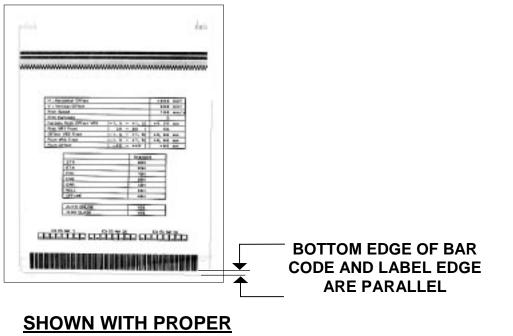


SCREWDRIVER IN SLOTS OF HEAD ADJUSTMENT PLATE

Fig. (5-10)

Print Head Alignment





ALIGNMENT

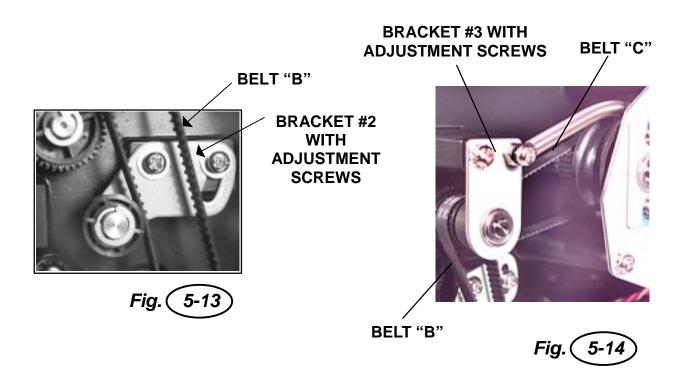
Figs. (5-11

ILLUSTRATIONS SHOWN ARE EXAMPLES ONLY AND MAY NOT EXACTLY MATCH YOUR OUTPUT

5.6 Timing Belt Tension Adjustment

Required Equipment:		500g Tension Gauge #2 Phillips Screwdriver
	•	#2 Phillips Screwariver

STEP PROCEDURE Push the center of each timing belt with the tension gauge and note the 1. tension reading when each belt is moved 1 to 2mm. Refer to Fig. 5-12 to identify Belts "A", "B" and "C" and Brackets #1, #2 and #3. If the tension reading from Belt "B" is not within range of 500g, reposition 2. bracket #2. Tighten screws when belt tension is correct. Fig. 5-13 3. If the tension reading from Belt "C" is not within range of 500g, reposition bracket #3. Tighten screws when belt tension is correct. Fig. 5-14 If the tension reading from Belt "A" is not within range of 500g, reposition 4. bracket #1. The screws are accessible from the media side of the printer. Tighten screws when belt tension is correct. Fig. 5-15 & 5-16



Timing Belt Tension Adjustment

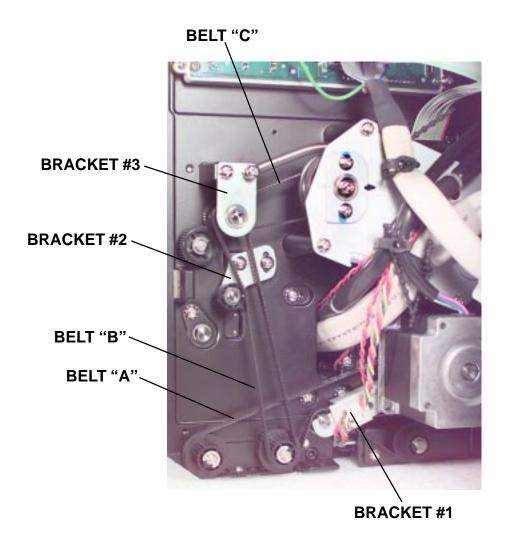
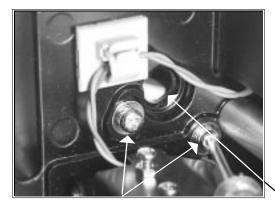
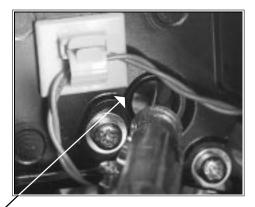


Fig. 5-12

Timing Belt Tension Adjustment



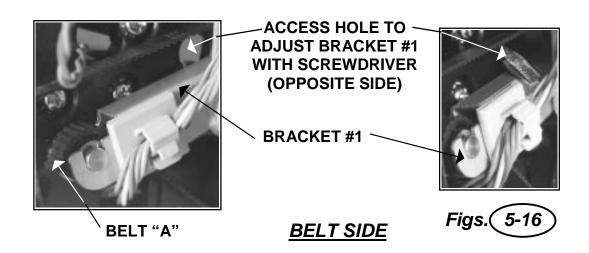
(2) ADJUSTMENT SCREWS FOR BRACKET #1



ACCESS HOLE TO ADJUST BRACKET #1 WITH SCREWDRIVER

Figs. 5-15

MEDIA SIDE



5.7 Feed Roller Adjustment (Label Tracking)

Required Equipment:	•	10mm Open End Wrench
1		#2 Phillips Screwdriver

Used for fine tuning. Adjusts pressure between upper and lower rollers.

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Load the ribbon and label stock into the printer.
2.	Loosen the set screw and turn the eccentric nut CW or CCW. <i>Fig. 5-18</i> Rotating CW moves the Feed Roller Assembly forward and labels will track towards the inside. Rotating CCW moves the Feed Roller Assembly backward and labels will track towards the outside. Tighten the (2) screws after adjusting.
3.	To increase pressure between the upper and lower rollers, adjust the two screws on the media lid. Adjust the height of the screws to 5mm. <i>Fig. 5-17</i>

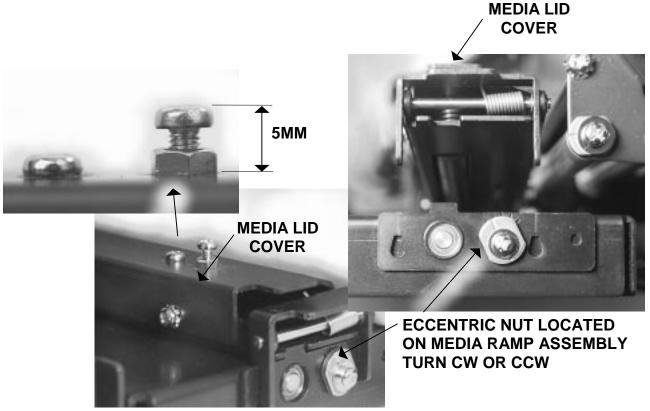


Fig. (5-17)

Fig. (5-18)

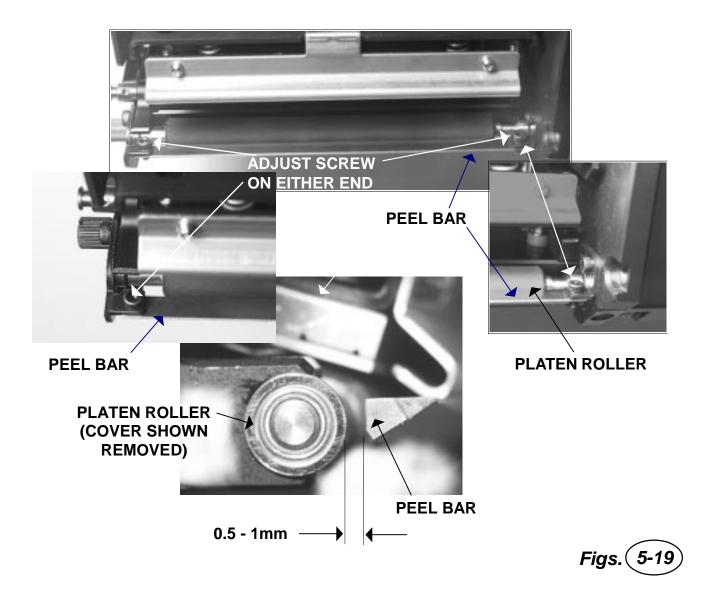
5.8 Peel Bar Adjustment

Required Equipment:		5.5mm Open End Wrench
	•	#2 Phillips Screwdriver

The distance between the dispense bar and the platen roller should be 0.5-1mm and equal on both the inside of the platen/peel bar and the outside of the peel bar.

To adjust perform the following.

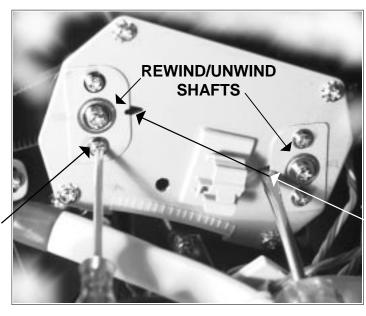
1. Loosen the set screw on either end of the peel bar and adjust to obtain an equal distance between the platen roller and the peel bar. Figs. 5-19



5.9 Ribbon Unwind/Rewind Shaft Adjustment

To adjust the Ribbon Unwind/Rewind Shaft tension perform the following steps:

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Check for even/smooth ribbon tension at the ribbon unwind spool as the ribbon travels downward past the print head. If it appears to be uneven, proceed to Step 3.
2.	Check for even/smooth ribbon tension at the ribbon unwind spool as the ribbon travels upward from under the print head. If it appears to be uneven, proceed to Step 3.
	NOTE: Before attempting Step 3, be sure the Ribbon Guide Plate has first been adjusted (Section 5.3).
3.	Loosen the set screws on the adjustment plate <i>Fig. 5-20</i> . Insert a flat blade screwdriver into the adjustment slot and adjust for even/smooth ribbon tension at the ribbon unwind/rewind spool/shaft.
	NOTE: The ribbon unwind/rewind shafts should be parallel to each other and perpendicular to the base frame of the printer.
	The ribbon unwind/rewind shaft adjustment may affect the timing belt adjustment (Section 5-6). Readjust if required.



LOOSEN SCREWS ADJUSTMENT SLOTS

Fig. (5-20)

Section

6

Replacement Procedures

6.1 Overview

The M-8485Se Printer Engines contain replacement components and sub-assemblies. This section contains step-by-step instructions for removing and replacing the following components and subassemblies.

- Fuses
- Power Supply
- Main Circuit Board
- LCD Display Panel Label Sensor
- Dip Switch Panel
- Stepper Motor
- Timing Belts
- Ribbon Clutch Washers

- Ribbon Motion Sensor
- Cover Open Switch
- Head Open Switch
- Label Gap Sensors
- Label Out Sensor
- Platen
- Print Head

6.2 Replacing Fuses

Fuse replacement is described in the following section.

- 6.2.1 Removing and replacing the Main Power Fuse
- 6.2.2 Removing and replacing the internal Fuse(s)

NOTE: Before replacing a fuse, determine the cause of the overload condition.

6.2.1 Removing and Replacing the Main Power Fuse

Required Equipment:	F15 Amp, 250 V Fuse

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Switch the printer OFF and disconnect the power cable.
2.	On the back of the printer locate the fuse cap. Unscrew the fuse cap and remove the defective fuse. <i>Fig.6-1</i>
3.	Replace the fuse with one of equal rating (F15 Amp, 250 V) and screw the fuse cap back. Do not use a fuse with a higher rating.
4.	Reconnect the power cable.

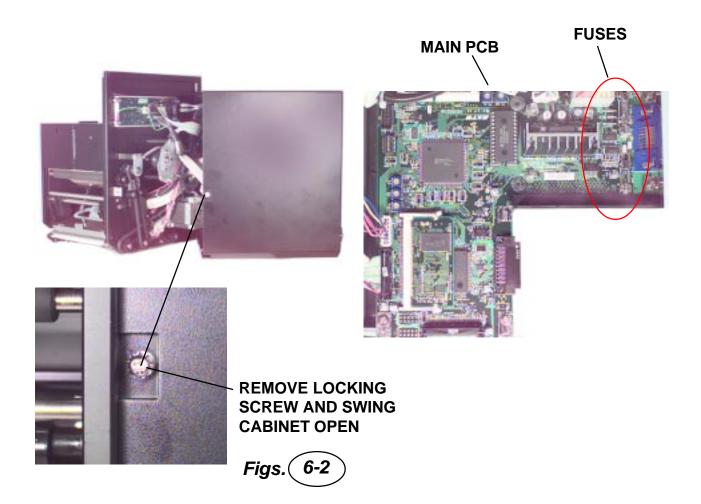


Replacing Fuses

6.2.2 Removing and Replacing the Internal Fuse(s)

Required:	T3.15 Amp, 250 V Fuse or
	T 1 Amp, 250 V Fuse

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Switch the printer OFF and disconnect the power cable.
2.	Remove locking screw from the side of the cabinet to allow the printer to swing open for access to the fuse(s) <i>Fig.6-2</i>
3.	Replace the defective fuse with one of equal rating. Do not use a fuse with a higher rating.
4.	Close the printer sections and replace the locking screw.
5.	Reconnect the power cable.

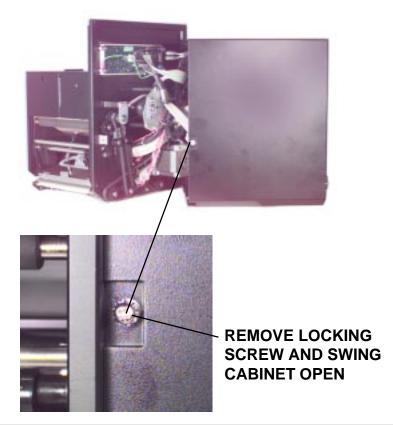


6.3 Replacing the Power Supply

The Power Supply is a non-repairable component with no service parts and is replaced as a complete assembly.

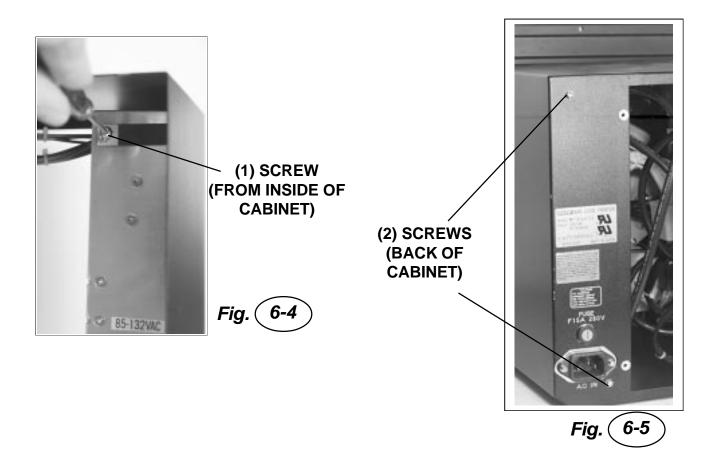
To remove and replace the Power Supply, perform the following steps:

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Switch the printer OFF and disconnect the power cable.
2.	Remove locking screw from the side of the cabinet to allow the printer to swing open for access to the fuse(s) <i>Fig.6-3</i>
3.	Remove (2) screws holding the power supply to the back of the cabinet and (1) screw from inside the cabinet. <i>Fig. 6-4 & 6-5</i>
4.	Remove the defective power supply. <i>Fig. 6-6</i>
5.	Detach (5) connectors from the power supply. Figs. 6-7
6.	Install a new power supply.
7.	Reattach connections and screws previously removed.
8.	Close the printer sections and replace the locking screw.
9.	Reconnect the power cable.



Figs. (6-3)

Replacing the Power Supply



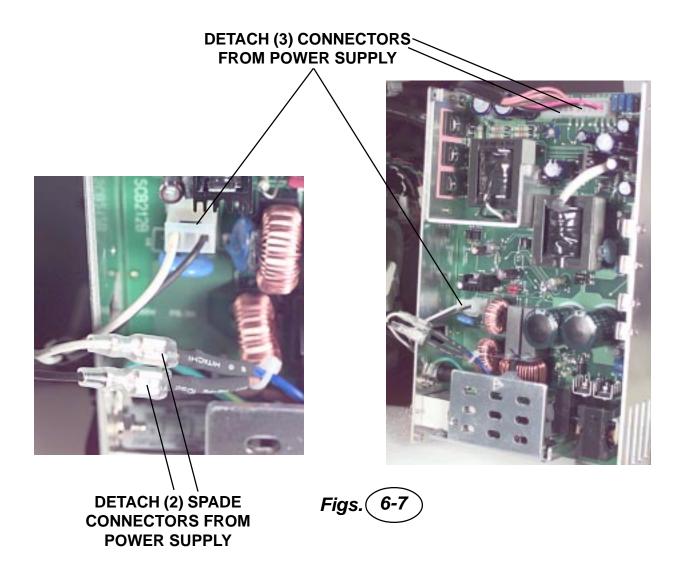


REMOVE POWER

SUPPLY

Fig. 6-6

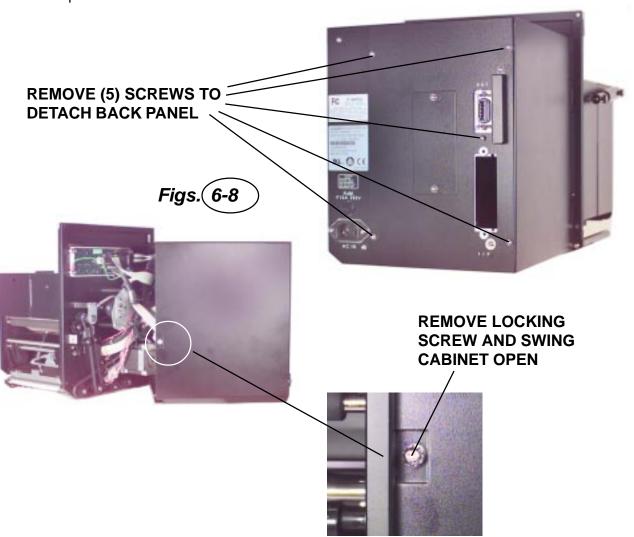
Replacing the Power Supply



NOTE: Many of the components on this board are susceptible to damage by static electricity. To avoid damage from static electricity, do not unpack new circuit boards from anti-static bags until instructed to do so and use a wrist grounding strap.

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Switch the printer OFF and disconnect the power cable.
2.	Remove (5) screws securing the back panel to the cabinet. Figs. 6-8
3.	Remove screw from cabinet side to allow printer halves to swing open for access to the inside of the printer. <i>Figs. 6-8</i>
4.	Reach inside cabinet and detach connector. Fig. 6-9
5.	From the back of the printer (Back Panel has been removed) remove (4) screws as shown in <i>Figs. 6-10</i> . Pull the PCB board (still attached to the frame) out the back of the printer.
6.	Remove (2) screws holding the Service Board and bracket to the main PCB. Detach the connector. Set aside for reassembly to the replacement PCB. <i>Figs. 6-10</i>
7.	Note cable connections locations, then disconnect all cables from the PCB board. <i>Figs. 6-11</i>
8.	Remove (2) screws from EXT Connector. Figs. 6-12
9.	Remove (3) screws to detach PCB board from the frame. Remove the board from the printer. <i>Figs. 6-12</i>
10.	Locate the Flash Memory Module on the Main PCB Board. <i>Figs. 6-11</i> Carefully press outward on the tabs on both ends of the Main PCB Board Memory Frame to release the Memory Module PCB. The module should lift by itself when released. Remove the module from the frame. Note the indexing notches. <i>Figs. 6-13</i> Set the Memory Module PCB aside for installing on the replacement Main PCB.
11.	Install the Memory Module on the replacement Main PCB. Note the indexing notches. Insert the module into the Main PCB Memory Frame at approximately 45° away from the Main PCB Board. Gently push down to snap into position. <i>Figs. 6-14</i>

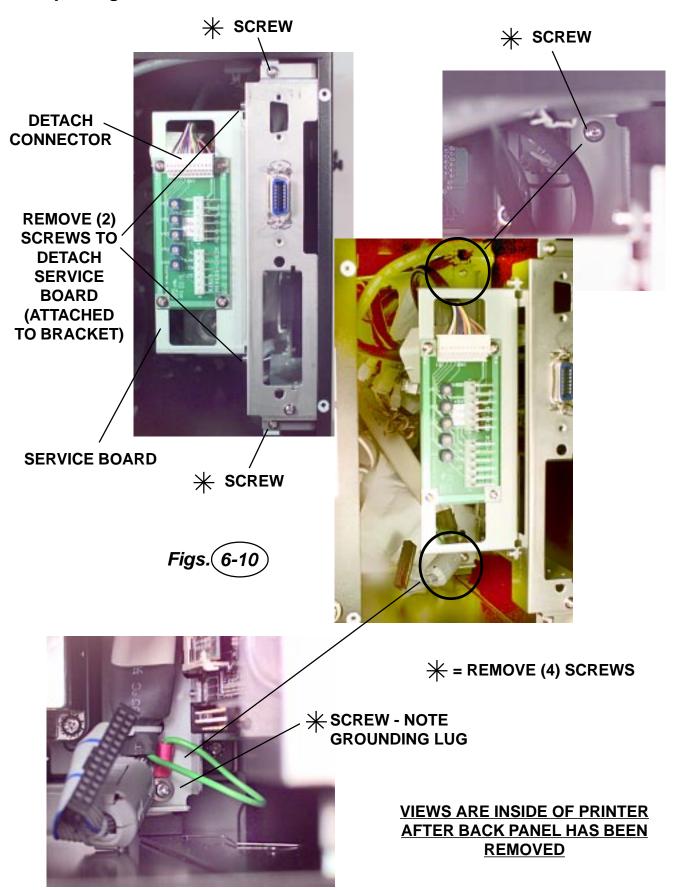
STEP	PROCEDURE
11.	Make sure DIP Switches and jumpers are set correctly and POTS are turned to 12:00 (middle of range) before installing PCB.
12.	Reinstall replacement PCB reversing steps 1 through 9.
13.	Complete the Factory Reset Procedure.

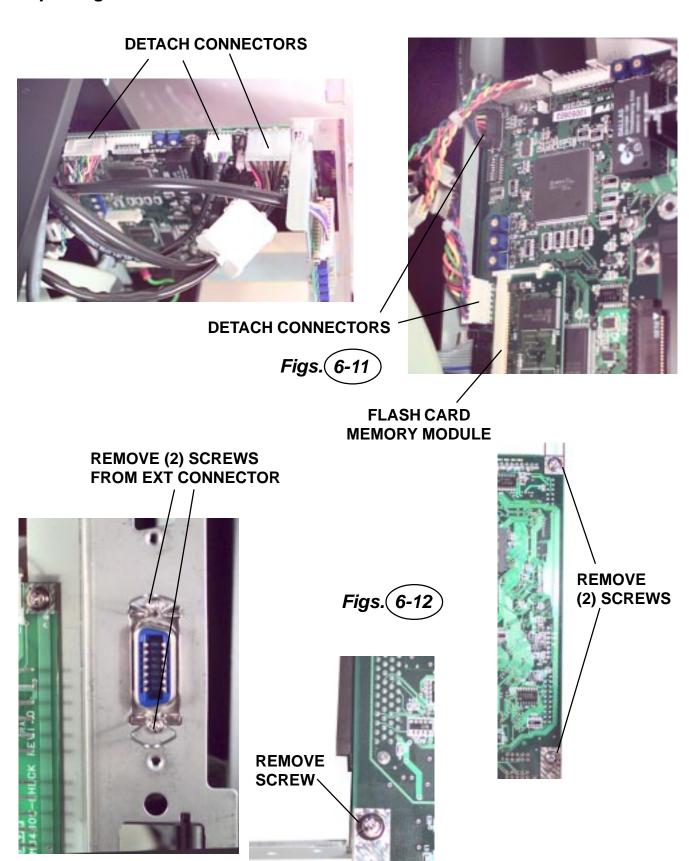




REACH INSIDE CABINET AND DETACH CONNECTOR

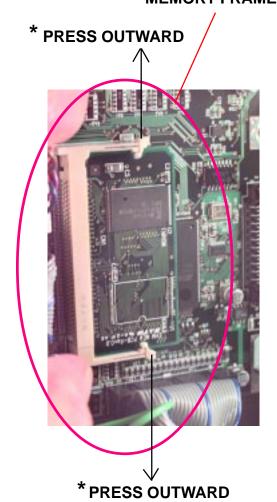
Fig. (6-9)

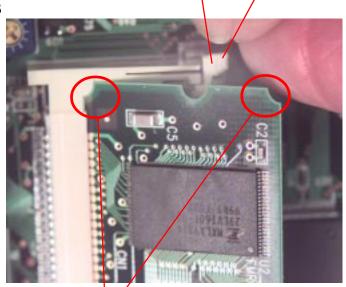




* CAREFULLY PRESS OUTWARD ON TABS ON BOTH ENDS OF THE FRAME TO RELEASE THE MEMORY PCB.

STANDARD MEMORY PCB IN THE MAIN PCB MEMORY FRAME





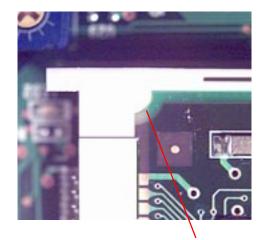
INDEXING NOTCHES



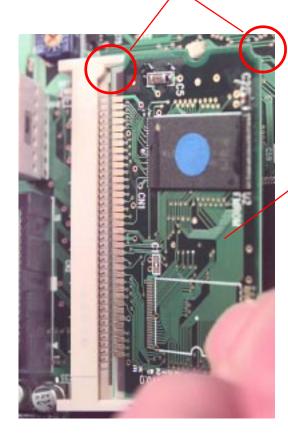
Figs. 6-13

NO NOTCH ON THIS SIDE

FLASH MEMORY MODULE



INDEXING NOTCHES



APPROXIMATELY

45° ANGLE

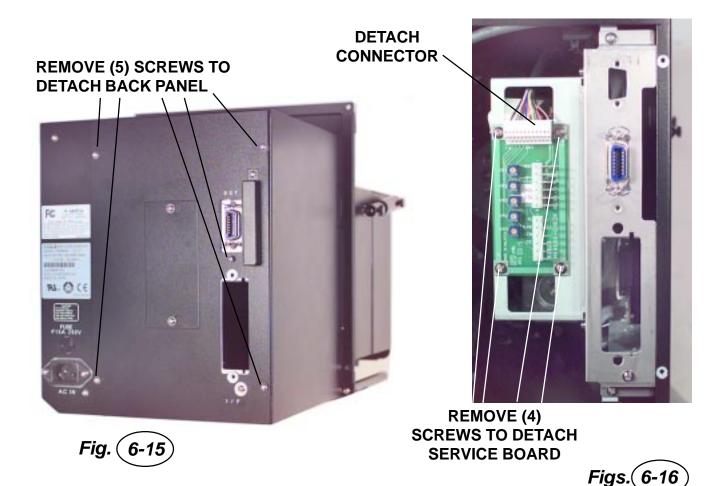
INSERT THE FLASH MEMORY
MODULE INTO THE MAIN PCB
MEMORY FRAME AT
APPROXIMATELY 45°. NOTE THE
INDEXING NOTCH ON THE
MODULE. GENTLY PUSH DOWN TO
SNAP INTO POSITION

Figs. 6-14

6.5 Replacing the Service Board

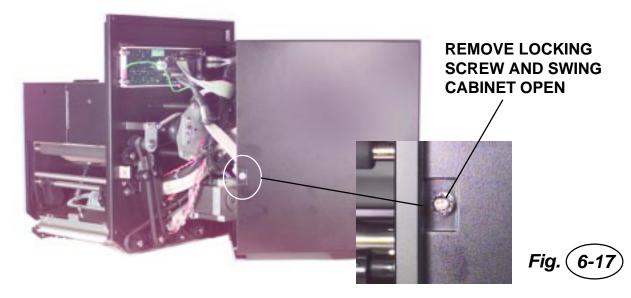
NOTE: Many of the components on this board are susceptible to damage by static electricity. To avoid damage from static electricity, do not unpack new circuit boards from anti-static bags until instructed to do so and use a wrist grounding strap.

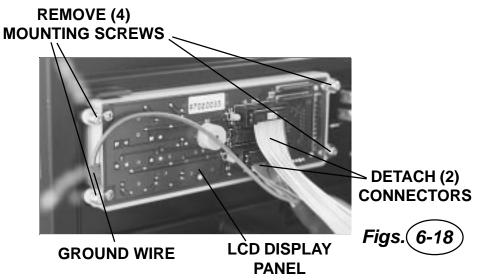
STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Switch the printer OFF and disconnect the power cable.
2.	Remove (5) screws securing the back panel to the cabinet. <i>Fig. 6-15</i>
3.	Detach the connector from the Service Board. Fig. 6-16
4.	Remove (4) screws to detach defective service board from bracket.
5.	Reinstall replacement service board reversing the above steps.



6.6 Replacing the LCD Display Panel

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Switch the printer OFF and disconnect the power cable.
2.	Remove screw from cabinet side to allow printer halves to swing open for access to the inside of the printer. <i>Fig. 6-17</i>
3.	Detach (2) connectors from the display panel PCB.
4.	Remove (4) panel mounting screws. Note that one screw secures a ground wire. Note location for reassembly. <i>Fig. 6-18</i>
5.	Remove and replace the LCD Display Panel. Reattach the connectors.
6.	Close the printer halves and replace the locking screw.
7.	Reconnect the power cable.





6.7 Replacing the Dip Switch Panel

STEP PROCEDURE Switch the printer OFF and disconnect the power cable. 1. 2. Raise the lid on the mechanical side of the printer. 3. Snap off the cover from the Dip Switch Panel. Insert a probe such as a narrow blade screwdriver into the slots for ease in removing the cover. Fig. 6-19 Remove (2) screws holding the panel to the cabinet. Fig. 6-20 4. 5. Detach the cable connection from the panel. *Fig.* 6-21 6. Remove and replace the Dip Switch Panel. Reattach the cable. 7. Reconnect the power cable.

INSERT A NARROW PROBE INTO COVER SLOTS FOR EASE IN REMOVAL



Fig. 6-19

REMOVE (2) SCREWS

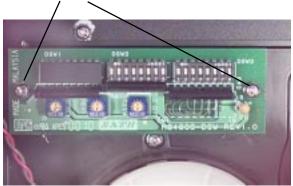


Fig. (6-20)

DETACH CONNECTION

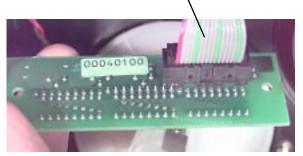
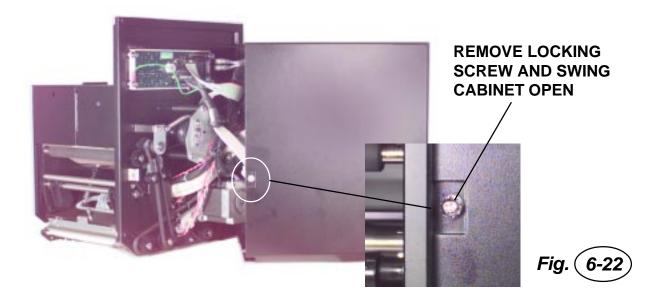


Fig. (6-21)

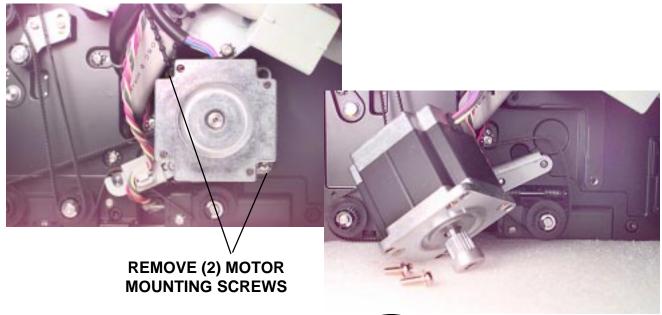
6.8 Replacing the Stepper Motor

The stepper motor is used to transmit motion to the print mechanism for precise print positioning. The stepper motor transmits torque to the label feed roller, the platen roller, the ribbon feed roller, and the ribbon rewind spindle via a series of toothed pulleys and timing belts.

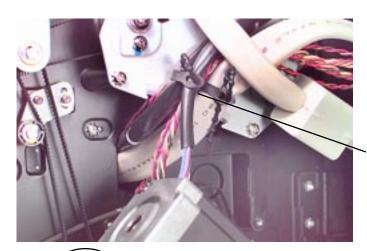
STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Switch the printer OFF and disconnect the power cable.
2.	Remove screw from cabinet side to allow printer halves to swing open for access to the inside of the printer. <i>Fig. 6-22</i>
3.	Remove (2) mounting screws attaching the stepper motor to the frame. Remove motor to dislodge pulley from belt. <i>Figs. 6-23</i>
4.	Detach the cable from the cable holder. Disconnet the cable connector from the main PCB and remove the motor. <i>Fig. 6-24 & 6-25</i>
5.	Replace the motor with gear installed and remount to the frame. Reconnect the cable connector to the PCB and reattach the cable to the cable holder.
6.	Adjust belt tension as outlined in Section 5.6.
7.	Close the printer halves and replace the locking screw.
8.	Reconnect the power cable.



Replacing the Stepper Motor



Figs. (6-23)



DETACH CABLE FROM CABLE HOLDER

Fig. (6-24)

DISCONNECT THE CABLE CONNECTOR FROM THE MAIN PCB BOARD



Fig. (6-25)

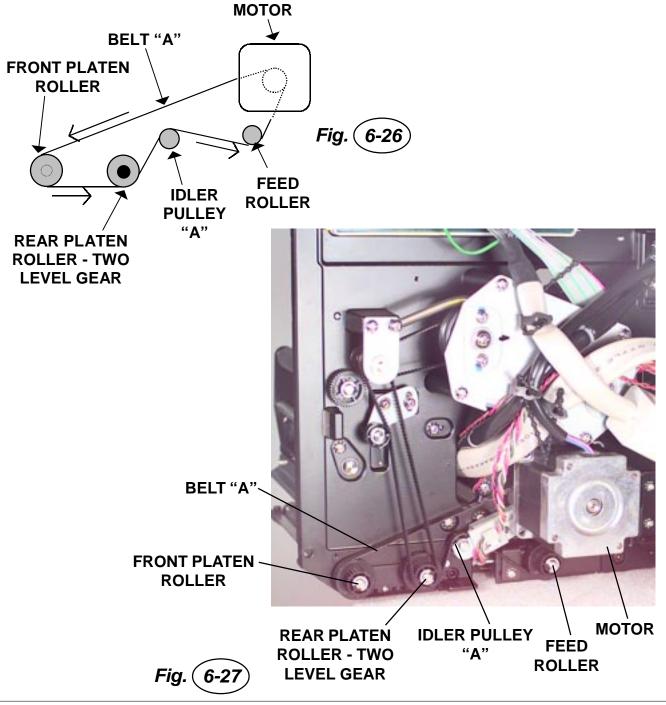
Three timing belts used in this printer are arranged as follows:

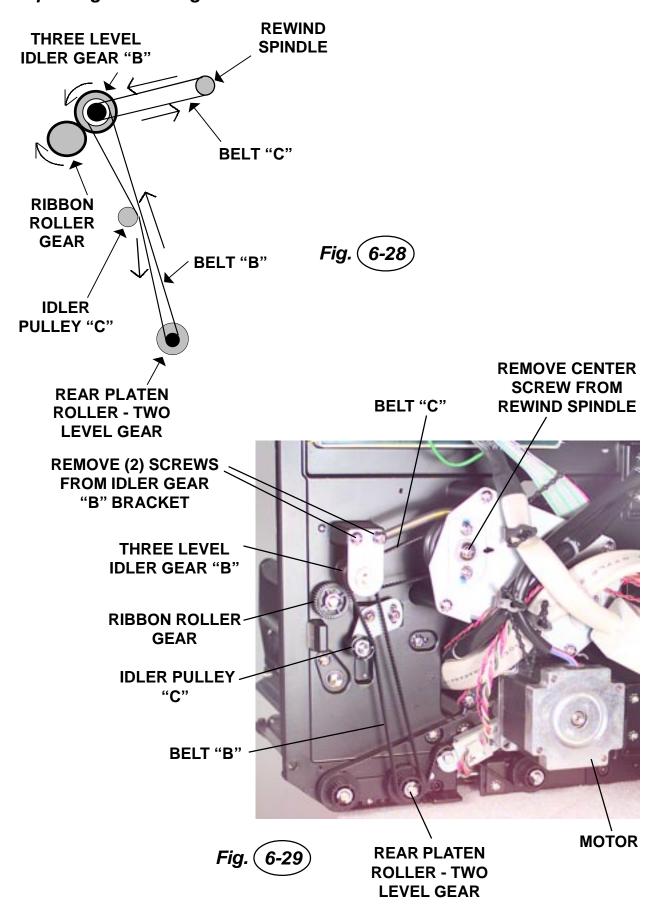
Starting at the stepper motor:

Belt "A" - From the motor to front and rear platen rollers to idler pulley "A" to feed roller and back to motor. **Fig. 6-26 & 6-27**

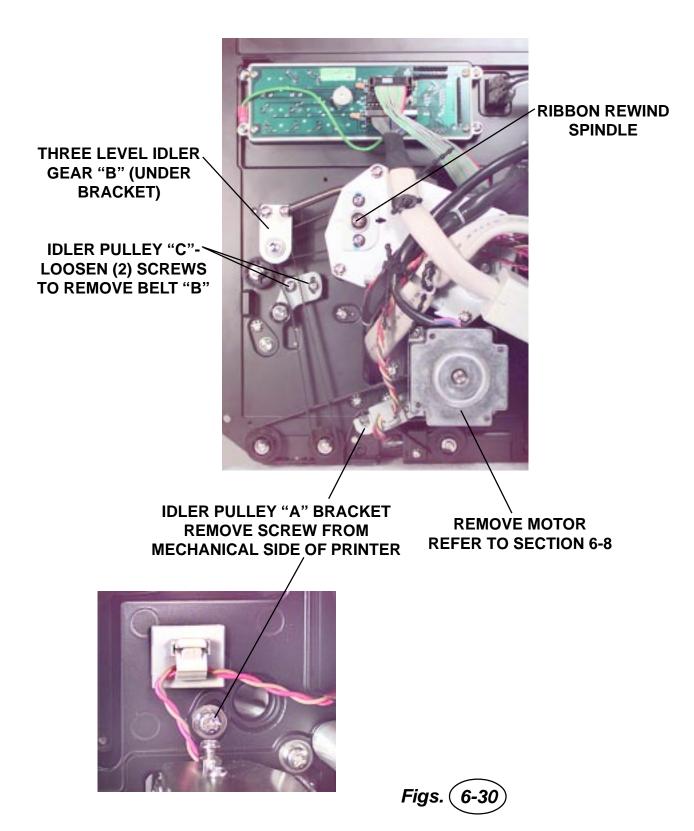
Belt "B & C" - From rear platen roller to three level idler gear "B". The first level of idler gear "B" meshes with ribbon roller gear. The second level of idler gear "B" is connected to the rear platen. The third level of idler gear "B" is connected to the rewind spindle via Belt "C" **Fig. 6-28 & 6-29**

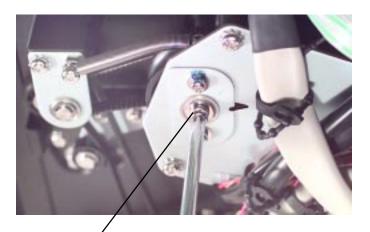
Idler pulley "C" is used for adjusting tension on belt.



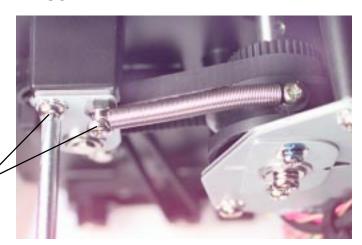


STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Refer to Section 6.8 and perform Steps 1-3 to remove and dislodge the motor from the frame and from belt "A". Do not detach wire connections from the motor. Belts "C", "B" and "A" are removed in sequence.
2.	Refer to all Figs. in this section before replacing belts. Remove (2) screws from idler gear "B" bracket and the center screw holding the ribbon rewind spindle. Use wrench on opposite end of shaft (in the mechanical section) to prevent the shaft from slipping. Pull shaft back towards the mechanical section, just enough so that belt "C" slides off the end of the shaft. Remove belt "C" from both pulleys.
3.	Loosen (2) screws from idler pulley "C". Remove belt "B" from both pulleys.
4.	From the mechanical section, remove holding idler pulley "A" mounting bracket screw. Detach the bracket and maneuver belt "A" from pulleys and the gears. Replace belts as required. Replace screws previously removed. Secure wire bundle in clamp.
5.	Refer to Section 6-8 and remount the motor and attaching hardware to the frame.
6.	Adjust belt tension as outlined in Section 5.6.
7.	Close the printer halves and replace the locking screw.
8.	Reconnect the power cable.



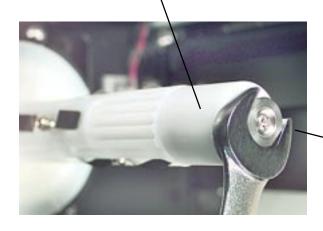


REMOVE CENTER SCREW



REMOVE (2) SCREWS FROM IDLER GEAR / BRACKET "B"

RIBBON REWIND SPINDLE



USE WRENCH TO PREVENT SHAFT FROM SLIPPING WHEN REMOVING BELT "C"

Figs. 6-31

6.10 Replacing the Ribbon Drive Clutch Washers

Both the ribbon unwind and the rewind drive spindles incorporate a friction clutch assembly to control tension. The friction washers within these clutch assemblies are replaceable. The procedure is identical for both the unwind and rewind spindles. To disassemble, perform the following steps:

STEP	PROCEDURE
1a.	Switch the printer OFF and disconnect the power cable.
2a.	Raise the lid on the mechanical side of the printer.
3a.	Remove screw from cabinet side to allow printer halves to swing open for access to the inside of the printer. <i>Fig. 6-31</i>
4a.	Remove the following parts from each of the spindle shafts (in order): <i>Figs. 6-32</i>



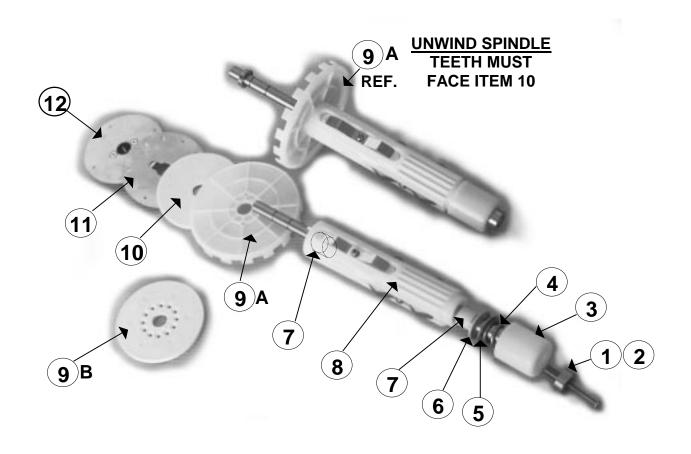
Figs.	(6-31)
ı ıgs.	(U-J I	J

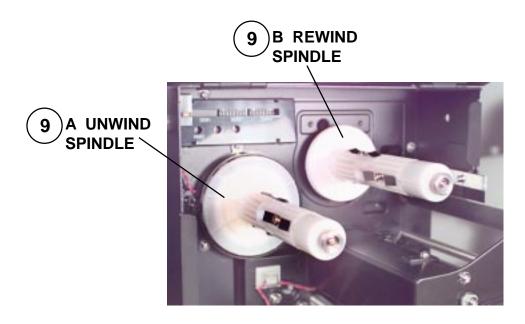
REMOVE LOCKING SCREW AND SWING CABINET OPEN

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	TY EA ASSY
1.	SCREW	(1)
2.	ADJUSTMENT NUT	(1)
3.	STOPPER COLLAR	(1)
4.	SPRING	(1)
5.	DISC	(1)
6.	OIL-LESS DRY METAL WASH	IER (1)
7.	COLLAR	(2)
8.	RIBBON BOSS	(1)
9A & 9B	DISC PLATE (DIFFERENT)	(1)
10.	FRICTION WASHER	(1)
11.	HOLD PLATE	(1)
12.	BACK PLATE	(1)

NOTE: Disassemble one spindle at a time so that the other can be used for reference. Go to page 6-23 to reassemble.

Replacing the Ribbon Drive Clutch Washers





COMPONENTS ARE SHOWN ASSEMBLED

Figs. 6-32

Replacing the Ribbon Drive Clutch Washers

To reassemble the spindles, perform the following steps:

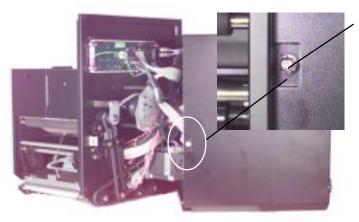
STEP	PROCEDURE
1b.	To each spindle, install Item 11 Plate with teeth facing outward and align the plate with the peg on the Ribbon Shaft Flange.
2b.	Install Item 10 Felt Friction Washer onto the Ribbon Shaft and slide it against Item 11 Plate.
3b.	Install (1) ea. Item 9A or 9B Rewind and Unwind Disc Plates onto Item 8 Ribbon Bosses. Align the hole in the Disc Plates over the pegs on Item 8. The teeth/slots on the unwind disc plate must be facing away from the Ribbon Boss. Install this assembly onto the Ribbon Shaft and slide it against the felt friction washer.
4b.	Install Item 6 Oil-less Dry Metal Washer onto the ribbon shaft with the copper side facing inward (the black carbon side will face outward). Align Item 6 Washer with the peg on #8 Ribbon Boss.
5b.	Install Item 5 Disc onto the ribbon shaft with the smooth side facing Item 6 Washer, (one side of the disc is smooth and the other side has sharp edges).
6b.	Install Item 4 Spring onto the ribbon shaft.
7b.	Install Item 3 Stopper Collar onto the ribbon shaft.
8b.	Screw the Item 2 Adjustment Nut clockwise into the end of the ribbon shaft.
9b.	Replace #1 Screw and tighten.
10b.	Close the printer halves and replace the locking screw.
11b.	Reconnect the power cable.

NOTE: Do not over-tighten the adjustment nut since this screw is used to adjust the clutch tension. Adjust the clutch tension as outlined in Section 5-2.

6.11 Replacing the Ribbon Motion Sensor

To remove and replace the Ribbon Motion Sensor perform the following steps:

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Switch the printer OFF and disconnect the power cable.
2.	Raise the lid on the mechanical side of the printer.
3.	Remove screw from cabinet side to allow printer halves to swing open for access to the inside of the printer. <i>Fig. 6-33</i>
4.	Remove the dip switch cover. Fig. 6-34
5.	Remove (3) screws and the ring from around the unwind spindle. Fig. 6-34
6.	Twist open the cable tie and unplug SEN4 connector from the sensor harness at SEN4. Fig. 6-35 & 6-36
7.	Remove sensor mounting screw and push the sensor through the access hole. <i>Fig. 6-34</i>
8.	Remove (2) screws holding sensor to the mounting bracket. Fig. 6-37
9.	Replace sensor and reattach to the mounting bracket. Feed sensor connector back through the access hole and reattach to sensor harness at SEN4. Attach the sensor to the frame.
10.	Replace the ring and screws removed in Step 5. Replace the dip switch cover.
11.	Close the printer halves and replace the locking screw.
12.	Reconnect the power cable.



REMOVE LOCKING SCREW AND SWING CABINET OPEN

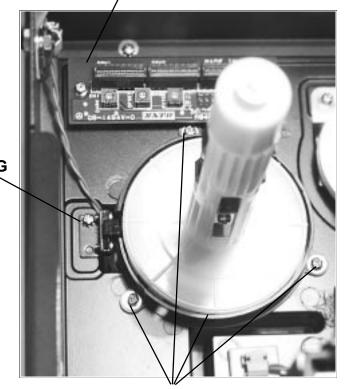
Fig. (6-33)

Replacing the Ribbon Motion Sensor

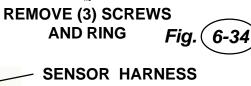
TWIST OPEN CABLE TIE

REMOVE DIP SWITCH COVER (SHOWN REMOVED)

REMOVE MOUNTING SCREW



SENSOR HARNESS @ (CN9) CONNECTOR FOR SEN4, SEN5, SEN6 & SEN7



CONNECTOR TO PCB BOARD

(2) SCREWS ATTACHING RIBBON MOTION SENSOR TO BRACKET

CONNECTOR FROM RIBBON MOTION SENSOR INTO SENSOR HARNESS MARKED "SEN4"



Figs. (6-36)

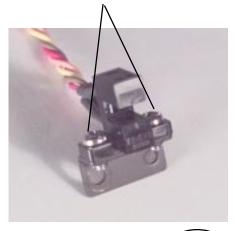
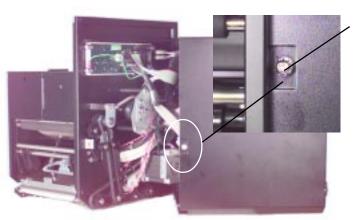


Fig. (6-37)

6.12 Replacing the Cover Open Switch

To remove and replace the Cover Open Switch perform the following steps:

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Switch the printer OFF and disconnect the power cable.
2.	Raise the lid on the mechanical side of the printer.
3.	Remove screw from cabinet side to allow printer halves to swing open for access to the inside of the printer. <i>Fig. 6-38</i>
4.	Twist open the cable tie and unplug SEN6 connector from the sensor harness at SEN6. <i>Fig. 6-39 & 6-40</i>
5.	Remove the screw securing the ribbon motion sensor and move the sensor just enough to allow the connector SEN6 on the end of the sensor to slide through the access hole. <i>Fig. 6-41 & 6-42</i>
6.	Remove (2) screws holding sensor to the cabinet side. Fig. 6-43
7.	Replace sensor and reattach to the cabinet side. Feed sensor connector back through the access hole and replace tie. Reattach to sensor harness at SEN6.
8.	Remount the ribbon motion sensor removed in Step 5.
9.	Close the printer halves and replace the locking screw.
10.	Reconnect the power cable.



REMOVE LOCKING SCREW AND SWING CABINET OPEN

Fig. (6-38)

Replacing the Cover Open Switch



Fig. 6-39

TWIST OPEN CABLE TIE

REMOVE MOUNTING SCREW FROM RIBBON MOTION SENSOR



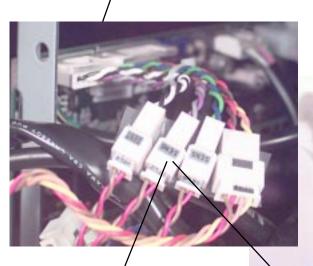
PULL SEN6 THROUGH ACCESS HOLE \

Fig. (6-41)

Fig. (6-42



SENSOR HARNESS @ (CN9) CONNECTOR FOR SEN4, SEN5, SEN6 & SEN7



CONNECTOR FROM COVER OPEN SWITCH INTO SENSOR HARNESS MARKED "SEN6"

Figs. (6-40)

SENSOR HARNESS CONNECTOR TO PCB BOARD

REMOVE (2) SCREWS TO DETACH SWITCH FROM CABINET

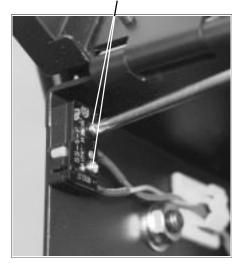


Fig. 6-43

6.13 Replacing the Head Open Switch

To remove and replace the Head Open Switch perform the following steps:

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Switch the printer OFF and disconnect the power cable.
2.	Raise the lid on the mechanical side of the printer.
3.	Remove screw from cabinet side to allow printer halves to swing open for access to the inside of the printer. <i>Fig. 6-44</i>
4.	Remove (2) screws holding sensor to the cabinet side. <i>Fig. 6-45</i>
5.	Open the bundle tie and unplug SEN5 connector from the sensor harness at SEN5. <i>Fig.</i> 6-46 & 6-47
6.	Draw the sensor through the access hole.
7.	Replace sensor and reattach to the cabinet side. Feed sensor connector back through the access hole and fasten bundle tie. Reattach to sensor harness at SEN5.
8.	Close the printer halves and replace the locking screw.
9.	Reconnect the power cable.



REMOVE LOCKING SCREW AND SWING CABINET OPEN

Fig. 6-44

Replacing the Head Open Switch

REMOVE (2) SCREWS TO DETACH SWITCH FROM CABINET

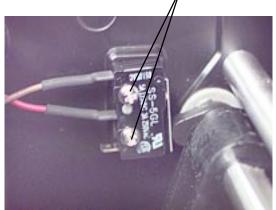


Fig. 6-45

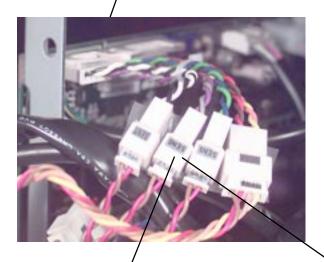
PULL SEN5 THROUGH ACCESS HOLE

OPEN BUNDLE TIE



Fig. 6-46

SENSOR HARNESS @ (CN9) CONNECTOR FOR SEN4, SEN5, SEN6 & SEN7



CONNECTOR FROM HEAD OPEN SWITCH INTO SENSOR HARNESS MARKED "SEN5"

Figs. 6-47





6.14 Replacing the Label Gap Sensor Board (Bottom 1/2) and "Eye-Mark" Sensor (Reflective) Board

The bottom 1/2 of the Label Gap Sensor and the "Eye-Mark" Sensor is combined on one phenolic board. Access to replace the board is from the under side of the printer.

STEP	PROCEDURE			
1.	Switch the printer OFF and disconnect the power cable.			
2.	Raise the lid on the mechanical side of the printer.			
3.	Remove screw from cabinet side to allow printer halves to swing open for access to the inside of the printer. Place side of cabinet down on flat surface to expose the bottom. <i>Fig. 6-48 & 6-49</i>			
4.	Remove (2) screws, (2) spacers and plasitic shield holding the Label Gap Sensor to the frame. <i>Fig. 6-50 & 6-51</i>			
5.	Unsnap cable holder and open tie bundle. Unplug SEN1 connector from the sensor harness at SEN1. <i>Fig.</i> 6-51, 6-52 & 6-53			
6.	Remove and replace the sensor module. Reattach to sensor harness at SEN1.			
7.	Close the printer halves and replace the locking screw.			
8.	Reconnect the power cable.			



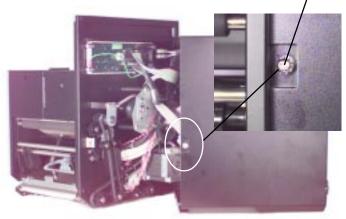


Fig. (6-48)



Fig. 6-49

PLACE SIDE OF CABINET DOWN ON FLAT SURFACE TO EXPOSE BOTTOM

Replacing the Label Gap Sensor Board (Bottom 1/2) and "Eye-Mark" Sensor (Reflective) Board

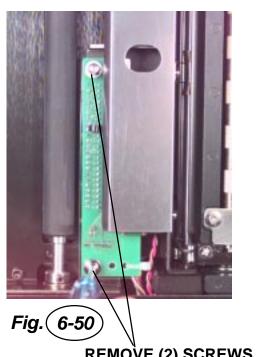
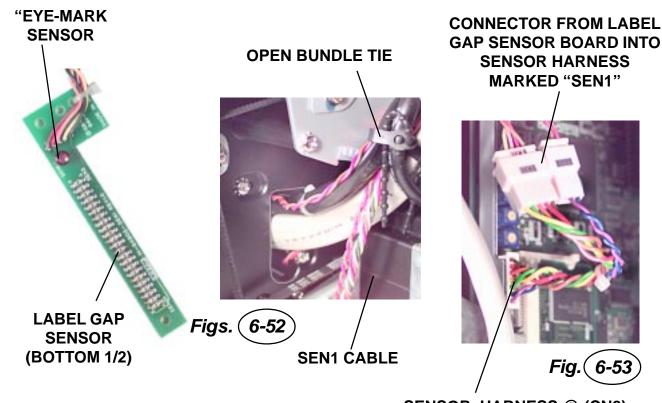


Fig. 6-51

UNSNAP CABLE HOLDER

REMOVE (2) SCREWS, (2) SPACERS AND PLASTIC SHIELD



SENSOR HARNESS @ (CN8) CONNECTOR FOR SEN1, & SEN2

6.15 Replacing the Label Gap Sensor Board (Top 1/2)

Access to the top 1/2 of the Label Gap Sensor is through the front of the printer.

STEP	PROCEDURE			
1.	Switch the printer OFF and disconnect the power cable.			
2.	Remove screw from cabinet side and swing the cabinet open. Fig. 6-54			
3.	Raise the lid on the mechanical side of the printer.			
4.	Remove (2) screws from media hold down. Carefully wiggle off cover to expose the sensor assembly. <i>Figs. 6-55</i>			
5.	Raise the print head. Insert screw driver in space under the print head and remove (2) screws holding the sensor assembly to the bottom portion of the media hold down frame. <i>Figs. 6-56</i>			
6.	Use an allen wrench and remove (2) screws holding the sensor to the sensor bracket. Detach the sensor. <i>Fig. 6-57</i>			
7.	Unsnap the cable holder and detach the sensor cable. Fig. 6-58			
8.	Unplug sensor connector from sensor harness marked "SEN2" and pull the connector end through the access hole. <i>Fig. 6-59</i>			
9.	Remove and replace the sensor module. Feed sensor connector back through the access hole and reattach SEN2 to the cable harness.			
10.	Replace parts previously removed.			
11.	Close the printer cabinet and replace the locking screw.			
12.	Reconnect the power cable.			



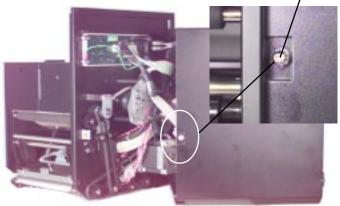
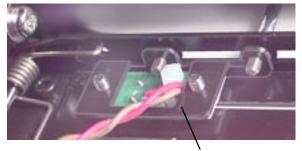


Fig. 6-54

Replacing the Label Gap Sensor Board (Top 1/2)

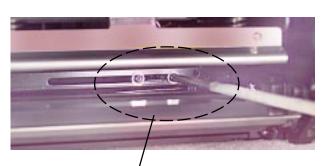




SENSOR ASSEMBLY

Figs. (6-55)

SENSOR ASSEMBLY



CAREFULLY SLIDE SCREW DRIVER THROUGH SPACE AND REMOVE (2) SCREWS TO DETACH SENSOR ASSY





USE ALLEN WRENCH AND REMOVE TO SCREWS TO DETACH SENSOR

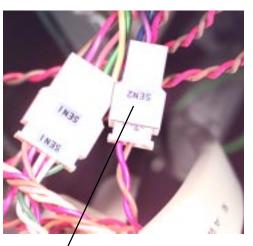
Replacing the Label Gap Sensor Board (Top 1/2)





Fig. 6-58

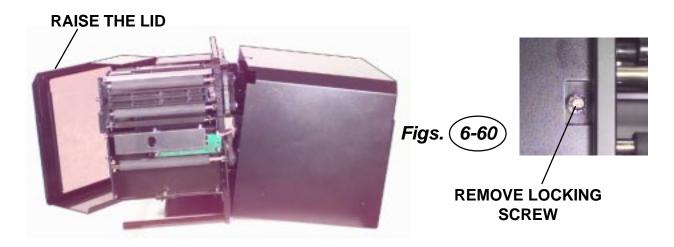




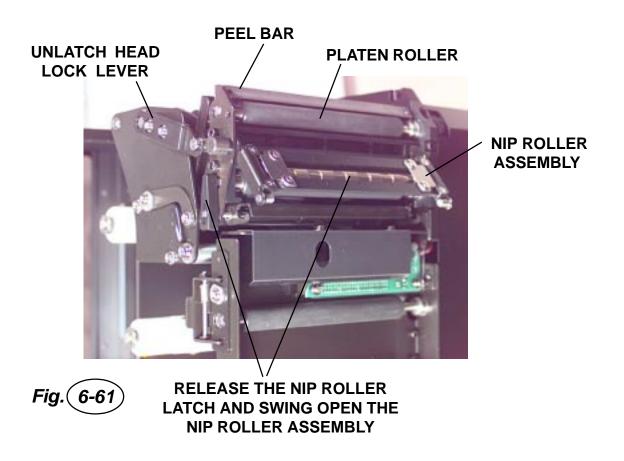
UNPLUG SENSOR CONNECTOR FROM SENSOR HARNESS MARKED "SEN2" AND PULL THROUGH ACCESS HOLE

Figs. (6-59)

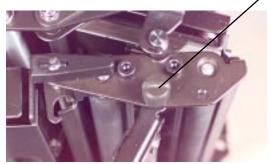
STEP	PROCEDURE			
1.	Switch the printer OFF and disconnect the power cable.			
2.	Position for access to the underside of the printer. Remove screw from cabinet side and raise the lid. <i>Figs. 6-60</i>			
3.	Unlatch the head lock lever if engaged. Fig.6-61			
4.	Release the nip roller latch and swing open the nip roller assembly. Fig. 6-61			
5.	Unfasten the thumb screw and remove the nip roller assembly. Figs. 6-62			
6.	Remove (2) Allen screws attaching bracket to platen frame Fig. 6-63			
7.	Remove (4) Allen screws attaching cradle frame to chassis. Use an open end wrench and remove pin. Pry off cover and remove Allen screw under cover. <i>Fig. 6-64</i>			
8.	Remove (1) Allen screw which holds one side of the peel bar to the small bracket that is attached to the chassis. <i>Fig. 6-65</i>			
9.	Reposition printer for access to the motor. Loosen (2) motor mounting screws to free belts from platen and feed rollers. <i>Fig. 6-66</i>			
10.	Carefully separate the cradle frame containing the platen and components from the chassis. The peel bar will still be attached on one end to the cradle frame. <i>Fig. 6-67</i> CAUTION! Be careful of the cable connections which are attached.			
11.	Remove "E" clip from the end of the shaft which holds a stepped gear to the end of the platen shaft. Push shaft slightly back into the gear so that the end of support bearing will clear the cradle. Repeat this step for the feed roller. Figs 6-67 & 6-68			
12.	Push shaft slightly forward so that the end of the support bearing will clear the cradle frame. Platen and components can now be easily separated. <i>Figs.</i> 6-68			
13.	Replace the platen roller and reattach the components. Position collar against bushing and tighten screw after installation. <i>Figs. 6-69</i>			
14.	Reassemble other parts previously removed.			
15.	Remount the motor and adjust belt tension as outlined in Section 5-6.			
16.	Close the printer and replace the locking screw.			
17.	Reconnect the power cable.			

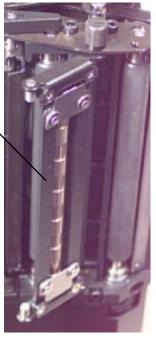


POSITION FOR ACCESS TO THE UNDERSIDE OF THE PRINTER



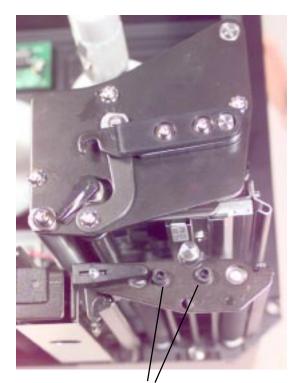
UNFASTEN AND REMOVE
THUMB SCREW AND
REMOVE NIP ROLLER
ASSEMBLY





Figs. 6-62

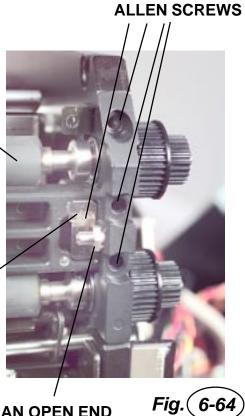
PLATEN ROLLER



REMOVE (2) ALLEN SCREWS ATTACHING BRACKET TO PLATEN FRAME

Fig. 6-63

PRY OFF COVER AND REMOVE ALLEN SCREW UNDER COVER

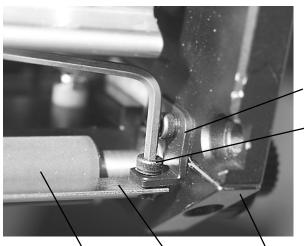


REMOVE (4)

• • •

USE AN OPEN END WRENCH AND REMOVE PIN

Note: Platen and Feed Rollers are indentical



SMALL BRACKET

REMOVE ALLEN SCREW

Fig. (6-65)

PLATEN ROLLER PEEL BAR

CHASSIS

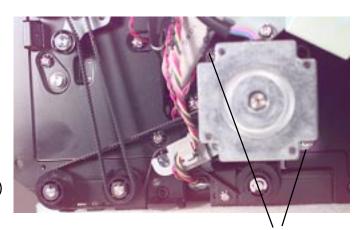


Fig. 6-66

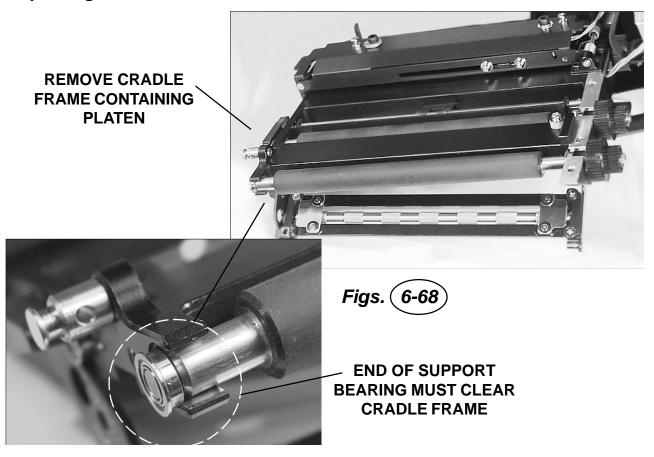
PLATEN ROLLER

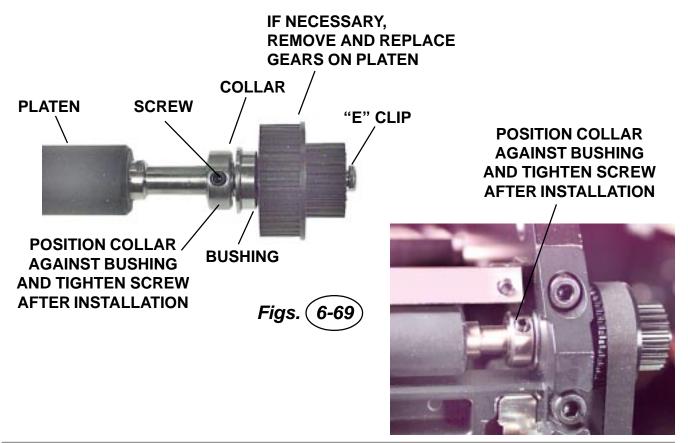
CAREFULLY SEPARATE CRADLE FRAME FROM THE CHASSIS

"E" CLIPS

LOOSEN (2) MOTOR MOUNTING SCREWS TO FREE BELTS FROM PLATEN AND FEED ROLLERS

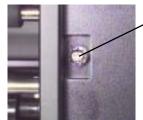
Fig. (6-67)





6.17 Replacing the Label Out Sensor

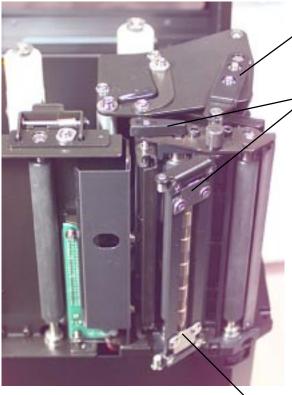
STEP	PROCEDURE			
1.	Switch the printer OFF and disconnect the power cable.			
2.	Remove the screw from the cabinet side and swing the cabinet open. Fig. 6-70			
3.	Raise the lid.			
4.	Unlatch the head lock lever if engaged. Figs. 6-71			
5.	Release the nip roller latch and swing open the nip roller assembly. <i>Figs. 6-71</i>			
6.	Unfasten the thumb screw and remove the nip roller assembly. Fig. 6-72			
7.	Remove (2) Allen screws attaching bracket to platen frame and move bracket slightly out of position at the same time holding down the nip roller latch for access to the screw on the cover plate that covers the label out sensor. <i>Fig. 6-73</i>			
8.	Remove (2) screws to detach cover plate. Fig. 6-74			
9.	Remove (1) screw holding the Label Out Sensor to the frame. <i>Figs. 6-75</i>			
10.	Remove (2) screws holding the sensor module to the bracket. Fig. 6-76			
11.	Unsnap the cable holder and detach the sensor cable. Fig. 6-77			
12.	Unplug sensor cable from sensor harness marked "SEN7" and pull the connector end through the access hole. <i>Fig. 6-78</i>			
13.	Remove and replace the sensor module. Feed sensor connector back through the access hole and reattach SEN7 to the cable harness.			
10.	Replace parts previously removed.			
11.	Close the printer cabinet and replace the locking screw.			
12.	Reconnect the power cable.			



REMOVE LOCKING SCREW AND SWING THE CABINET OPEN

Fig. (6-70)

Replacing the Label Out Sensor

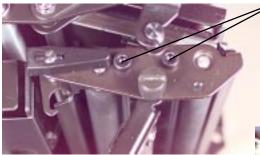


UNLATCH HEAD LOCK LEVER

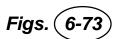
> UNFASTEN AND REMOVE THUMB SCREW AND REMOVE NIP ROLLER ASSEMBLY \



NIP ROLLER ASSEMBLY



REMOVE (2) ALLEN
SCREWS ATTACHING
BRACKET TO PLATEN
FRAME



MOVE BRACKET SLIGHTLY
OUT OF POSITION AT THE
SAME TIME HOLDING DOWN
THE NIP ROLLER LATCH
FOR ACCESS TO THE
SCREW ON THE COVER
PLATE





Fig. (6-72)

Replacing the Label Out Sensor

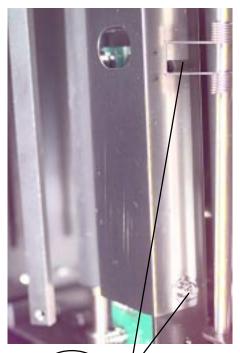
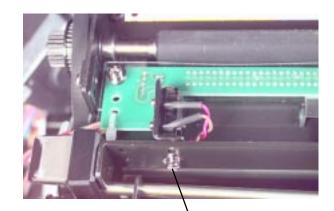


Fig. 6-74 REMOVE (2) SCREWS TO DETACH COVER PLATE



Figs. 6-75

REMOVE (1) SCREW TO DETACH LABEL OUT SENSOR FROM FRAME



REMOVE (2) SCREWS TO DETACH SENSOR MODULE FROM FRAME

UNSNAP THE CABLE
HOLDER AND DETACH THE
SENSOR CABLE

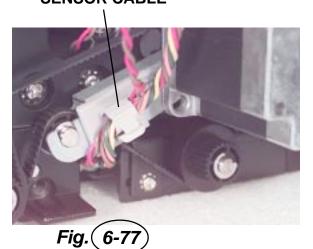


Fig. 6-76



UNPLUG SENSOR CABLE FROM SENSOR HARNESS MARKED "SEN7"

Fig. 6-78

6.18 Replacing the Print Head

The print head can be easily replaced. No critical adjustments are required. Before replacing the print head, check the head counter values by printing a test pattern.

STEP	PROCEDURE			
1.	Switch the printer OFF and disconnect the power cable.			
2.	Raise the lid.			
3.	Engage the head lock lever and remove the center stud holding the head bracket to the print head. <i>Fig. 6-79</i>			
4.	Remove (2) screws and detach ribbon adjust plate.			
5.	Disengage the head lock lever and drop down the head. Fig. 6-80			
6.	Carefully disconnect the print head data cable and the print head power cable and remove the print head. <i>Fig.</i> 6-80			
7.	Install the new print head by reconnecting the print head cable and the print head power cable.			
8.	Engage the head lock lever and position the print head so that the alignment pins seat into the head recesses. <i>Fig. 6-80</i>			
9.	Insert the center stud through the bracket and into the head. Tighten the stud securely.			
10.	Replace the ribbon adjust plate.			
11.	Close the printer and replace the locking screw. Close the lid.			
12.	Reconnect the power cable.			

Before returning the printer to normal service, you should perform the following steps:

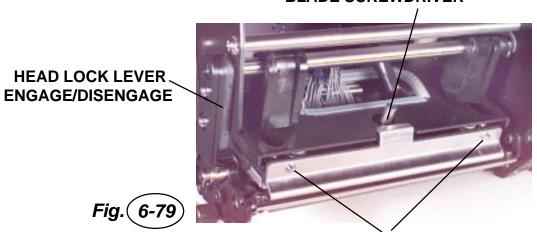
- Head Counter Clear
- Confirm that the head cables are connected and do not touch the head. Also confirm that you can open and close the head without restriction and that the ribbon guide plate adjustment is correct.
- Print a test pattern.

<u>Caution:</u> Do not remove or loosen the two screws on either side of the center screw. Fig. 6-81

<u>Caution:</u> Head is very fragile and can be easily scratched so handle carefully.

Replacing the Print Head

REMOVE CENTER STUD WITH FLAT BLADE SCREWDRIVER



DATA CABLE

REMOVE (2) SCREWS AND DETACH RIBBON ADJUST PLATE

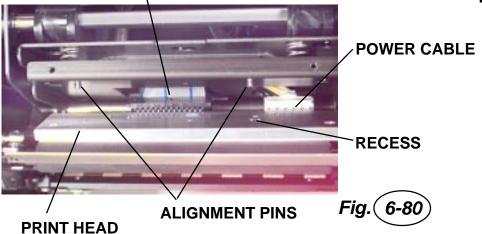




Fig. 6-81

DO NOT REMOVE OR LOOSEN THESE TWO SCREWS

7

Factory Resets

7.1 Overview

The Factory Reset Mode allows you to:

- Factory Settings/Test Print
- Clear Head Counters
- Clear Dispenser Counter
- Clear Cutter Counter
- Clear EEPROM

7.2 Factory Settings/Test Print

To reset the printer to the factory settings, perform the following steps.

Caution: Resetting the printer will clear all registers.

STEP	PROCEDURE		
1.	Record all current dip switch positions, then place all switches in the OFF position.		
2.	Place the DSW2-4 in the ON or up postion.		
3.	Press the LINE and FEED key while simultaneously turning ON the power switch. When the printer beeps, release the keys. The following screens will appear.		
	INITIALIZING MAINTENANCE MODE ROM VOO.00.00.00		
4.	Place the DSW-4 in the OFF postion and the following screen will appear.		
	FACTORY MODE		
5.	Press the FEED key to display the next screen.		
	COUNTER CLEAR		
	NONE		
6.	Press the LINE key once to change the message from NONE to ALL .		
	COUNTER CLEAR		
	RLL		
7.	Press the FEED key to clear the EEPROM. After a pause, the next screen will		
	appear. PRINT SIZE		
	SMALL <u>L</u> ARGE		
8.	Select the print label size by pressing the LINE key. The default is LARGE.		
9.	Press the FEED key for a test print. Press the FEED key again to stop printing.		
	TEST PRINT PRESS FEED KEY Warning: This test activates all the heating elements on the print head and therefore should be used for testing purposes only with full width labels to avoid damaging the print head.		
10.	Verify that the counters on the test print have reset to 0.0 km.		
11.	Power OFF the printer and confirm that all switches are in the OFF or down position.		

7.3 Clear Head Counters

To reset the printer to the factory settings, perform the following steps.

Caution: Resetting the printer will clear all registers.

STEP	PROCEDURE			
1.	Record all current dip switch positions, then place all switches in the OFF position.			
2.	Place the DSW2-4 in the ON or up postion.			
3.	Press the LINE and FEED key while simultaneously turning ON the power switch. When the printer beeps, release the keys. The following screens will appear.			
	INITIALIZING MAINTENANCE MODE ROM VOO.00.00.00			
4.	Place the DSW-4 in the OFF postion and the following screen will appear. The Head Counter will be cleared by the following steps:			
5.	Press the FEED key to display the next screen.			
	COUNTER CLEAR			
	NONE			
6.	Press the LINE key twice to change the message from NONE to HEAD .			
	COUNTER CLEAR			
	HERD			
7.	Press the FEED key to clear the Head Counter. After a pause, the next screen will appear. PRINT SIZE STALL LARGE			
8.	Select the print label size by pressing the LINE key. The default is LARGE.			
9.	Press the FEED key for a test print. Press the FEED key again to stop printing.			
	TEST PRINT PRESS FEED KEY Warning: This test activates all the heating elements on the print head and therefore should be used for testing purposes only with full width labels to avoid damaging the print head.			
10.	Verify that the counters on the test print have reset to 0.0 km.			
11.	Power OFF the printer and confirm that all switches are in the OFF or down position.			

7.4 Clear Dispenser Counter

To reset the printer to the factory settings, perform the following steps. *Caution: Resetting the printer will clear all registers.*

STEP	PROCEDURE		
1.	Record all current dip switch positions, then place all switches in the OFF position.		
2.	Place the DSW2-4 in the ON or up postion.		
3.	Press the LINE and FEED key while simultaneously turning ON the power switch. When the printer beeps, release the keys. The following screens will appear.		
	INITIALIZING MAINTENANCE MODE		
	ROM VOO.00.00.00 DIPSW2-4 ON->OFF		
4.	Place the DSW-4 in the OFF postion and the following screen will appear.		
	FACTORY MODE		
5.	Press the FEED key to display the next screen.		
	COUNTER CLERR		
	NONE		
6.	Press the LINE key three times to change the message from NONE to DIS .		
	COUNTER CLERR		
	DIS		
7.	Press the FEED key to clear the DISPENSER Counter. After a pause, the next		
	screen will appear. PRINT SIZE		
	SMALL LARGE		
8.	Select the print label size by pressing the LINE key. The default is LARGE.		
9.	Press the FEED key for a test print. Press the FEED key again to stop printing.		
	TEST PRINT PRESS FEED KEY Warning: This test activates all the heating elements on the print head and therefore should be used for testing purposes only with full width labels to avoid damaging the print head.		
10.	Verify that the counters on the test print have reset to 0.0 km.		
11.	Power OFF the printer and confirm that all switches are in the OFF or down position.		

7.5 Clear Cutter Counter

To reset the printer to the factory settings, perform the following steps.

Caution: Resetting the printer will clear all registers.

STEP	PROCEDURE		
1.	Record all current dip switch positions, then place all switches in the OFF position.		
2.	Place the DSW2-4 in the ON or up postion.		
3.	Press the LINE and FEED key while simultaneously turning ON the power switch. When the printer beeps, release the keys. The following screens will appear.		
	INITIALIZING MAINTENANCE MODE		
	ROM VOO.00.000 DIPSU2-4 ON->OFF		
4.	Place the DSW-4 in the OFF postion and the following screen will appear.		
	FACTORY MODE		
5.	Press the FEED key to display the next screen.		
	COUNTER CLEAR		
	NONE		
6.	Press the LINE key four times to change the message from NONE to CUT .		
	COUNTER CLEAR		
	СИТ		
7.	Press the FEED key to clear the Cutter Counter. After a pause, the next screen will appear. PRINT SIZE		
	SMALL LARGE		
8.	Select the print label size by pressing the LINE key. The default is LARGE.		
9.	Press the FEED key for a test print. Press the FEED key again to stop printing.		
	TEST PRINT PRESS FEED KEY Warning: This test activates all the heating elements on the print head and therefore should be used for testing purposes only with full width labels to avoid damaging the print head.		
10.	Verify that the counters on the test print have reset to 0.0 km.		
11.	Power OFF the printer and confirm that all switches are in the OFF or down position.		

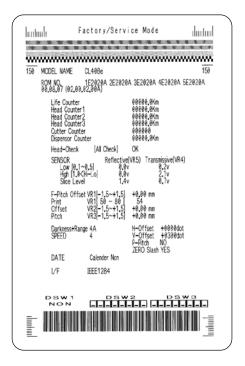
7.6 Clear EEPROM

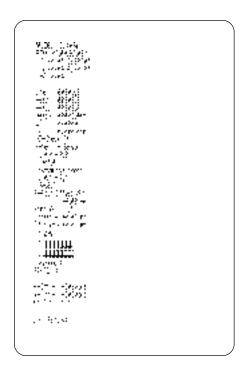
To clear the EEPROM, perform the following steps.

Caution: Resetting the printer will clear all registers.

STEP	PROCEDURE			
1.	Record all current dip switch positions, then place all switches in the OFF position.			
2.	Place the DSW2-4 in the ON or up postion.			
3.	Press the LINE and FEED key while simultaneously turning ON the power switch. When the printer beeps, release the keys. The following screens will appear.			
	INITIALIZING MAINTENANCE MODE ROM VOO.00.00.00 DIPSU2-4 ON->OFF			
4.	Place the DSW-4 in the OFF postion and the following screen will appear.			
	FACTORY MODE			
5.	Press the LINE key to display the next screen.			
	ALL CLEAR MODE			
6.	Press the FEED key to display the next screen.			
	ALL CLEAR			
	COUNTER EEPROM			
7.	Press the FEED key to display the next screen.			
	COUNTER ALL CLEAR			
	YES NO			
8.	Press the LINE key to select YES or NO . If YES is selected press the FEED key to clear the EEPROM .			
	COUNTER ALL CLEAR ALL CLEAR MODE			
	COMPLETED			
9.	Power OFF the printer and confirm that all switches are in the OFF or down position.			

7.7 Sample Test Prints





LARGE TEST PRINT

SMALL TEST PRINT

ILLUSTRATIONS SHOWN ARE EXAMPLES
ONLY AND MAY NOT EXACTLY MATCH YOUR
OUTPUT

8

Troubleshooting

8.1 Overview

This section has been devised to help you if you are unable to produce output on the M-8485Se printer. Use this section to make sure the basics have been checked before deciding you are unable to proceed further. This section covers the following:

To help you, this section has been divided into the following parts.

- Initial Checklist
- IEEE1284 Parallel Interface
- RS232C Serial Interface
- Universal Serial Bus Interface
- LAN Ethernet Interface
- Error Signals
- Troubleshooting Tables
- Head Pattern Examples

8.2 Initial Check List

- 1. Is the printer powered up and ON-LINE?
- 2. Is the ERROR light on the front panel Off? If this light is On, it may mean the Print Head Assembly or the Label Hold-Down is not closed and latched in position.
- 3. Are the Label and Ribbon lights on the front panel Off? If these lights are On, the labels or ribbons may be incorrectly loaded.

8.3 The IEEE1284 Parallel Interface

- 1. Is the IEEE1284 printer cable connected securely to your parallel port (DB25S Female) on the PC and to the Centronics connector on the printer?
 - WARNING: Never connect or disconnect interface cables (or use a switch box) with power applied to either the printer or the host. This may cause damage to the interface circuitry and is not covered by warranty.
- 2. Does the Parallel Interface cable used meet IEEE1284 specifications? If it does not and you are connected to an IEEE1284 or ECP parallel port on the computer, the printer may not be able to communicate correctly.
- 3. Is there more than one parallel interface port on your PC (LPT1, LPT2, etc.)? If so, make sure you are sending data out the correct port.
- 4. Is the IEEE1284 Interface Module installed in the printer? Older versions of the Parallel Interface module will not work correctly in the M-8485Se printers.
- 5. When you send the print job to the printer and it does not respond, do you get an error message on your PC that says "Device Fault" or something similar?
 - This may mean that the computer doesn't know the printer is there. Verify that:
 - a. Both ends of the cable are securely inserted into their respective connectors.
 - b. The printer is ON-LINE.
 - c. The cable is not defective. There are other things that can cause this error message on your computer but at this stage, a defective cable may be one of the reasons.
- 6. When you send the print job to the printer and it does not respond and there is no error message on the PC:
 - a. Check your data stream for some of the basics. Is your job framed as follows:
 - <ESC>A—Data—<ESC>Z
 - b. Verify that you've included all required parameters in the data stream.

The IEEE1284 Parallel Interface (Cont)

- c. Verify the following:
- You have not typed a "0" (zero) for an "O" (letter) or vice-versa.
- You have not missed any **<ESC>** characters where they're needed.
- Make sure all printer command codes are capital letters.
- Your protocol codes are set for Standard or Non-Standard and data stream is consistent with these.
- 7. If you've checked all the above and the printer still isn't printing, you may want to try a Receive Buffer Hex Dump to determine what (if anything) the printer is receiving from your computer. See Hex Dump Mode in Section 8.10.

The Parallel port is now listening for incoming data. Send your print job. The printer will now print (only once) a Hexadecimal (Hex) Dump of everything it received from the host computer. Each 2-digit hexadecimal character represents a character the printer received. It may be tedious, but now you can analyze and troubleshoot the data stream.

WARNING: A small label may produce a large amount of data when printed in Hex Dump.

8. While checking the Hex Dump printout, look for $0D_H$ $0A_H$ (Carriage Return and Line Feed) characters throughout. The command string should be continuous. CR or LF characters are not allowed between the Start Command (**ESC>A**) and the Stop Command (**ESC>Z**). If you are using BASIC, it may be adding these characters automatically as the line wraps. Adding a "width" statement to your program can help to suppress these extra $0D_H$ $0A_H$ characters by expanding the line length up to 255 characters.

If you're not programming in BASIC, check to see if you have an equivalent statement in the language you're using to suppress extra carriage returns and line feeds from your data being sent out to the printer. We want the data stream to be one complete line going to the printer.

8.4 The RS232C (Serial) Interface

- 1. Is the RS232C Serial cable connected securely to your serial port on the PC (DB-25S Male) and to the RS232C connector on the printer?
 - Warning: Never connect or disconnect interface cables (or use a switch box) with power applied to either the printer or the host. This may cause damage to the interface circuitry and is not covered by warranty.
- 2. Is the cable defective? At the very least, you should be using a "Null Modem Cable" which crosses pins in a specific manner. This should enable your printer to print. We recommend that you use a cable built to specifications described in Section 3, Interface Specifications.
- 3. Is the RS232 Interface Module installed in the printer?
- 4. Check for obvious errors in the data stream. Is the data properly framed with the <ESC> A and <ESC>Z commands?
- 5. If after sending your job to the printer, it only "beeps" and displays an error message on the LCD display, you may have a configuration problem. There may be some inconsistencies with the Baud Rate, Parity, Data Bits, or Stop Bits in relation to your host computer. If you are unsure as to what the printer's current RS232 settings are, print a Configuration Test Label. It will list all of the current printer configuration settings.
- 6. If you are still unable to get printer output, try the Hex Dump as described Step 7 under IEEE1284 Parallel Interface Troubleshooting. In this case, the printer monitors the RS232C interface for incoming data.
- 7. From the Hex Dump, if you are seeing extra $0D_H 0A_H$ (CR and LF) characters, and are using BASIC, refer to the beginning of the Command Code section in the Operator and Technical Reference Manual.

8.5 The Universal Serial BUS (USB)

If nothing prints when doing a test print you will need to verify that the device drivers have been successfully installed by doing the following:

- 1. Click on Start, then Settings and then Control Panel.
- 2. Within the new Window, you should have an Icon listed as System. Double click on this.
- 3. Click on the Device Manager tab.
- 4. Make sure that the View Device by type is checked. Scroll down until you get to SATO-USB device.
- 5. Verify that it does not have any errors next to it. If it shows an error, remove the device and then reinstall it.
- 6. Reboot the PC and the Printer.
- 7. Consult the Windows 98 Troubleshooting guide or contact technical support for further assistance.

8.6 The LAN Ethernet Interface

Printer Does Not Come UP Ready

If you cannot print to the print server after you install it, check the following:

- 1. Make sure that the printer is powered on, that all cables are securely plugged in, and that the printer is on-line.
- 2. If possible, connect a terminal to the serial port. If you see the boot prompt, the print server firmware has not been loaded properly. If reloading does not fix the problem, try setting switch 1 to ON (factory defaults) and powering the print server off and then on again. If the problem persists, the product may be defective.

Installation Problems (Printer Comes Up Ready but You Cannot Print)

If the printer starts up OK but you cannot print, the problem could be one of the following:

- There is a problem with the interface between the print server and the printer.
- There is a problem with the network connection or cabling.
- There is a queue setup problem, a print server setup problem, or other protocol-related problem.

Checking the Interface between the Print Server and the Printer

First make sure that the cable between the print server and the printer is securely plugged in at both sides. Then:

Wait about two minutes after the printer is powered on and then run a printer self-test (*see Section 2 Configuration for information on how to run the self test*).

- If the self-test does not print, then there is probably a hardware problem. Double check the connections.
- In some rare instances, disabling NBUF with the command SET PORT P1 NBUF DISABLED will solve port compatibility issues.

Checking the Network Connection and Cabling

If the self-test page prints but you cannot print documents, first check the network connection and cabling.

- 1. If you are connecting to a 10baseT network, verify that the OK LED is on. If the appropriate LEDs are not on, there is probably a bad 10baseT or 100baseTX cable or the hub port is bad. If possible, try a different cable and hub port, or try connecting a different device (such as a PC) to the cable.
- 2. If you are using a repeater or hub, make sure that SQE (heartbeat) is turned off at the hub (this is the default setting for most hubs). Also, if you have a hub or multiport repeater, verify that the hub or repeater port is good by trying the print server on a different port.

- 3. If you have a bridge or router located between the print server and the host computer, make sure that the device is set up to allow the print server to send and receive data from the host. For example, a bridge can be set up to only allow certain types of Ethernet addresses to pass through (a process known as filtering); therefore, such a bridge must be configured to allow print server addresses. Likewise, a router can be set up to pass only certain protocols, so be sure that the desired protocol can be passed through to the print server. In the case of routers, also make sure that the protocol is routable (LAT, NetBEUI, and DLC/LLC are not routable).
- 4. Make sure that you are not trying to perform an illegal operation, such as attempting to print a label larger than the printer can handle.
- 5. Check the individual protocol troubleshooting sections in this chapter for additional causes of intermittent printer problems.

Intermittent Problems

If the print server and the printer start up OK, but you intermittently have problems printing, check the following:

- 1. Excessive NetWare polling can be a big cause of intermittent problems. Make sure that you have only enabled the NetWare file servers that you need for printing (do a SHOW NETWARE command from the print server console to see the enabled file servers). If you have V3.21 or earlier firmware, make sure that NetWare polling is disabled by using the console command SET NETWARE RANGE 0. If you are not using NetWare, you can disable NetWare entirely with the command SET NETWARE DISABLED.
- 2. Check the individual protocol troubleshooting sections in this chapter for additional causes of intermittent printer problems.

TCP/IP Troubleshooting

If you are using TCP/IP and cannot print to the print server and you have checked the hardware and network as described in the previous steps, then check the following, (*Note that it is always a good idea to try creating another print queue to eliminate the possibility of setup errors*):

- 1. The problem may be the result of mismatched or duplicate IP addresses. Verify that the IP address is correctly loaded into the XCD print server (via the self-test page or through the remote console) and make sure that no other nodes on the network have this address, (<u>Duplicate IP addresses are the biggest cause of TCP/IP printing problems</u>). If the address is not correct, then check whether the loading procedure was properly executed.
- 2. If you used NCP, XCONFIG, or ccr to enter the IP address, make sure that you exited the remote console properly with a CTRL-D or EXIT command.
- 3. If you used rarp, make sure that you started the rarp daemon using the rarpd, rarped -a, in.rarpd -a or equivalent command. Verify that the /etc/ethers file contains the correct Ethernet address and that the print server name matches the name in the /etc/hosts file.
- 4. If you used bootp, make sure that bootp is enabled (i.e., the "#" is removed from the bootp entry) in the /etc/inetd.conf file. Verify that /etc/bootptab file is correctly configured.

- 5. Also verify that the host computer and the print server are either on the same subnet (for example, if the print server has a subnet mask of 255.255.255.0, the host must have the same subnet mask) or that the router is properly configured to pass data between the two devices.
- 6. Make sure that the /etc/printcap file (if applicable) is typed in correctly. In particular, look for missing ":" and "\" characters, because a small error anywhere in the file can have major consequences. Also check the /usr/spool directory to make sure that you have created a valid spool directory.
- 7. If you are using a Berkeley-based UNIX, make sure that the daemon is started on Berkeley based systems with the command lpc start *printer*, where *printer* is the name of the local print queue.
- 8. If you are using an AT&T-based UNIX, make sure the printer is enabled (enable *printer*, where *printer* is the name of the local print queue).
- 9. Make sure that the lpr/lpd remote line printer service are running on the host computer (refer to your host computer documentation for information on how to do this).
- 10. If you cannot print from DEC TCP/IP Services for VMS (UCX), make sure that you have version 2.0B or later of this software, because earlier versions will not work with the print servers.
- 11. If jobs are run together or do not eject from the printer, try setting the service (remote printer) with EOT set to the appropriate printer reset string. This string is number 4 (%-12345X) for all newer HP printers. For example:

SET SERVICE BINARY P1 EOT 4

- 12. If the lines of a text file are staggered, make sure that you have specified a remote printer (rp) name of TEXT in your /etc/printcap file.
- 13. If you are having trouble printing long jobs (over 1MB) add the line mx#0 to your /etc/ printcap file entry.
- 14. If you are using the raw TCP port and are experiencing intermittent queue stalling problems, make sure that queueing is enabled on the service (do a SHOW SERVICE command from the remote console and note if "Q" is listed in the OPT column for the desired service). If it is not, enable queueing with the command SET SERVICE servicename QUE ENA command.
- 15. If the wrong IP address is loaded, check your network for file servers that have DHCP, BOOTP, or rarp enabled and make sure that these file servers are not set up to load IP addresses into the print server. Also make sure that you do not use the command SET IP BOOT 0 to disable TCP/IP broadcasts; instead, you should use the command SET IP METHOD STATIC (unpredictable results will occur otherwise).

- 16. If you have problems with queues locking up when the active print job is deleted, try setting the IP timeout to one minute with the console command SET IP TIMEOUT 1.
- 17. There were a number lpr/lpd-related problems fixed the V3.46 firmware. Therefore, if you are experiencing intermittent queue problems and you have an older version of firmware, SATO recommends you upgrade to 3.46 or later.

Netware Troubleshooting

If you cannot print from NetWare and you have checked the hardware and network as described in the previous steps, first verify that the print server is attached to the server queue by going to PCONSOLE, selecting PRINT QUEUE INFORMATION, and then CURRENTLY ATTACHED SERVERS. If the print server does not appear in the list of attached servers, then check the following. (Note it is always a good idea to try deleting and recreating the print server and creating a new print queue in order to eliminate the possibility of setup errors.)

- 1. If you cannot create a print queue, make sure you have sufficient NetWare privileges. With NetWare 3.12 and earlier, you MUST be logged in as SUPERVISOR (not someone with Supervisor privileges). If you are having problems creating queues with NetWare 4.xx and later, try logging in as ADMIN. Also make sure you are not trying to run XAdmin32 with Microsoft NetWare client (you must use the Novell 32-bit client).
- 2. If you changed the login password, you must change the password in both the print server (using the SET NETWARE PASSWORD command) and in the file server (using the PCONSOLE Print Server Information Change Password command).
- 3. Make sure you have enabled at least one NetWare file server using the SET NET WARE SERVER *servername* ENABLED command.
- 4. Have you exceeded your NetWare user limit?
- 5. If you have V3.00 or earlier firmware, make sure you enable either 802.3 or Ethernet II frames on your file server, particularly if you have a NetWare 3.12 or 4.xx file server (since these NetWare versions default to 802.2)since these versions of firmware do not support 802.2 or SNAP frames. Also, if you are using NetWare 4.xx make sure you have enabled binary emulation on the file server.
- 6. Make sure the print server name you used in PCONSOLE exactly matches the name that is configured in the print server and make sure it is defined as a Queue Server for the print queue.
- 7. If you are running both 802.3 and Ethernet II frames on different file servers on your network, there is a possibility that the print server may not make a connection to the desired file server. Try forcing the frame type to the desired one using the SET NETWARE FRAME command from the print server remote console.
- 8. If you are losing portions of your print job and you are using the DOS NetWare drivers, try setting the TIMEOUT parameter in your CAPTURE statement to a higher value, (at least 50 seconds for Windows).

Windows NT/LAN Server Troubleshooting

If you are having trouble printing with Windows NT or LAN Server, check the following:

- 1. Make sure you can print from the print server using DOS or OS/2 comand PRINT ipaddress, where ipaddress is the IP address of the print server. If you cannot print from the print server you will not be able to print.
- 2. Make sure TCP/IP and lpr printing are installed and running on the Windows NT system or the LAN Server file server.
- 3. If you are having problems printing to the print server from a client PC that is connected to a Windows NTAS or LAN Server, verify that you can print a job directly from the DOS or OS/2 prompt on the file server. If you can print from the file server but not from the client, then the problem is probably with the NetBEUI communications rather than with the TCP/IP link to the print server. Check your file server network setup (for example, make sure you can print from the client to other printers on the network).
- 4. If you have problems with Windows NT queues locking up when the active print job is deleted, try setting the IP timeout to one minute with the console command SET IP TIMEOUT 1.
- 5. There were a number of lpr/lpd-related problems fixed in the V3.46 firmware. Therefore, if you are experiencing intermittent queue problems and you have an older version of firmware, SATO recommends that you upgrade to 3.46 or later.

Windows 95/98 Peer-to-Peer Troubleshooting

If you are having trouble printing on a Windows 95 Peer to Peer Network, check the following:

- 1. If the print server does not show up under JetAdmin on a Windows 95/98 Peer-to-Peer network, try removing all of the Windows 95 network software from the Network control panel and then reinstalling them as follows:
- First install the **IPX/SPX-Compatible Protocol**, the **Client for Microsoft Networks**, and the network adapter card driver.
- Restart the system and then add the HP JetAdmin service.
- 2. Because of the many changes that have been incorporated in Windows 95/98 Peer-to-Peer printing since its introduction, it is a good idea to upgrade to the latest version of JetAdmin (available on the HP web site at http://www.hp.com).

8.7 Error Signals

The LCD display, Front Panel LED Indicators and Buzzer provide a visual/audio indication of the type of error encountered.

LED	LCD Message	Audible Beep	Error Condition	To Clear
Error On	Machine Error	1 Long	Machine Error	Cycle Power ON/OFF
Error On	EEPROM Error	1 Long	EEPROM Read/Write	Cycle Power ON/OFF
Error On	Head Error	1 Long	Print Head is damaged	Replace Print Head Cycle Power ON/OFF
Error On	Sensor Error	3 Short	Sensor	Cycle Power ON/OFF
Error Blinks	Card R/W Error	1 Long	Memory Card Read/Write	Format Memory Card Cycle Power ON/OFF
Error Blinks	Card Low Battery	1 Long	Memory Card Battery Low	Replace MC Battery Cycle Power ON/OFF
Error Blinks	Head Open	3 Short	Head Open	Close Head Lever
Error On Line Blinks	Parity Error	3 Short	RS232 Parity Error	Correct parity to match system
Error On Line Blinks	Overrun Error	3 Short	RS232 Overrun Error	Verify RS232 Settings
Error On Line Blinks	Framing Error	3 Short	RS232 Framing Error	Verify RS232 Settings
Error On Line Blinks	Buffer Over	3 Short	Buffer Overflow	Verify RS232 Settings
Error On Line Blinks	Paper End	3 Short	Media End or Misselected Media Type	Replenish Media Select Correct Media Type Open/Close Head Lever Open/Close Media Hold Down
Error Blinks Ribbon On	Ribbon End	3 Short	Ribbon End Ribbon Broken	Replace Ribbon Open/Close Head Lever Open/Close Media Hold Down
Error Blinks Label Blinks	Media Error	3 Short	Media Error	Open/Close Head Lever
Ribbon Blinks		None	Ribbon Near End	Replace ribbon with full roll
Line Blinks		None	Buffer Near Full	Slow down transmission rate

8.8 Troubleshooting Tables

The troubleshooting table below includes the following general symptoms descriptions:

- Image Voids
- Ribbon Wrinkle
- Light Images
- Smearing

- No Ribbon Movement
- No Label Movement
- No Printed Image
- Display Problem
- POWER LED not on
- ERROR LED on
- ON LINE LED not on
- No Label Drive

Symtom	Probable Cause	Suggested Corrective Action
Image Voids	Poor quality labels	Use thermal transfer compatible stock
	Poor quality ribbons	Use genuine SATO ribbons
	Ribbon not matched to label stock	Check with media suppliers
	Damaged electronics	Replace circuit board (Sec. 6.4)
	Damaged platen	Replace platen
Ribbon Wrinkle	Poor head alignment	Adjust head balance (Sec. 5.4) Adjust ribbon roller Adjust head alignment
	Poor ribbon tension	Adjust ribbon tension (Sec. 5.2)
	Worn platen	Replace platen (Sec. 6.16)
	Foreign material on head/platen	Clean head and platen
	Foreign material on labels	Use high quality label stock
	Damaged print head	Replace print head (Sec. 6.18)
Light Images Poor quality labels		Use thermal transfer compatible stock
	Poor quality ribbons	Use genuine SATO ribbons
	Low print head energy/darkness	Adjust darkness control (See Operator Manual)

Symtom	Probable Cause	Suggested Corrective Action
Light Images	Low print head pressure	Adjust head balance (Sec. 5.4)
	Ribbon not matched to label stock	Use Premier II ribbon with a "1C" thermal transfer ribbon stock or equivalent for optimum results
	Low ribbon drive torque No ribbon movement	Adjust ribbon drive clutch (Sec. 5.2)
	Foreign material on head	Clean head and platen
	Poor head alignment	Align print head (Sec. 5.5)
	Excessive print speed	Reduce print speed setting
Smearing	Poor quality labels	Use high quality label stock
	Poor quality ribbons	Use genuine SATO ribbons
	Foreign material on head/platen	Clean head and platen
	Foreign material on labels	Use high quality label stock
	Excessive print head energy	Adjust darkness control
	Excessive print speed	Adjust print speed
	Excessive head pressure Carbon tension wrong	Adjust head balance (Sec. 5.4)
No Ribbon Movement	Incorrect ribbon core size	Use genuine SATO ribbons
	Loose drive clutch	Adjust drive clutch tension (Sec. 5.2)
	Loose platen drive belt	Adjust/replace belt (Sec. 6.9)
	No +24 volt output	Test power supply and replace if required (Sec. 6.3)
	Damaged electronics	Replace circuit board (Sec. 6.4)

Symtom	Probable Cause	Suggested Corrective Action
No Label Movement	Loose/broken platen drive belt	Adjust/replace belt Sec. 6.9)
	Incorrect label pitch sensor selected	Select correct label sensor type (DSW2-2)
	No +24 volt output	Replace fuse on main PCB (Sec. 6.2) Test power supply and replace if necessary (Sec. 6.3)
	Loose set screw on platen pulley/stepper motor	Tighten set screws
No Printed Image	Print head not connected	Verify print head connector fully seated at head and main PCB (Sec. 6.18)
	Ribbon upside down	Use genuine SATO ribbons
	No + 24 volt output	Test power supply and replace if necessary (Sec. 6.3)
	Damaged print head	Replace print head (Sec. 6.18)
	Damaged electronics	Replace circuit board (Sec. 6.4)
Back light but no words on display or no display	The most likely cause is the ribbon cable has fallen out or not seated fully into connector.	Verify that the cable and connector are properly seated. Display POT not positioned properly.
POWER LED not on	AC power cable not connected	Verify that the cable is connected to the printer and the AC outlet
	Main power fuse defective	Replace fuse (Sec. 6.2)
	Defective power supply	Test power supply and replace if defective (Sec. 6.3)
ERROR LED on	Head not locked	Close and latch head release
LABEL LED on	Label supply roll empty	Replenish label supply
	Label stock not routed through sensor	Reload labels
	Label sensor not positioned correctly	Adjust sensor position

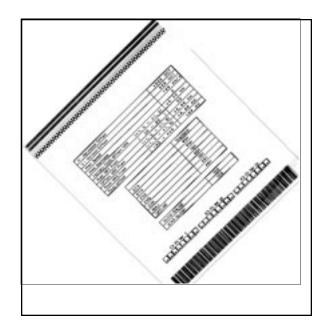
Symtom	Probable Cause	Suggested Corrective Action
LABEL LED On	Label sensor blocked	Clean label sensor
	Incorrect label sensor threshold setting	Adjust label sensor threshold (Sec. 4.3 & 4.4)
	Platen drive malfunction	See Section 6.16
Ribbon LED on	Ribbon supply roll empty	Replenish ribbon supply
	Ribbon supply out of alignment	Realign ribbon sensor
	Ribbon sensor blocked	Clean ribbon sensor
	No cardboard core on ribbon rewind	Use cardboard core on ribbon rewind

8.9 Head Pattern Examples



FACTORY DEFAULT

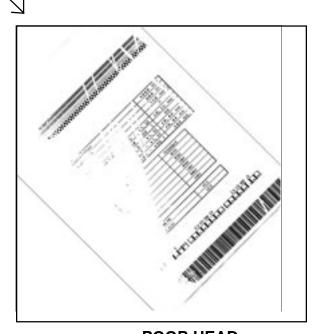
FEED DIRECTION



GOOD ADJUSTMENT CLEAR, DARK, EVEN TEXT



POOR HEAD ALIGNMENT, BALANCE OUT OF ADJUSTMENT



POOR HEAD ALIGNMENT, BALANCE OUT OF ADJUSTMENT

IRREGULAR UNEVEN

ILLUSTRATIONS SHOWN ARE EXAMPLES
ONLY AND WILL NOT EXACTLY MATCH
YOUR OUTPUT

Head Pattern Examples

<u>DIAGONAL VOIDS</u> (WHITE STREAKS) THAT "WALK" ACROSS LABEL

RIBBON WRINKLE POOR HEAD ALIGNMENT, POOR RIBBON TENSION, **WORN PLATEN,** FOREIGN MATERIAL, DAMAGED **PRINT HEAD** ARRIVATE AREA PROPERTY. **IMPROPER ALIGNMENT BOTTOM EDGE OF BAR CODE IS SHOWN NOT PARALLEL WITH EDGE OF LABEL FEED DIRECTION**

8.10 Hex Dump Diagnostic Labels

In addition to the User Test Print Labels, the printer contents of the receive and print buffers can be examined using the Hex Dump Test Labels.

Print Buffer Hex Dump

The contents of the Print Buffer can be examined using the Hex Dump mode. The label numbers each line of data received in the left hand column, the data in hexadecimal format in the center columns, followed by the same data in ASCII format in the right hand column.

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Turn on the printer.
2.	Send and print a label.
3.	Place the printer in the Off-Line mode by pressing the LINE key. The LINE LED should go out.
4.	Place DSW2-4 in the On position.
5.	Press the LINE key to place the printer back On-Line.
6.	Press the FEED key.
7.	A label should be printed containing the contents of the print buffer in Hexadecimal format.
8.	Return DSW2-4 to the Off position.
9.	Turn the printer off and then back on to place it back in the normal print mode.

Receive Buffer Hex Dump

The data that is being received by the printer (before it is placed in the Print Buffer) can be examined bu using the Hex Dump Mode. The label numbers each line of data received in the left hand column, the data in hexadecimal format in the center columns, followed by the same data in ASCII format in the right-hand column.

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Turn off the printer.
2.	Place DSW2-4 in the On position.
3.	Turn on the printer.
4.	Transmit the data to the printer.
5.	The data received is printed on a label in hexadecimal format.
6.	Return DSW2-4 to the Off position.
7.	Turn the printer off and then back on to place it back in the normal print mode.

Section



Optional Accessories

9.1 Overview

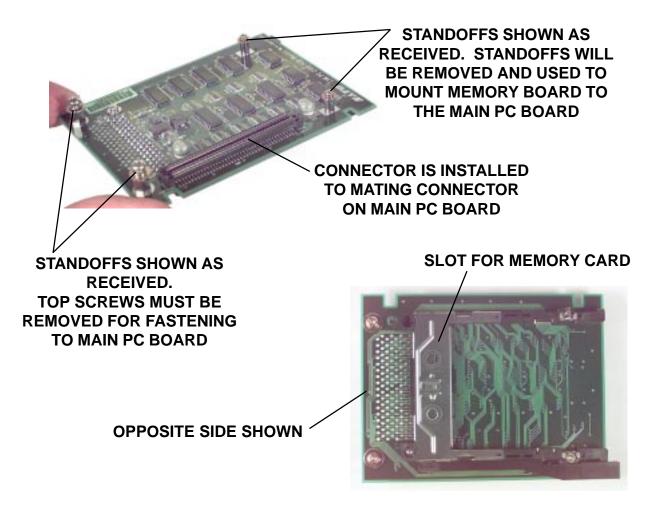
This section contains instructions for installing the following optional accessories:

- Memory PC Board for PCMCIA Memory Cards
- Flash Memory Module
- Face Out Label Sensor (Factory Installed Option)

9.2 Memory PC Board

The Memory PC Board provides the interface board for (1) PCMCIA memory card slot. PCMCIA memory cards are not provided with the Memory PC Board.

Applicable Specifications Size	PCMCIA Version 2.1 (JEIDA Version 4.1) Up to 4MB SRAM Up to 16MB Flash
Connector Pins Battery Write Protect Low Battery Detect	68 Approximately two years (manufacturer dependent) Yes Yes



MEMORY PC BOARD

9.3 Memory PC Board Installation

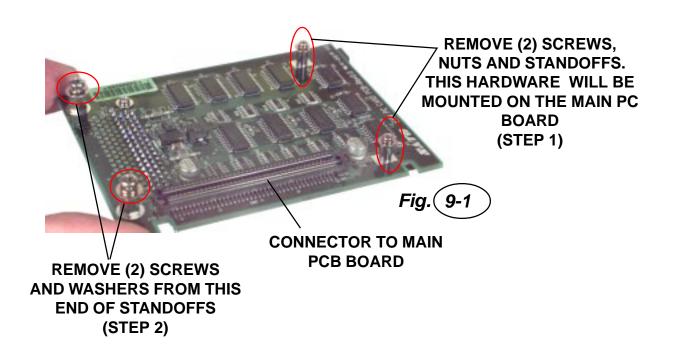
The Main PC Board must be removed from the printer to install the Memory PC Board. Refer to Section 6.4 to remove the Main PC Board and set aside for installing the Memory PC Board.

NOTE: Many of the components on this board are susceptible to damage by static electricity. To avoid damage from static electricity, do not unpack new circuit boards from anti-static bags until instructed to do so and use a wrist grounding strap.

* Continue here after you have removed the Main PC Board from your printer.

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Remove (2) screws, nuts and standoffs from the Memory PC Board for mounting to the Main PC Board. <i>Fig. 9-1</i>
2.	Remove (2) screws and washers as shown in <i>Fig. 9-1</i> for installing to the Main PC Board. Do not remove standoffs themselves.
3.	Refer to <i>Fig. 9-2</i> for installation location on Main PC Board. Insert the (2) screws through the Main PC Board and into the standoffs as shown in <i>Fig. 9-3</i>
4.	Place the Memory PC Board down over the Main PCB Board so the the connectors mate and the standoffs are aligned with the mounting holes through the standoffs. <i>Fig.</i> 9-3
5.	Secure one end of the Memory PC Board with (2) screws previously removed and the opposite end from the underside of the Main PC Board with (2) ea. screws and washers previously removed. <i>Fig. 9-3</i>
6.	Reinstall the completed Main PCB assembly to the printer reversing the Steps prior to the Memory Board installation.
7.	Complete the Factory Reset Procedure 9.6

Memory PC Board Installation



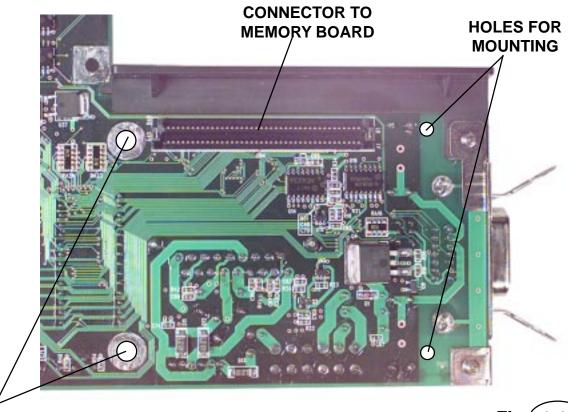
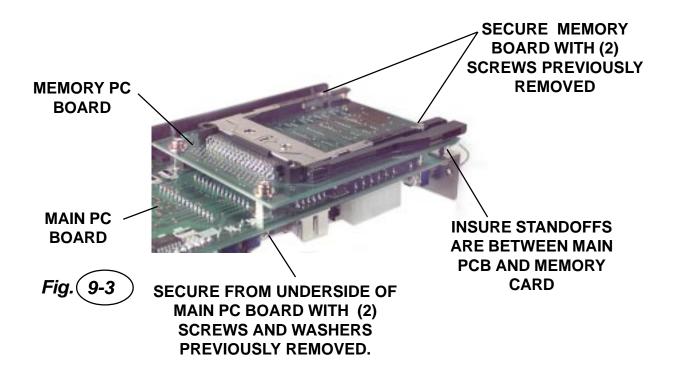


Fig. (9-2)

MAIN PC BOARD SHOWING WHERE THE MEMORY BOARD WILL BE INSTALLED

Memory PC Board Installation

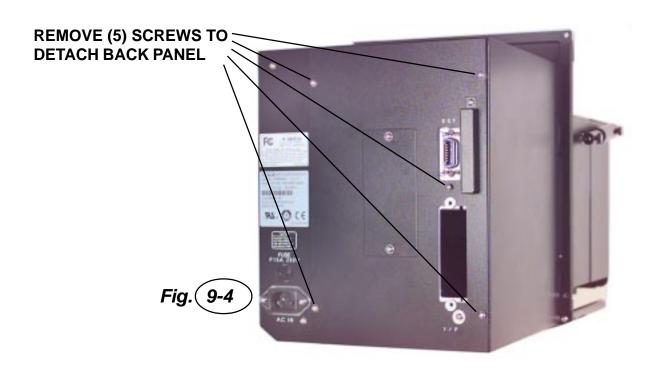


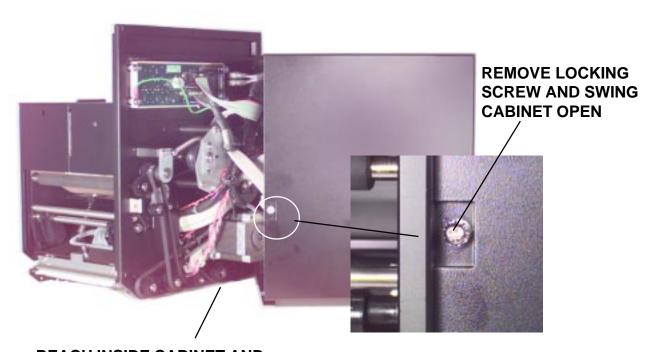
9.4 Flash Memory Module Installation

NOTE: Many of the components on this board are susceptible to damage by static electricity. To avoid damage, do not unpack new circuit boards from anti-static bags until instructed to do so and use a wrist grounding strap.

STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Switch the printer OFF and disconnect the power cable.
2.	Remove (5) screws securing the back panel to the cabinet. <i>Fig. 9-4</i>
3.	Remove screw from cabinet side to allow printer halves to swing open for access to the inside of the printer. <i>Fig. 9-5</i>
4.	Reach inside cabinet and carefully press outward on the tabs on both ends of the Main PC Board Memory Frame to release the Standard Memory PCB. The Standard Memory PCB should lift by itself when released. Remove the Memory PCB from the frame. Note the indexing notches. <i>Figs. 9-6</i>
5.	Remove the Flash Memory Module from the anti-static bag handling the module by the edges. Note the indexing notches. Insert the module into the Main PCB Memory Frame at approximately 45 ⁰ away from the Main PCB Board. Gently push down to snap into position. <i>Figs. 9-6 & 9-7</i>
6.	Reinstall the back panel and replace screw from cabinet side.
7.	Complete the Factory Reset Procedure 9.6.

Flash Memory Module Installation





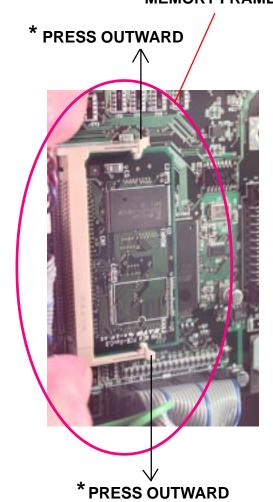
REACH INSIDE CABINET AND DETACH STANDARD MEMORY PCB FROM THE MAIN PCB MEMORY FRAME. SEE FIGS. 3

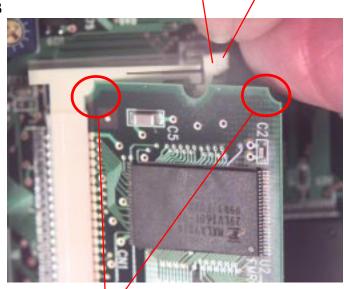
Fig. 9-5

Flash Memory Module Installation

* CAREFULLY PRESS OUTWARD ON TABS ON BOTH ENDS OF THE FRAME TO RELEASE THE MEMORY PCB.

STANDARD MEMORY PCB IN THE MAIN PCB MEMORY FRAME





INDEXING NOTCHES

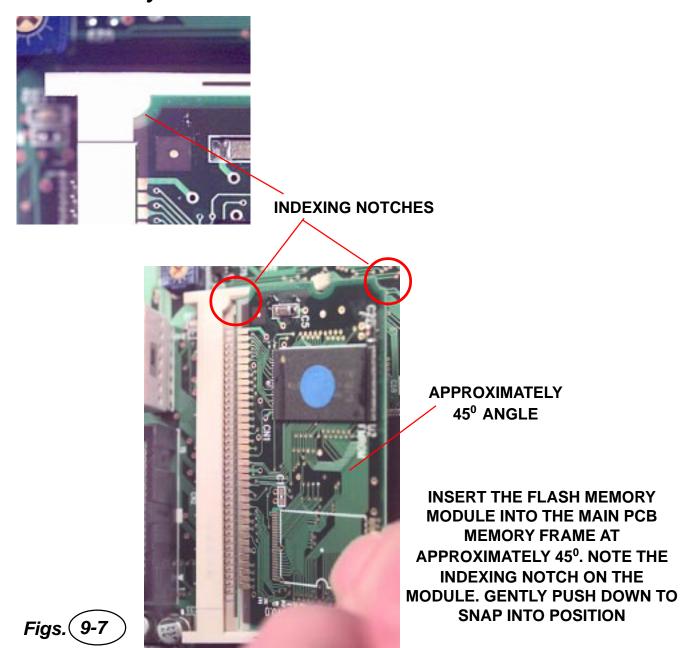


Figs. 9-6

NO NOTCH ON THIS SIDE

FLASH MEMORY MODULE

Flash Memory Module Installation



9.5 Face-Out Label Sensor

Factory installed option. Top-mounted sensor for reflective "Eye-Marks" printed on the face of the label.

9.6 Factory Reset Procedure

To reset the printer to the factory settings, perform the following steps.

Caution: Resetting the printer will clear all registers.

STEP	PROCEDURE		
1.	Record all current dip switch positions, then place all switches in the OFF position.		
2.	Place the DSW2-4 in the ON or up postion.		
3.	Press the LINE and FEED key while simultaneously turning ON the power switch. When the printer beeps, release the keys. The following screens will appear.		
	INITIALIZING MAINTENANCE MODE		
	ROM VOO.00.00.00 DIPSU2-4 ON->OFF		
4.	Place the DSW2-4 in the OFF postion and the following screen will appear.		
	FACTORY MODE		
5.	Press the FEED key to display the next screen.		
	COUNTER CLEAR		
	NONE		
6.	Press the LINE key once to change the message from NONE to ALL .		
	COUNTER CLEAR		
	ALL		
7.	Press the FEED key to clear the EEPROM. After a pause, the next screen will		
	appear. PRINT SIZE		
	SMALL <u>L</u> ARGE		
8.	Select the print label size by pressing the LINE key. The default is LARGE.		
9.	Press the FEED key for a test print. Press the FEED key again to stop printing.		
	TEST PRINT PRESS FEED KEY Warning: This test activates all the heating elements on the print head and therefore should be used for testing purposes only with full width labels to avoid damaging the print head.		
10.	Verify that the counters on the test print have reset to 0.0 km.		
11.	Power OFF the printer and confirm that all switches are in the OFF or down position.		

Section

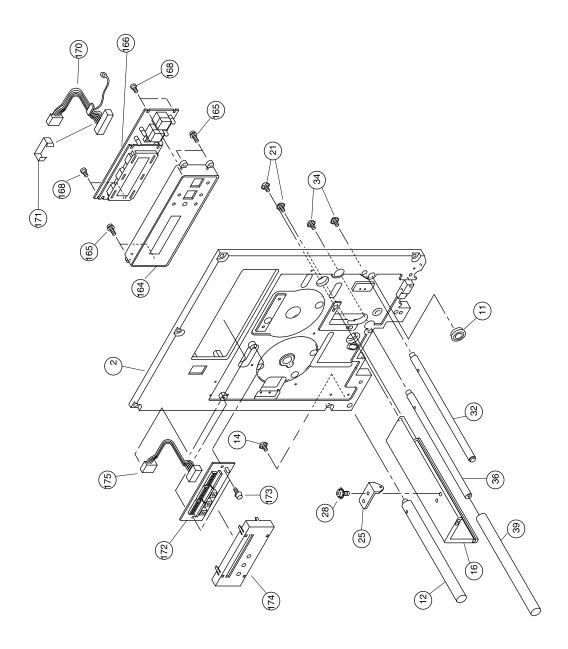
10

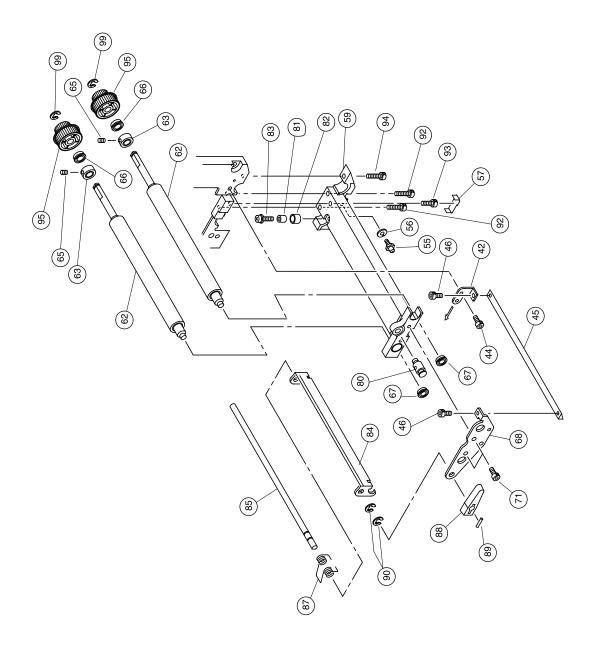
Spare Parts List

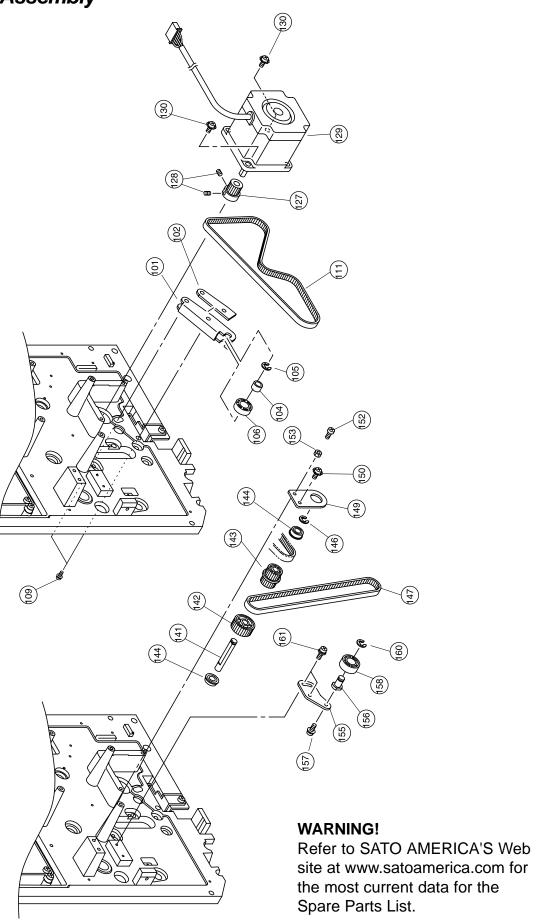
10.1 Overview

Item breakdowns are included for the M-8485Se Printer:

- Frame Assembly
- Print Head Assembly
- Ribbon Assembly
- Feed Roller Assembly
- Pressure Roller Assembly
- Cover Assembly
- Main PCB Assembly
- Check PCB Assembly





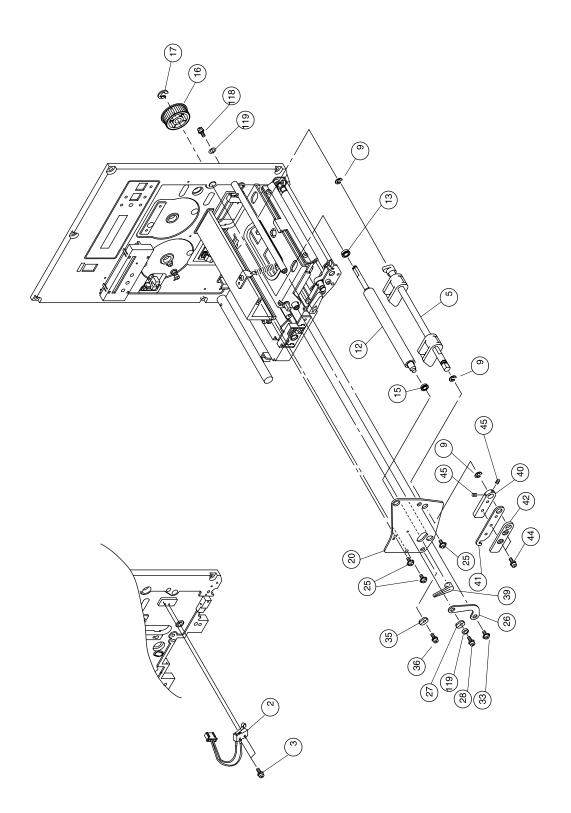


ITEM NO.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QTY
2	PL1730700	ENGINE FRAME	1
11	PT2108006	DRY METAL	1
12	PB0540101	GUIDE POST	1
14	MC0401022	PAN HEAD SCREW	1
16	PR1730500	STAY	1
21	MC0401222	PAN HEAD SCREW	2
25	PA3732500	SPRING BRACKET	1
28	MC0300622	PAN HEAD SCREW	1
32	PB0731500	SHAFT (SUPPORT)	1
34	MC0401022	PAN HEAD SCREW	2
36	PB0732800	SHAFT (RIBBON ADJUST)	1
39	PR1730300	ROLLER	1
42	PA3736200	DISPENSE BAR BRACKET	1
44	MN0300824	HEX SOCKET BOLT	1
45	PD1731300	DISPENSE BAR	1
46	MN0300624	HEX SOCKET BOLT	2
55	PB0733500	SHAFT (HOLDER)	1
56	NB0040022	SPRING WASHER	1
57	PA4730500	PLATE SPRING	1
59	PL1730800	PLATEN FRAME	1
62	PR0730100	PLATEN ROLLER	2
63	PB2730100	COLLAR	2
65	MJ1300424	HEX SOCKET SET SCREW	2
66	PT1112060	BALL SUPPORTER	2
67	PT1109050	BALL SUPPORTER	2
68	PA3736301	SUPPORTER CLAMP (A)	1
71	MN0400824	HEX SOCKET BOLT	2
80	PB0730500	POST (LATCH)	1
81	PB2740100	COLLAR	1
82	PE3720300	ROLLER	1
83	MD4301222	PAN HEAD SCREW	1
84	PA3736400	LATCH HANDLE (HOLDER)	1
85	PB0733400	SHAFT (LATCH HANDLE)	1
87	PC3730101	SPRING (LATCH HANDLE)	1
88	PE1730700	HANDLE (C)	1

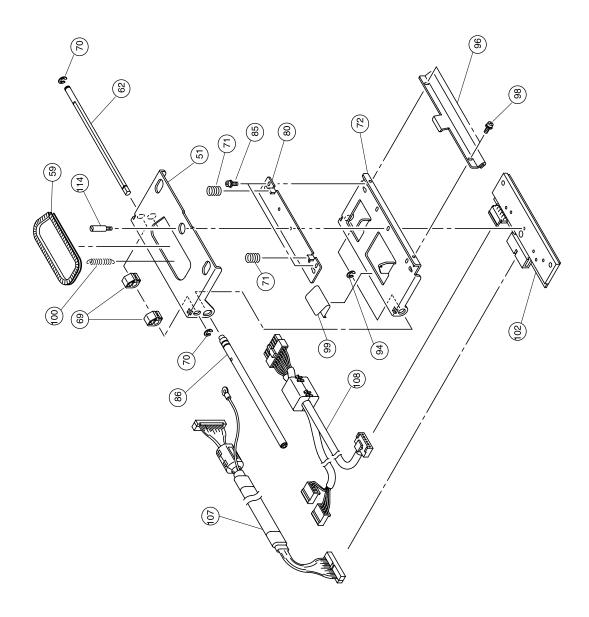
ITEM NO.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QTY
89	NG2201030	PARALLEL PIN	1
90	ND0030030	E-SNAP RING	2
92	MN0402524	HEX SOCKET BOLT	2
93	MN0401624	HEX SOCKET BOLT	1
94	MN0401024	HEX SOCKET BOLT	1
95	PE8730200	PULLEY (24/36)	2
99	ND0040030	E-SNAP RING	2
101	PA3734800	PULLEY BRACKET	1
102	PA2730700	PLATE NUT	1
104	PB0731600	SHAFT (ROLLER)	1
105	ND0040030	E-SNAP RING	1
106	PR1730600	TENSION ROLLER	1
109	MD4402022	PAN HEAD SCREW	1
111	PT8190064	TIMING BELT	1
127	PL1720100	MOTOR PULLEY (20)	1
128	MJ1400524	HEX SOCKET SET SCREW	2
129	RH1730600	STEPPER MOTOR ASSY)	1
130	MC0401222	PAN HEAD SCREW	2
141	PB0731701	SHAFT (IDLE)	1
142	PE8730100	GEAR	1
143	PE8730300	PULLEY (24)	1
144	PT1112060	BALL SUPPORTER	2
146	ND0040030	E-SNAP RING	1
147	PT8150064	TIMING BELT	1
149	PA1730500	SHAFT BRACKET	1
150	MC0401022	PAN HEAD SCREW	2
152	MT1400722	PAN HEAD SCREW	1
153	MA0401622	HEX NUT	1
155	PA1730700	TENSION BRACKET	1
156	PB0730600	POST (TENSION)	1
157	MD4400822	PAN HEAD SCREW	1
158	PR1730600	TENSION ROLLER	1
160	ND0040030	E-SNAP RING	1
161	MD4300822	PAN HEAD SCREW	2
164	PR4730501	KEYBOARD COVER	1

ITEM NO.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QTY
165	MD4301222	PAN HEAD SCREW	4
166	RJ2730203	KEY PCB SET	1
168	MH0300821	PAN HEAD P TITE SCREW	4
170	RH1731300	PSW CABLE	1
171	PA3739900	CONNECTOR LOCK	1
172	RJ2730100	DSW PCB SET	1
173	MD3300822	PAN HEAD SCREW	2
174	PH0730200	DIP SWITCH COVER	1
175	RH1731600	DSW CABLE SET	1

10.3 Print Head Assembly



Print Head Assembly



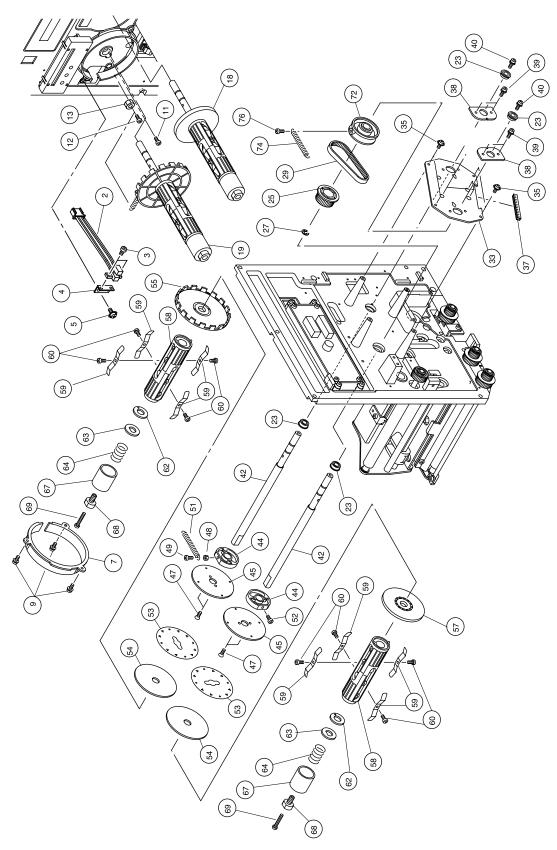
Print Head Assembly

ITEM NO.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QTY
2	RH1731100	SEN5 CABLE	1
3	MD3201221	PAN HEAD SCREW	2
5	PR1730700	PRESSURE CAM	1
9	ND0060030	E-SNAP RING	3
12	PR0730200	FEED ROLLER	1
13	PT1112060	BALL SUPPORTER	1
15	PT1109050	BALL SUPPORTER	1
16	PE8730100	GEAR	1
17	ND0040030	E-SNAP RING	1
20	PA2730200	HEAD FRAME	1
25	MC0401022	PAN HEAD SCREW	3
26	PA1730300	PLATE (ADJUST)	1
27	PL2720100	ADJUST COLLAR	1
28	MD4300822	PAN HEAD SCREW	1
33	MC0401022	PAN HEAD SCREW	1
35	PL2730100	ADJUST COLLAR	1
36	MD4401022	PAN HEAD SCREW	1
39	PE1730400	HANDLE (B)	1
40	PD1730600	HANDLE (A)	1
41	PA2730600	LATCH HANDLE (C)	1
42	PD1731200	HANDLE (B)	1
44	MD4301022	PAN HEAD SCREW	2
45	MJ1300424	HEX SOCKET SET SCREW	2
51	PA3732300	HEAD BRACKET (UPPER)	1
59	PV9730200	BUSH (205)	1
62	PB0731400	SHAFT (ADJUST CAM)	1
69	PE1730300	ADJUST CAM	2

Print Head Assembly

ITEM NO.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QTY
70	ND0050030	E-SNAP RING	2
71	PC1730200	SPRING (HEAD)	2
72	PR4731100	HEAD BRACKET (LOWER)	1
80	PR1730200	ADJUST PLATE	1
85	MD4300622	PAN HEAD SCREW	2
86	PB0731100	SHAFT (HEAD BRACKET)	1
94	ND0070030	E-SNAP RING	2
96	PA3732100	RIBBON PLATE	1
98	MD3250522	PAN HEAD SCREW	2
99	PA4730401	PLATE SPRING (HEAD CAM)	1
100	PC0730200	SPRING (HEAD OPEN)	1
102	GH000781A	PRINT HEAD	1
107	RH1731200	HDS CABLE	1
108	RH1727100	HDP CABLE	1
114	PB5730300	SCREW (HEAD)	1
118	MC0401022	PAN HEAD SCREW	1
119	NA1030022	PLAIN WASHER	1

10.4 Ribbon Assembly



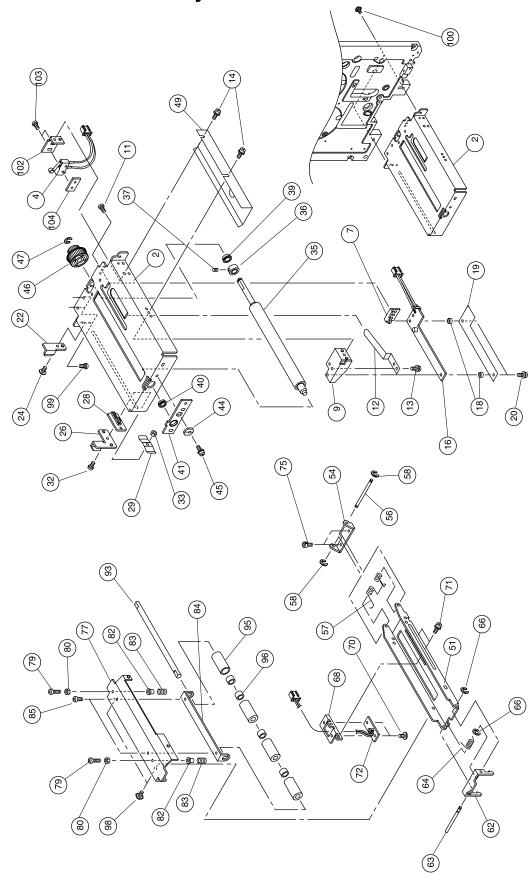
Ribbon Assembly

ITEM NO.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QTY
2	RH1730400	SEN4 CABLE	1
3	MA0300622	PAN HEAD SCREW	2
4	PA3730200	SENSOR BRACKET (RIBBON)	1
5	MC0301022	PAN HEAD SCREW	1
7	PE6720100	DISK PLATE COVER	1
9	MD4300622	PAN HEAD SCREW	3
11	MD3300822	PAN HEAD SCREW	1
12	MA0301022	PAN HEAD SCREW	1
13	MT1300522	HEX NUT	1
18	RC2730200	RIBBON SUB (REWIND)	1
19	RC2730300	RIBBON SUB (UNWIND)	1
23	PT1112080	BALL SUPPORTER	4
25	PR1730800	PULLEY (40)	1
27	ND0060030	E-SNAP RING	2
29	PT8085048	TIMING BELT	1
33	PA1730600	RIBBON FRAME	1
35	MC0401022	PAN HEAD SCREW	4
37	PV9730100	BUSH (48)	1
38	PA1731000	ADJUST PLATE	2
39	MD4300622	PAN HEAD SCREW	4
40	MD4400822	PAN HEAD SCREW	2
42	PB0731200	SHAFT RIBBON	2
44	PE4720200	PLATE HOLDER BOSS	2
45	PA0730100	GUIDE PLATE	2
47	MH1250621	FLAT HEAD P TITE SCREW	4
48	MT1300522	HEX NUT	1
49	MA0302522	PAN HEAD SCREW	1

Ribbon Assembly

ITEM NO.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QTY
51	PC0730100	SPRING (BACK)	1
52	MA0301821	PAN HEAD SCREW	1
53	PA0730200	HOLD PLATE	2
54	PA0680300	FRICTION WASHER	2
55	PE7720100	DISK PLATE (A)	1
57	PE1681100	GUIDE PLATE (B)	1
58	PR1730900	RIBBON BOSS	2
59	PA4690900	SPRING	8
60	MH0300521	PAN HEAD P TITE SCREW	8
62	PT2301020	OIL LESS METAL WASHER	2
63	PA0680400	DISK	2
64	PC1730100	SPRING	2
67	PE2730100	STOPPER COLLAR	2
68	PB5730100	ADJUST SCREW	2
69	MA0302522	PAN HEAD SCREW	2
72	PR1734000	PULLEY	1
74	PC0740200	SPRING (BACK)	1
76	MH0300821	PAN HEAD SCREW	1

10.5 Feed Roller Assembly



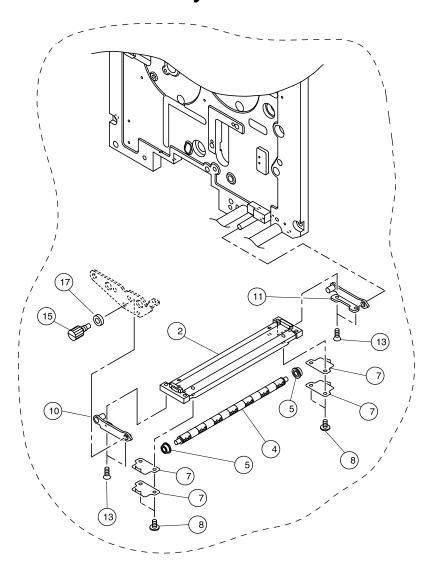
Feed Roller Assembly

ITEM NO	CODE	DESCRIPTION	OTV
ITEM NO.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QTY
2	PR4730100	PAPER GUIDE BRACKET	1
4	RH1731500	SEN7 CABLE	1
7	PA3730500	PCB BRACKET (C)	1
9	PA3730600	PCB BRACKET (D)	1
11	MC0300622	PAN HEAD SCREW	1
12	PA4730200	LIFT SPRING	1
13	MD4300622	PAN HEAD SCREW	1
14	MD4300622	PAN HEAD SCREW	2
16	RH1730900	SEN1 CABLE	1
18	PT9540500	SPACER	2
19	PA1730800	PCB PROTECTOR	1
20	MD4300822	PAN HEAD SCREW	2
22	PA3731500	PAPER GUIDE (L)	1
24	MJ9300622	THIN HEAD SCREW	1
26	PA3731600	SLIDE GUIDE	1
28	PE1730200	SLIDER	1
29	PA4730100	SLIDE SPRING	1
32	MA0301022	PAN HEAD SCREW	1
33	MT1300522	HEX NUT	1
35	PR0730100	PLATEN ROLLER	1
36	PB2730100	COLLAR	1
37	MJ1300424	HEX SOCKET SET SCREW	1
39	PT1112060	BALL SUPPORTER	1
40	PT1109050	BALL SUPPORTER	1
41	PA1730100	SUPPORTER CLAMP (B)	1
44	PL2720100	ADJUST COLLAR	1
45	MD4300822	PAN HEAD SCREW	1
46	PE8730200	PULLEY (24/36)	1
47	ND0040030	E-SNAP RING	1
49	PA3734600	PAPER GUIDE	1
51	PA3731100	PAPER LID (LOWER)	1
54	PA3734700	LID BR	1
56	PB0731000	SHAFT (LID)	1
57	PC2730200	SPRING (OPEN)	1
58	ND0020030	E-SNAP RING	2
L		!	

Feed Roller Assembly

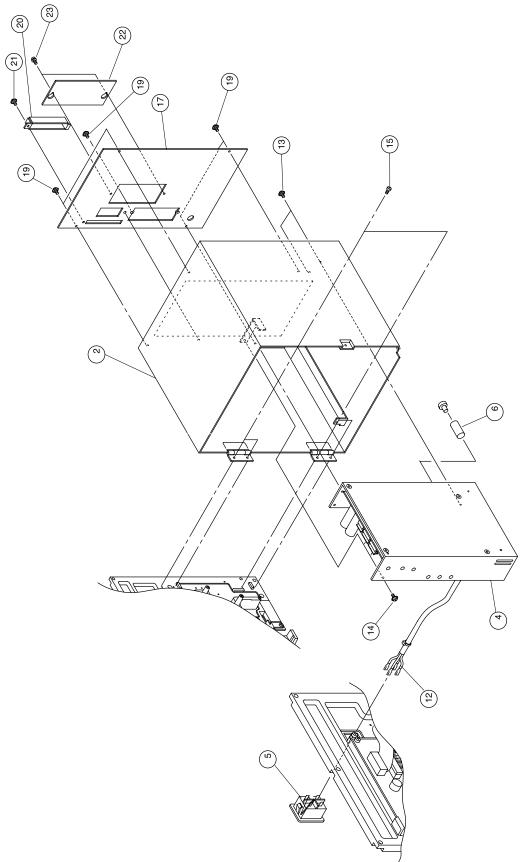
ITEM NO.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QTY
62	PA3731700	LATCH HANDLE	1
63	PB0730900	SHAFT (LATCH)	1
64	PC2730100	SPRING (LATCH)	1
66	ND0020030	E-SNAP RING	2
68	PA3731200	SENSOR BR (PITCH)	1
70	MD4300622	PAN HEAD SCREW	2
71	MJ9300622	THIN HEAD SCREW	2
72	RH1731000	SEN2 CABLE	1
75	MN0300624	HEX SOCKET SCREW	2
77	PA3731000	PAPER LID (UPPER)	1
79	MA0301022	PAN HEAD SCREW	2
80	MT1300522	HEX NUT	2
82	PE2730300	STOPPER COLLAR	2
83	PC1730300	SPRING (PRESSURE)	2
84	PA3731300	ROLLER BRACKET	1
85	MA0300422	PAN HEAD SCREW	2
93	PB0730800	SHAFT (PRESSURE ROLLER)	1
95	PE3720200	ROLLER	4
96	PE3720500	ROLLER	4
98	MC0300622	PAN HEAD SCREW	2
99	MN0300824	HEX SOCKET SCREW	2
100	MN0400824	HEX SOCKET SCREW	2
102	PA3732700	MICRO SWITCH BRACKET	1
103	MD3201221	PAN HEAD SCREW	2
104	PA1732300	NUT PLATE	1

10.6 Pressure Roller Assembly

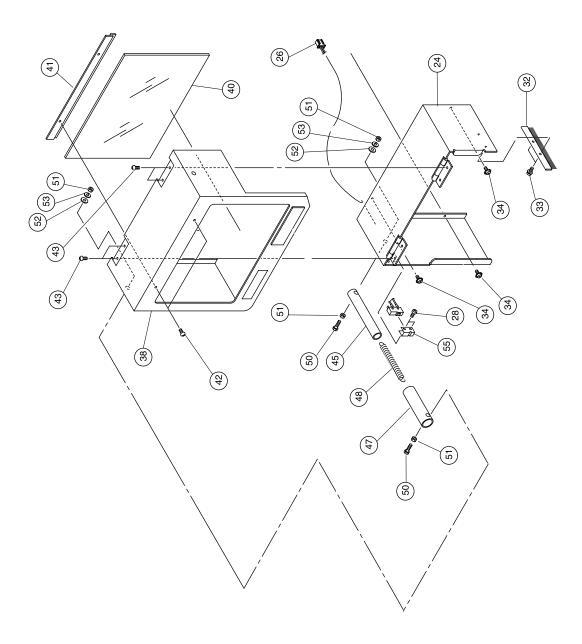


ITEM NO.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QTY
2	PL1730900	ROLLER HOLDER (PRESSURE)	1
4	PB0731800	PRESSURE ROLLER	1
5	PT1108040	BALL SUPPORTER	2
7	PA4730300	PLATE SPRING	4
8	MJ9300622	THIN HEAD SCREW	4
10	PR1732800	PLATE (HOLDER) (F)	1
11	PR1732900	PLATE (HOLDER) (R)	1
13	MA1300822	FLAT HEAD SCREW	4
15	PB0733601	SCREW (HOLDER)	1
17	PE2730600	COLLAR	1

10.7 Cover Assembly



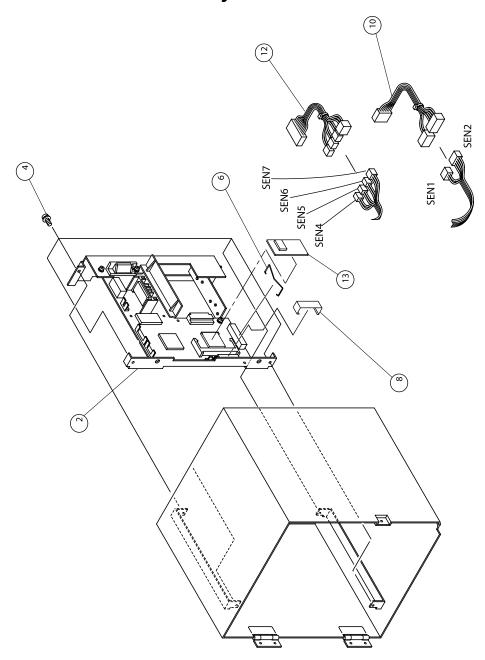
Cover Assembly



Cover Assembly

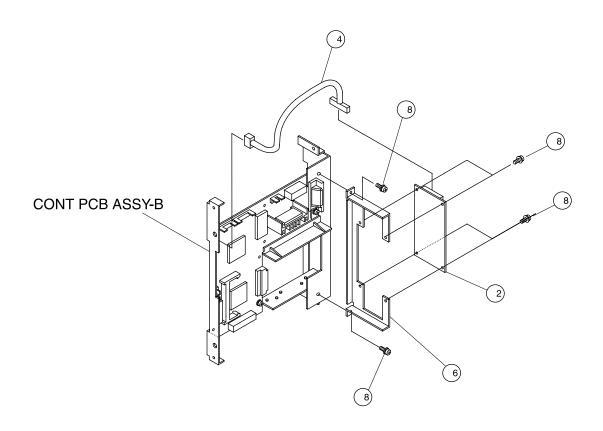
ITEM NO.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QTY
2	PH1731701	CLOSE COVER (A)	1
4	PR7730301	POWER SUPPLY	1
5	GA300161A	POWER SWITCH	1
6	HD100311A	FUSE	1
12	RH1730500	POW/SW CABLE	1
13	MC0301022	PAN HEAD SCREW	2
14	MC0401022	PAN HEAD SCREW	1
15	MC0301022	PAN HEAD SCREW	4
17	PH1732601	CLOSE COVER (B)	1
19	MC0300622	PAN HEAD SCREW	5
20	PH1732800	SUB COVER	1
21	MC0300622	PAN HEAD SCREW	1
22	PH1732000	CLOSE COVER (C)	1
23	MD4300822	PAN HEAD SCREW	2
24	PR1731000	COVER BRACKET	1
26	RH1730800	SEN6 CABLE	1
28	MA0200821	PAN HEAD SCREW	2
32	PR1340500	ANTI STATIC BRUSH	1
33	MD4300622	PAN HEAD SCREW	2
34	MC0301022	PAN HEAD SCREW	3
38	PH1730601	OPEN COVER (A)	1
40	PH2730100	OPEN COVER (B)	1
41	PH1730700	SET PLATE	1
42	MA7300625	TRUSS SCREW	2
43	MA7300625	TRUSS SCREW	4
45	PE6730300	SP CASE (A)	1
47	PE6730400	SP CASE (B)	1
48	PC0090300	SPRING (COVER)	1
50	PB0013700	SPRING SHAFT	2
51	MT3020621	HEX NUT	4
52	NA1060022	PLAIN WASHER	2
53	NB0060022	SPRING WASHER	2
55	PA6730300	COVER (SEN6)	1

10.8 Main PCB Assembly



ITEM NO.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QTY
2	RJ1733100	MAIN PCB ASSEMBLY	1
4	MD4300622	PAN HEAD SCREW	4
6	PC9730100	SPRING (LOCK)	1
8	PA3739900	CONNECTOR LOCK	1
10	RH1727300	PITCH SENSOR RELAY CODE SET	1
12	RH1735100	SENSOR RELAY CODE SET B	1
13	RJ7770200	MEMORY PCB ASSEMBLY	1

10.9 Check PCB Assembly



ITEM NO.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QTY
2	RJ4731200	CHECK PCB	1
4	RH4730000	CHECK CABLE SET	1
6	PA3736600	PCB BRACKET	1
8	MD4300822	PAN HEAD SCREW	6